acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K date of compilation: 2022-07-18 Version: 2.0 en Revision: 2024-03-02

Replaces version of: 2022-07-18

Version: (1)



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Tin(II)chloride dihydrate** ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

Article number 1T5K

EC number 231-868-0 CAS number 10025-69-1

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal

feedingstuffs.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

United Kingdom (en) Page 1 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K





Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.45	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling

Signal word	Danger
-------------	--------

Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07, GHS08



Hazard statements

H290	May be corrosive to metals
H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs (cardiovascular system) the

) through prolonged or re-

peated exposure (if swallowed)

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection P280

United Kingdom (en) Page 2 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Precautionary statements - response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower]

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Tin(II)chloride dihydrate

Molecular formula $\text{Cl}_2\text{Sn} \cdot 2 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ Molar mass $225,6 \,^{9}\text{/}_{\text{mol}}$ CAS No 10025-69-1 EC No 231-868-0

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
-	-	1.910 ^{mg} / _{kg} 2 ^{mg} / _l /4h	oral inhalation: dust/ mist

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

United Kingdom (en) Page 3 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritation, Allergic reactions, Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

United Kingdom (en) Page 4 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Other information relating to spills and releases

patible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

contaminated areas thoroughly.

7.2

Observe hints for combined storage.

humidity, contact with air/oxygen

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

ently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

United Kingdom (en) Page 5 / 17



Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections 6.4

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incom-

7.1

Handle and open container with care. Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Clear

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Hygroscopic solid.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Protect against external exposure, such as

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be perman-

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: 1T5K



Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
GB	dust		WEL	10			i	EH40/2005
GB	dust		WEL	4			r	EH40/2005

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

Respirable fraction

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

dav

minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) TWA

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels Threshold **Endpoint Used in Protection goal, Exposure time** route of exposure DNEL 1 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects DNEL 2,01 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) acute - systemic effects DNEL 12,84 mg/m³ acute - local effects human, inhalatory worker (industry) **DNEL** 0,34 mg/kg bw/ human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects ďay human, dermal DNEL 0,69 mg/kg bw/ worker (industry) acute - systemic effects

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels							
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time			
PNEC	0,8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	51,37 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)			

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection

United Kingdom (en) Page 6 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,3 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid
Colour white
Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 37 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 623 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable

United Kingdom (en) Page 7 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 2 (in aqueous solution: 100 g/_I, 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 1.187 ^g/_l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure 3,3 kPa at 429 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $2,71 \, \mathrm{g/_{cm^3}}$

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Bulk density $\sim 1.250 \, \text{kg/m}^3$

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Corrosive to metals category 1: corrosive to metals

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

10.2 Chemical stability

Moisture-sensitive. Hygroscopic solid.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Ethylene oxide, Hydrazine, Strong alkali, Hydrogen peroxide

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Humidity. Contact with air/oxygen.

10.5 Incompatible materials

United Kingdom (en) Page 8 / 17



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K

different metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute	t٥	vicity
Acute	ιu	XILILV

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	1.910 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	anhydrous	OECD 423
oral	LD50	2.275 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	anhydrous	ECHA
inhalation: dust/ mist	LC50	2 ^{mg} / _l /4h	monkey	anhydrous	OECD 436

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (cardiovascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	cardiovascular system	if swallowed

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

United Kingdom (en) Page 9 / 17



number: 115K

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

If inhaled

ised redness

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

There is no additional information.

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	50 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

United Kingdom (en) Page 10 / 17



If swallowed

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, local-

Other information

Other adverse effects: Cardiovascular system

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

11.3 Information on other hazards

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	50 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

- irritant skin irritation and eye damage
- HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity
- HP 6 acute toxicity
- HP8 corrosive
- HP 13 sensitising
 HP 14 ecotoxic

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 3260
IMDG-Code	UN 3260
ICAO-TI	UN 3260

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate Technical name

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8

United Kingdom (en) Page 11 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



ADRRID II

IMDG-Code II

ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the transport document UN3260, CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC,

N.O.S., (Tin(II)chloride dihydrate), 8, II, (E)

Classification code C2

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 kg

Transport category (TC) 2

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) E

Hazard identification No 80

Emergency Action Code 2X

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code C2

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 kg

Transport category (TC) 2

Hazard identification No 80

United Kingdom (en) Page 12 / 17



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Proper shipping name CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3260, CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC,

N.O.S., (Tin(II)chloride dihydrate), 8, II

Marine pollutant

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 274
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 kg

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category B

Segregation group 1 - Acids

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3260, Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.,

(Tin(II)chloride dihydrate), 8, II

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

5 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/	18/EU (Seveso III)		
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
	not assigned		

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	0 %

United Kingdom (en) Page 13 / 17



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC co	ntent	0 %

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Tin(II)chloride dihydrate	Metals and their compounds		a)	

Legend

a)

Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

not listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed

United Kingdom (en) Page 14 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Country	Inventory	Status
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS ECSI Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemical Substances
KECI National Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.
REACH Reg.
Taiwan Chemical Substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)

United Kingdom (en) Page 15 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

United Kingdom (en) Page 16 / 17

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Tin(II)chloride dihydrate ≥98 %, Ph. Eur.

article number: 1T5K



List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs (cardiovascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom (en) Page 17 / 17