acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979 Version: GHS 4.0 en Revision: 2024-03-03

Replaces version of: 2022-08-03

Version: (GHS 3)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **4-Aminobenzoic acid** ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

Article number 0979

CAS number 150-13-0 Alternative name(s) Vitamin B₁₀

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Isolated intermediate

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr, 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Label elements 2.2

Labelling

not required

Australia (en) Page 1 / 12



date of compilation: 2016-11-30

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

Name of substance 4-Aminobenzoic acid

Molecular formula $C_7H_7NO_2$ Molar mass 137.1 ^g/_{mol} CAS No 150-13-0

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant effects

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed 4.3

none

Australia (en) Page 2 / 12



2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Control of dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

Australia (en) Page 3 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

humidity, UV-radiation/sunlight, contact with air/oxygen

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			ï	WES

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Ceiling-C

Inhalable fraction

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) TWA

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels Threshold Endpoint Used in Protection goal, **Exposure time** level route of exposure DNFI 10.58 mg/m³ human, inhalatory chronic - systemic effects worker (industry) DNEL 12 mg/kg bw/ human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects day

Australia (en) Page 4 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0.034 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.003 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	48.7 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.115 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.011 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Australia (en) Page 5 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form powder, crystalline Colour whitish yellow

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 187 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 307.5 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point 171 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature 285 °C

pH (value) 3.5 (in aqueous solution: 5 ^g/_l, 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility $6.11 \, ^{9}/_{1}$ at 30 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 0.96 (25 °C) (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 0 Pa at 25 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $1.37 \, {}^{9}/_{\text{cm}^3}$ at 20 °C (ECHA)

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Bulk density ~200 kg/_{m³}

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

Australia (en) Page 6 / 12



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics: There is no add

There is no additional information.

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.2 Chemical stability

Reactivity if exposed to light. Reactivity if exposed to air.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 285 °C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

_			•	• .
Δc	ute	to.	VIC	111
\neg	a cc	LU	\sim 1 \sim	ILV

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>6,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Australia (en) Page 7 / 12



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

causes slight to moderate irritation

If inhaled

Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system

If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

Other information

Other adverse effects: Headache, Dyspnoea, Cardiac arrhythmias, Blood pressure drop, Spasms, Methaemoglobinaemia, Cyanosis (blue coloured blood)

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	1,041 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 1.633 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 2.1 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2.246 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 12



Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979

Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	82 %	28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0.96 (25 °C) (ECHA)
---------------------------	---------------------

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
		not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

Australia (en) Page 9 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

Australia (en) Page 10 / 12



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979

Legend

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA **Toxic Substance Control Act**

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADDI.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
РВТ	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Australia (en) Page 11 / 12



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Aminobenzoic acid ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 0979



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 12 / 12