according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998 date of compilation: 19.06.2019

Version: **3.1 en** Revision: 24.06.2022 Replaces version of: 23.06.2022

Version: (3)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volu-

metric standard solution

Article number 2998

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

2.1

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H312
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.8R	3.8R Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)		STOT SE 3	H335
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

Page 1 / 23 Malta (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS06, GHS08







Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs (kidney, liver, central nervous system) through
	prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower]

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)







Malta (en) Page 2 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P301+P310

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine contains:

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 **Mixtures**

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Xylene (isomers)	CAS No 1330-20-7 EC No 215-535-7 Index No 601-022-00-9 REACH Reg. No 01-2119488216- 32-xxxx	> 95	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 2 / H373 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		C(a) GHS-HC IOELV
Dibutylamine	CAS No 111-92-2 EC No 203-921-8 Index No 612-049-00-0	< 2,5	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 2 / H330 Skin Corr. 1A / H314		GHS-HC

Notes

C(a): Mixture of isomers
GHS-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to 1272/

2008/EC, Annex VI)
Substance with a community indicative occupational exposure limit value IOELV:

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Xylene (isomers)	CAS No 1330-20-7 EC No 215-535-7 Index No 601-022-00-9	-	-	1.100 ^{mg} / _{kg} 11 ^{mg} / _l /4h	dermal inhalation: va- pour

Malta (en) Page 3 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Dibutylamine	CAS No 111-92-2 EC No 203-921-8 Index No 612-049-00-0	-	-	550 ^{mg} / _{kg} 768 ^{mg} / _{kg} 2 ^{mg} / _I /4h	oral dermal inhalation: va- pour

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea, Headache, Dizziness, Vertigo, Unconsciousness, Nausea, Vomiting, Aspiration hazard

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

Malta (en) Page 4 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Malta (en) Page 5 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. When using do not smoke.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

Specific end use(s) 7.3

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
EU	xylene	1330-20- 7	IOELV	50	221	100	442			Н	2000/39/ EC
MT	xylene, mixture of isomers	1330-20- 7	OELV	50	221	100	442			H	CAP. 424

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Absorbed through the skin

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-STEL

minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) **TWA**

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture										
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time				
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	DNEL	221 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				

Malta (en) Page 6 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture										
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time				
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	DNEL	442 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects				
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	DNEL	221 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects				
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	DNEL	442 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects				
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	DNEL	212 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	DNEL	29 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	DNEL	29 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects				
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	DNEL	29 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects				
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	DNEL	29 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects				

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	PNEC	0,327 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	PNEC	0,327 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	PNEC	6,58 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	PNEC	12,46 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	PNEC	12,46 ^{mg} /	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	PNEC	2,31 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	PNEC	0,084 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	PNEC	0,008 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	PNEC	149,5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	PNEC	11,4 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	PNEC	1,14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	PNEC	2,23 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

Malta (en) Page 7 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

FKM: fluoro-elastomer

material thickness

0,4 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Malta (en) Page 8 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour characteristic

Melting point/freezing point -47,8 °C at 1.013 hPa

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

139,1 °C at 1.013 hPa

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 40 g/m³ (LEL) - 340 g/m³ (UEL) /

0,6 vol% (LEL) - 7 vol% (UÈL)

Flash point 27 °C at 1.013 hPa

Auto-ignition temperature 463 °C

Decomposition temperature not relevant pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (practically insoluble)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure 8,21 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.86 \, \mathrm{g/cm^3}$

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics:

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

Maximum permissible surface temperature on

the equipment: 450°C

Malta (en) Page 9 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Nitric acid, Sulphur, Sulphuric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	dermal	1.100 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	oral	550 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	dermal	768 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Dibutylamine	111-92-2 inhalation: vapour		2 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Malta (en) Page 10 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	29 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	oral	LD50	3.523 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	oral	LD50	550 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	dermal	LD50	768 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (kidney, liver, central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	kidney	if exposed
2	liver	if exposed
2	central nervous system	if exposed

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, nausea, aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

• If inhaled

vertigo, dizziness, unconsciousness, headache, Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

Malta (en) Page 11 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

• If on skin

causes skin irritation, risk of absorption via the skin

Other information

Other adverse effects: Liver and kidney damage

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	LC50	2,6 ^{mg} / _l	rainbow trout	96 h	
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	ErC50	4,7 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h	
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	LC50	5,5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h	
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	ErC50	16,91 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h	

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	EC50	2,2 ^{mg} / _l	algae	73 h

Biodegradation

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

12.2 Process of degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Xylene (iso- mers)	1330-20-7	oxygen deple- tion	98 %	28 d		ECHA
Dibutylamine	111-92-2	oxygen deple- tion	95 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Malta (en) Page 12 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Xylene (isomers)	1330-20-7	>5,5 - <12,2	3,15 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
Dibutylamine	111-92-2		2,1 (pH value: 12, 23 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR UN 1992 IMDG-Code UN 1992 ICAO-TI UN 1992

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. IMDG-Code FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

Malta (en) Page 13 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

ICAO-TI

	ICAO-TI	Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
	Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADR	3 (6.1)
	IMDG-Code	3 (6.1)
	ICAO-TI	3 (6.1)
14.4	Packing group	
	ADR	III
	IMDG-Code	III

III

14.6 Special precautions for user

14.5 Environmental hazards

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

information	
Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the transport document UN1992, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.,

(contains: Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine), 3 (6.1),

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

III, (D/E)

Classification code FT1
Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 274, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
Transport category (TC) 3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 36

Malta (en) Page 14 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1992, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.,

(contains: Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine), 3 (6.1),

III, 27°C c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 3+6.1



Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1992, Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s., (contains:

Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine), 3 (6.1), III

R75

75

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) A3
Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 2 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII) Name acc. to inventory **CAS No** Restriction Name of substance No Dibutylamine in xylene this product meets the criteria for R3 3 classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC flammable / pyrophoric R40 40 Dibutylamine flammable / pyrophoric R40 40 Xylene (isomers)

substances in tattoo inks and perman-

ent make-up

Legend

R3 1. Shall not be used in:

Xylene (isomers)

Malta (en) Page 15 / 23

⁻ ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in orna-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Legend

mental lamps and ashtrays, - tricks and jokes,

- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
- Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
 Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume,
- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
- 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation
- (CEN).
 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
- ments are met:
 (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
 (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
 (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.'

 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in accepted dispenses where those accepted dispenses where the contract of the dispenses where the contract dispenses accepted dispenses accepted dispenses w

- R40 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
 - - artificial snow and frost,

 - 'whoopee' cushions,- silly string aerosols,- imitation excrement,
 - horns for parties,
 - decorative flakes and foams,
 - artificial cobwebs,
 - stink hombs
 - 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:
 - 'For professional users only'.
 - 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
 - 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

Page 16 / 23 Malta (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Legend

R75

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:

(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category

1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight; (b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:

(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator

(ií) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;

(f) (o, 1 % by Weight, in all other cases, (e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (*1), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight; (f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:

(i) "Rinse-off products";
(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";

(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column; (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concen-

(n) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:
(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of apthat it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the

amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";

(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Imputitive that he regarded as ingredients. If the name of purities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation; (d) the additional statement "PH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1; (e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit conceins an expensive 12:

tion limit specified in Appendix 13

(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13; (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.

The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this paragraph. 8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for

tattooing purposes.

Page 17 / 23 Malta (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Legend

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 $^{\circ}$ C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

None of the ingredients are listed.

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity plication of lower a quiren		Notes	
H2	acute toxic (cat. 2 + cat. 3, inhal.)	50	200	41)	

Notation

- Category 2, all exposure routes - category 3, inhalation exposure route

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
-------------	-------

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
-------------	-------

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Pollutant release and transfer registers (PRTR) Name of substance **CAS No Remarks** Threshold for releases to air (kg/year) Xylene (isomers) 1330-20-7 (17)(11)

- Single pollutants are to be reported if the threshold for BTEX (the sum parameter of benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, xylenes) is exceeded
- Total mass of xylene (ortho-xylene, meta-xylene, para-xylene)

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

Page 18 / 23 Malta (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

List of pollutants (WFD) Name of substance **CAS No** Listed in **Remarks** Name acc. to inventory Xylene (isomers) Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to possess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrinerelated functions in or via the aquatic environment

Legend

A) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation on drug precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

none of the ingredients are listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Malta (en) Page 19 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Legend

AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

CSCL-ENCS
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

TCSI TSCA

Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Dibutylamine, Xylene (isomers)	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine	yes
2.2	contains: Dibutylamine, Xylene (isomers)	contains: Xylene (isomers), Dibutylamine	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2000/39/EC	Commission Directive establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)

Malta (en) Page 20 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAP. 424	Occupational Health and Safety Authority Act (CAP. 424)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an ident fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 lethality during a specified time interval

Malta (en) Page 21 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Alabar	Descriptions of read abbreviations
Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.

Malta (en) Page 22 / 23

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Dibutylamine in xylene 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 2998

Code	Text
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs (kidney, liver, central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated expos- ure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Malta (en) Page 23 / 23