acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964 date of compilation: 2019-07-04 Version: GHS 3.0 en Revision: 2021-08-16

Replaces version of: 2020-01-22

Version: (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) Identification of the substance

ROTI(R)Calipure

Article number 2964

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Page 1 / 16 Australia (en)

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Isooctane, n-Dodecane

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Australia (en) Page 2 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Isooctane	CAS No 540-84-1	≥50	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		C(a)
n-Dodecane	CAS No 112-40-3	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 EUH066	\$	

Notes

C(a): Mixture of isomers

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Irritation, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

Australia (en) Page 3 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

ROTH

Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 5 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Isooctane	540-84-1	DNEL	2,035 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Isooctane	540-84-1	DNEL	773 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	PNEC	0.96 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	PNEC	0.93 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	PNEC	14 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	PNEC	2 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	PNEC	2 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	PNEC	0.81 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

Australia (en) Page 6 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour characteristic

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 99.2 °C at 1,013 hPa

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 45 g/m³ - 290 g/m³ /

0.6 vol% - 6.5 vol%

not relevant

Flash point -12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature 200 °C

pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility not determined

Partition coefficient

Decomposition temperature

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Australia (en) Page 7 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Vapour pressure 15 hPa at 20 °C

Density 0.7033 ^g/_{cm³} at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Australia (en) Page 8 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	
Isooctane	540-84-1	oral	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	
Isooctane	540-84-1	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>33.52 ^{mg} / _l / 4h	rat	
Isooctane	540-84-1	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit	
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	≥6,100 ^{mg} / _{m³} / 4h	rat	
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	oral	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	≥6,100 ^{mg} / _{m³} / 4h	rat	
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	dermal	LD50	≥3,160 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

• If inhaled

fatigue, narcosis

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

Other information

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Isooctane	540-84-1	LL50	18.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Isooctane	540-84-1	LC50	0.11 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Isooctane	540-84-1	EC50	0.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Isooctane	540-84-1	EL50	2.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	LL50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	fish	24 h
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	LC50	>0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	EC50	0.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	EL50	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Isooctane	540-84-1	EL50	1.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Isooctane	540-84-1	EC50	0.23 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

12.2 Process of degradability

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Isooctane	540-84-1	oxygen deple- tion	61.81 %	70 d		ECHA

Australia (en) Page 10 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Degradability of component	s of the	mixture
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Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	oxygen deple- tion	7.3 %	4 d		ECHA
n-Dodecane	112-40-3	carbon dioxide generation	0 %	3 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Isooctane	540-84-1	231	4.08	
n-Dodecane	112-40-3		6.98 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

Australia (en) Page 11 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN

1262

IMDG-Code UN 1262

ICAO-TI UN 1262

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG OCTANES IMDG-Code OCTANES

ICAO-TI Octanes

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

3 **UN RTDG**

IMDG-Code 3

ICAO-TI 3

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG II IMDG-Code II

ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment):

Isooctane

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1262

Class 3

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group II

Danger label(s)

Fish and tree



Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Australia (en) Page 12 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name OCTANES

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1262, OCTANES, 3, II, -12°C c.c., MARINE POL-

LUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (P) (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Isooctane)

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"





Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-E

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Octanes

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1262, Octanes, 3, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtureThere is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

National inventories

Australia (en) Page 13 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toyic Substance Control Act

Toxic Substance Control Act

Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Narcotic effects.	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes

Australia (en) Page 14 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	contains: Isooctane, n-Dodecane		yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

Australia (en) Page 15 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Density standard 0,7033 g/ml (20 °C) ROTI(R)Calipure

article number: 2964

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 16 / 16