acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

date of compilation: 2023-02-28 article number: 1YXX Version: GHS 1.0 en

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in

isooctane, 10 μg/ml

Article number 1YXX

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Australia (en) Page 1 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Isooctane, Polychlorobiphenyls (PCB)

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Australia (en) Page 2 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 µg/ml

article number: 1YXX

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Isooctane	CAS No 540-84-1	99 - < 100	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		
Polychlorobiphenyls (PCB)	CAS No 1336-36-3	< 0.01	STOT RE 2 / H373		

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs. Call a physician immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Drowsiness, Dizziness, Narcosis,

Following skin contact: Irritation, After eye contact: Irritant effects, Following ingestion: Aspiration hazard

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

Australia (en) Page 3 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

ROTH

PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a cool place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

Australia (en) Page 5 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture									
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time			
Isooctane	540-84-1	DNEL	2,035 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects			
Isooctane	540-84-1	DNEL	773 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects			

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,3 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Australia (en) Page 6 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

ROTH

PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 µg/ml

article number: 1YXX

Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour like: - Gasoline

Melting point/freezing point -107 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

99.2 °C at 1,013 hPa

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 45 g/m³ (LEL) - 290 g/m³ (UEL) /

1 võl% (LEL) - 6 vol% (UEL)

Flash point -12 °C

Auto-ignition temperature 418 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and

gases))

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) not determined
Kinematic viscosity not determined

Dynamic viscosity 0.5 mPa s at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (poorly soluble (1 till < 10 mg/l))

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure 28 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.69 \, ^{9}/_{\text{cm}^3}$ at 15 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Relative vapour density 3.9 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

Australia (en) Page 7 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 µg/ml

article number: 1YXX

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Maximum explosion pressure

There is no additional information.

9 bar

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Isooctane	540-84-1	oral	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Isooctane	540-84-1	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>33.52 ^{mg} / _l / 4h	rat

Australia (en) Page 8 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Isooctane	540-84-1	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

causes slight to moderate irritation

• If inhaled

drowsiness, dizziness, fatigue, narcosis

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Isooctane	540-84-1	LL50	18.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Isooctane	540-84-1	LC50	0.11 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Isooctane	540-84-1	EC50	0.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Isooctane	540-84-1	EL50	2.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Isooctane	540-84-1	EL50	1.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Isooctane	540-84-1	EC50	0.23 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Isooctane	540-84-1	oxygen deple- tion	61.81 %	70 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Isooctane	540-84-1	231	4.08	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 1262
IMDG-Code	UN 1262
ICAO-TI	UN 1262

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	OCTANES
IMDG-Code	OCTANES
ICAO-TI	Octanes

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic	Isooctane
environment):	

Australia (en) Page 11 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

ROTH

PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 µg/ml

article number: 1YXX

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1262 Class 3

Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3

Fish and tree

3

Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ)

ÜÑ RTDG

Emergency Action Code 3YE

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name OCTANES

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1262, OCTANES, 3, II, -12°C c.c., MARINE POL-

LUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (P) (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"





Special provisions (SP) -

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-E

Stowage category B

Australia (en) Page 12 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Octanes

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1262, Octanes, 3, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

3 Danger label(s)



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2 Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	not all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE"

Legend

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China AIIC

CICR CSCL-ENCS

IECSC

Australia (en) Page 13 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

Legend

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causin 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50 of the test organisms	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United N tions	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality durin specified time interval	
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)	
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality	

Australia (en) Page 14 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



PCBs Standard Solution ROTI®Star 7 PCBs in isooctane, 10 μg/ml

article number: 1YXX

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 15 / 15