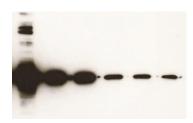


## Technical Info



# **Immunostaining** by HRP and AP

**Protocols** 

### Staining by Peroxidase (in Solution)

#### **Detection of peroxidase activity (Immunoassay):**

Dissolve 1 mg TMB (Art. No. 6350) in 0.1 ml dimethylsulfoxide (Art. No. 4720). Add 9.9 ml of a 0.1 M sodium acetate solution (pH 6.0) (Powder: Art. No. 6779), filter and add H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (Art. No. 8070) (final concentration 0.01 %).

#### Always prepare freshly!

Incubate 10-30 mins at room temperature (approx. 50 µl per microtitre well) finally add 50 µl 1 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Art. No. X873, per well

Photometric quantitation at 450 nm.

Reference: Bos, E.S. et al., (1981) J. Immunoassay 2:187.

## Staining by Alkalic Phosphatase (Precipitate)

#### Assay protocol for use of BCIP/NBT in immunoblot procedures:

Stock solutions (all solutions are stable for at least 1 year at 4 °C): 0.5 g NBT (Art. No. 4421) in 10 ml 70 % dimethylformamide (Art. No. T921); 0.5 g BCIP p-toluidine salt (Art. No. 6368) in 10 ml 100 % dimethylformamide. Incubation buffer for alkaline phosphatase:

100 mM NaCl, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>,100 mM Tris (pH 9.5).

#### Fresh substrate solution:

66 µl NBT stock solution + 10 ml incubation buffer, mix well, add 33 µl BCIP stock solution. Use within 1 hour.

#### **Blot development:**

Approx. 10 ml substrate solution per 15 x 15 cm<sup>2</sup> membrane surface. Develop at room temperature until bands become visible (approx. 30 mins).

#### Reaction stop:

Rinse with PBS/20 mM EDTA.





## Technical Info

#### **NBT / BCIP** Reaction Mechanisms

Alkalic phosphatase mediated reaction of 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolylphosphate (BCIP or X-Phosphate) and Nitroblue tetrazolium salt (NBT). By enzymatic dephosphorylation, BCIP is converted to indoxyl which subsequently tautomerises to the ketone. In basic pH values, this ketone dimerises, resulting in a weak blue colour. During dimerisation, the ketone also releases H+ ions, which reduce the colour enhancer NBT to purple-coloured diformazan. Both dyes precipitate in the direct vicinity of the phosphatase, hence staining this site in a dark violet.

BCIP: NBT:

gh 02/2020

