acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Size exclusion chromatography columns ROTI®Dex-25 Superfine FPLC

date of compilation: 2023-10-31 article number: 21C6 Version: GHS 1.0 en

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance Size exclusion chromatography columns

ROTI®Dex-25 Superfine FPLC

Article number

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### **Emergency telephone number** 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid		Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.3	3.3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation		Eye Irrit. 2A	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 **Label elements**

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## Labelling

Signal word Warning

## **Pictograms**

GHS02, GHS07



## **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour H319 Causes serious eye irritation

## **Precautionary statements**

## **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

## **Precautionary statements - response**

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

## **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

## **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

#### 2.3 Other hazards

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

## **Description of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Ethanol	CAS No 64-17-5	< 20	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319	<u>(4)</u>	
	EC No 200-578-6				

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

No special measures are necessary.

## Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

## Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

## **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting, Irritation

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ )

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

## **Hazardous combustion products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

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## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



## For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

## Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

## Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

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## **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

## Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

## **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

## Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

## **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	ethyl alcohol (ethan- ol)	64-17-5	WES	1,00 0	1,880						WES

## Notation

**TWA** 

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-Ceiling-C STEL

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

## **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

## Skin protection





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## hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

## type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### material thickness

0,5 mm

## breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

## • Splash protection - Protective gloves

• type of material: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness: 0,3 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material: >120 minutes (permeation: level 4)

## other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

## **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

## **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour not determined

Odour like: - alcohol

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined Flash point 38-43 °C (c.c.)

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Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant
pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density  $\sim 1 \, {}^{9}/_{\text{cm}^3}$  at 20  ${}^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

## If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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## 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

## **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

## **Acute toxicity of components**

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Ethanol	64-17-5	oral	LD50	10,470 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Ethanol	64-17-5	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	124.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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#### If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

## • If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation, causes slight to moderate irritation

## • If inhaled

Data are not available.

## • If on skin

Data are not available.

#### Other information

none

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

## Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Ethanol	64-17-5	LC50	15,400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Ethanol	64-17-5	EC50	>10,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Ethanol	64-17-5	ErC50	22,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h

## Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Ethanol	64-17-5	LC50	1,806 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	10 d
Ethanol	64-17-5	ErC50	675 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	4 d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

## **Degradability of components**

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Ethanol	64-17-5	biotic/abiotic	94 %	d		
Ethanol	64-17-5	oxygen deple- tion	69 %	5 d		ECHA
Ethanol	64-17-5	oxygen deple- tion	84 %	10 d		ECHA
Ethanol	64-17-5	oxygen deple- tion	97 %	20 d		ECHA

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## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential of components**

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Ethanol	64-17-5		-0.31	0.6211

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

## Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

## Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H3** Flammable liquids

## 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not assigned
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	not assigned
14.4	Packing group	not assigned
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

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## 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments 14.7

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

ATTC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) CSCL-ENCS

**IECSC** 

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals INSQ KECI NZIoC

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Legend

PICCS REACH Reg. Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) REACH Registered substances TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TCSI TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations				
BCF	Bioconcentration factor				
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand				
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)				
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value				
COD	Chemical oxygen demand				
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)				
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval				
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)				
ED	Endocrine disruptor				
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances				
ELINCS	NCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances				
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control				
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye				
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye				
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid				
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations				
IATA	International Air Transport Association				
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)				
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization				
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code				
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval				
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval				
log KOW	n-Octanol/water				
NLP	No-Longer Polymer				
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic				

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ppm	Parts per million
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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