

Product datasheet

anti-DDDDK-tag mouse monoclonal, AP1501, lyophilized, purified, large

Short overview

 Cat. No.
 910DDKL

 Quantity
 100 μg

Concentration 0.25 mg/ml after reconstitution with 400 µl PBS

Product description

HostMouseAntibody TypeMonoclonalIsotypeIgG2bCloneAP1501

ImmunogenRecombinant protein containing the sequence DDDDKFormulationLyophilized; reconstitute in 400 μl sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Conjugate Unconjugated

Purification Affinity chromatography

Storage before 2-8°C until indicated expiry date

reconstitution

Storage after -20°C (avoid freeze/thaw cycles)

reconstitution

Intended useResearch use onlyApplicationICC/IF, IP, WBReactivityDDDDK

Applications

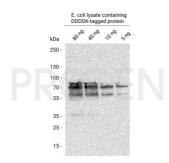
Immunocytochemistry (ICC)Assay dependentImmunoprecipitation (IP)Assay dependent

Western Blot (WB) 1:50,000-1:100,000 (0.005-0.0025 μg/ml)

Background

The monoclonal AP1501 antibody recognizes the amino acid sequence DDDDK (Flag). The DDDDK-tag is commonly added to recombinant proteins and can be used for detection or purification of the tagged protein.

Product images



Western blot analysis of E. coli lysate containing DDDDK-tagged protein with anti-DDDDK-tag antibody. Western blot analysis was performed on 80 ng, 40 ng or 10 ng of E. coli lysate containing DDDDK-tagged protein. Cells were lysed with SDS sample buffer. The PVDF membrane was blocked with 5% dry milk in PBST for 1 h at RT. The primary antibody anti-DDDDK-tag mouse monoclonal, AP1501 (Cat. No. 910DDKL) was diluted in blocking buffer (antibody concentration 0.005 μ g/ml) and incubated for 1 h at RT. The secondary antibody goat anti-mouse IgG polyclonal, HRP conjugate was also diluted in blocking buffer (antibody concentration 0.2 μ g/ml) and incubated for 1 h at RT. The bands were visualized by chemiluminescent detection using PierceTM ECL Western Blotting Substrate.