

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Silvosol**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Cleaner

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

(GB)

PRIMUS BEIER & Co. GmbH & Co. KG, Ruhpolding Strasse 5, 81825 München, Deutschland  
Telefon: +49 (0)89 43 25 64, Fax: +49 (0)89 4 31 01 21  
info@primus-beier.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

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**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+49 (0)89 43650063 (Mo. - Do. 8.00 - 16.00 Uhr, Fr. 8.00 - 14.00 Uhr)

Lieferant / Supplier:  
Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG  
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5  
76185 Karlsruhe, Germany  
+49 721 5606 0  
sicherheit@carlroth.de

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Carc.	2	H351-Suspected of causing cancer.
Repr.	2	H361d-Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Met. Corr.	1	H290-May be corrosive to metals.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**



Warning

H351-Suspected of causing cancer. H361d-Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H290-May be corrosive to metals.

P201-Obtain special instructions before use. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

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P308+P313-IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention. P390-Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Thiourea

## 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixtures

Thiourea	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	612-082-00-0
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	200-543-5
CAS	62-56-6
content %	5-<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361d Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Phosphoric acid	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	015-011-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	231-633-2
CAS	7664-38-2
content %	1-<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: >=25 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >=10 % Eye Dam. 1, H318: >=25 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >=10 %

(+)-tartaric acid	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	201-766-0
CAS	87-69-4
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

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First-aiders should ensure they are protected!  
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

### **Inhalation**

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

### **Skin contact**

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

### **Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

### **Ingestion**

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Symptomatic treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

#### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

High volume water jet

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Oxides of sulphur

Oxides of nitrogen

Oxides of phosphorus

Toxic gases

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

#### **6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel**

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.

Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.

Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

#### **6.1.2 For emergency responders**

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

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Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.

Flush residue using copious water.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

##### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Pregnant women should avoid contact with this product.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

##### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Do not store with alkalis.

Avoid contact with acid sensitive materials.

Store at room temperature.

Store in a dry place.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.

Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,

depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Chemical Name	Phosphoric acid		
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (WEL-TWA, EU)	WEL-STEL: 2 mg/m3 (WEL-STEL, EU)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- INSHT MTA/MA-019/A90 (Determination of inorganic acid anions in air)</li> <li>- OSHA ID-111 (Phosphoric Acid in Workplace Atmospheres)</li> <li>- OSHA ID-165SG (Acid Mist In Workplace Atmospheres) - 1985</li> </ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Glycerol		
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (mist)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

Phosphoric acid						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,73	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2	mg/m3	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,57	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	2,92	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10,7	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	

Glycerol						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,885	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,088	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1000	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	3,3	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,33	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,141	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	8,85	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	33	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	229	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	56	mg/m3	

(GB) - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |  
 | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |  
 | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).  
 (EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |  
 | Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE). |

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.  
 If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn. Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.  
 Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.  
 These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.  
 EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

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Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:  
 Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:  
 Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).  
 If applicable  
 Protective gloves made of butyl (EN ISO 374).  
 Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).  
 Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).  
 Protective PVC gloves (EN ISO 374).  
 Minimum layer thickness in mm:  
 0,5  
 Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:  
 480  
 The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.  
 The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.  
 Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:  
 Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:  
 If OES or MEL is exceeded.  
 Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white  
 Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:  
 Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.  
 In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.  
 Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.  
 Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.  
 Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.  
 In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.  
 The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	According to specification
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	~ 100 °C
Flammability:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	n.a.
Auto-ignition temperature:	440 °C
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Kinematic viscosity:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	1,06 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20°C)
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.

Particle characteristics:

Does not apply to liquids.

**9.2 Other information**

Explosives:

Product is not explosive.

Oxidising liquids:

No

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Product corrodes metals.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable with proper storage and handling.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Avoid contact with strong alkalis (exothermic reaction possible).

Avoid contact with certain metals e.g. aluminium (development of hydrogen gas possible).

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

None known

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Avoid contact with strong alkalis.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with certain metals e.g. aluminium.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No decomposition when used as directed.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Silvosol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Thiourea						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1750	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2800	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, diarrhoea, fever, joint pain, swelling of lymph nodes, gastrointestinal disturbances, muscle pains, nausea and vomiting.
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<b>Phosphoric acid</b>						
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2600	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	2740	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	1,689	mg/l/1h	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Human being	(Patch-Test)	Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	370-410	mg/kg		OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Not to be expected
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	>=500	mg/kg		OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	Not to be expected
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	250	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, vomiting, coughing, collapse, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, shock

**(+)-tartaric acid**



Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LDLo	7500	mg/g	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Mild irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Possible, Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitizing
Symptoms:						diarrhoea, heart/circulatory disorders, cornea opacity, stomach pain, mucous membrane irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Glycerol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	2000	mg/kg/d			Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	3,91	mg/l	Rat		(14d)
Aspiration hazard:						Negative
Symptoms:						abdominal pain, drowsiness, diarrhoea, vomiting, headaches, mucous membrane irritation, nausea

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

Silvosol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Silvosol							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Thiourea							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	35	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	3,8-10	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		34d	0	%		OECD 301 C (Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I))	Not biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		<10				
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	18h	1265	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		

Phosphoric acid							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	3,0 - 3,25	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,77				calculated value
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		270	mg/l	activated sludge		

(+)-tartaric acid							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0		200	mg/l	Carassius auratus		References
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	135	mg/l			References
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-1,00				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).
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<b>Glycerol</b>							
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	> 5000	mg/l	Carassius auratus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC5	72h	3200	mg/l			Entosiphon sulcatum
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50		2900	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		14d	63	%		OECD 301 C (Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I))	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD/COD		>60	%			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD5/COD		> 50	%			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC		>70	%			Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD5		0,87	g/g			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	COD		1,16	g/g			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-1,75			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC5	16h	> 10000	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be

allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

20 01 29 detergents containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.


Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.


## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements


#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	3264	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
UN 3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (PHOSPHORIC ACID)		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8	
14.4. Packing group:	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable	
Tunnel restriction code:	E	
Classification code:	C1	
LQ:	5 L	
Transport category:	3	

**Transport by sea (IMDG-code)**

14.1. UN number or ID number:	3264	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
UN 3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (PHOSPHORIC ACID)		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8	
14.4. Packing group:	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable	
Marine Pollutant:	Not applicable	
EmS:	F-A, S-B	

**Transport by air (IATA)**

14.1. UN number or ID number:	3264	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
UN 3264 Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (PHOSPHORIC ACID)		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8	
14.4. Packing group:	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable	

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 0 %

National rules/regulation for the compliance with maximum quantities with regard to phosphates and or phosphorous compounds must be observed and complied with.

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Revised sections: 1 - 16

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

**Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):**

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Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Carc. 2, H351	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Repr. 2, H361d	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Met. Corr. 1, H290	Classification based on test data.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

Repr. — Reproductive toxicity

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Met. Corr. — Substance or mixture corrosive to metals

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Skin Corr. — Skin corrosion

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

#### Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.

Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).

Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).

Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.

ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.

GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).

German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).

EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.

National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

#### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

EC European Community  
 ECHA European Chemicals Agency  
 ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect  
 EEC European Economic Community  
 EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances  
 ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances  
 EN European Norms  
 EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)  
 ErCx, EµCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)  
 etc. et cetera  
 EU European Union  
 EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer  
 Fax. Fax number  
 gen. general  
 GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 GWP Global warming potential  
 Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil  
 Kow octanol-water partition coefficient  
 IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA International Air Transport Association  
 IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)  
 IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
 incl. including, inclusive  
 IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database  
 IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry  
 LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
 LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)  
 Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil  
 Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient  
 LQ Limited Quantities  
 MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
 mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight  
 mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day  
 mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight  
 mg/kg wwt mg/kg wet weight  
 n.a. not applicable  
 n.av. not available  
 n.c. not checked  
 n.d.a. no data available  
 NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)  
 NLP No-longer-Polymer  
 NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level  
 OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
 org. organic  
 OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)  
 PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
 PE Polyethylene  
 PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 ppm parts per million  
 PVC Polyvinylchloride  
 REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
 REACH-IT List-No. 6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
 RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
 SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
 Tel. Telephone  
 TOC Total organic carbon  
 UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
 VOC Volatile organic compounds  
 vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.  
 No responsibility.

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