according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Acetic acid isopropenyl ester ≥98 %, for synthesis

article number: 3012 date of compilation: 2016-02-24 Version: 3.0 en Revision: 2024-03-01

Replaces version of: 2021-12-02

Version: (2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Acetic acid isopropenyl ester ≥98 %, for syn-

thesis

3012 Article number

It is not required to list the identified uses be-Registration number (REACH)

cause the substance is not subject to registration

according to REACH (< 1 t/a).

EC number 203-562-7 CAS number 108-22-5

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data
Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	Dublin 9	+353 1 809 2166	https:// www.poisons.ie/

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07





Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking

P233 Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary statements - response

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)





H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Acetic acid isopropenyl ester

Molecular formula $C_5H_8O_2$ Molar mass $100,1~^g/_{mol}$ CAS No 108-22-5

EC No 203-562-7

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

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Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a cool place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

Human health values

Relevant DNE	Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels					
Endpoint Threshold level		Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
DNEL	42 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects		
DNEL	42 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
DNEL	42 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects		
DNEL	6 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		

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Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0,21 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
PNEC	0,021 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,002 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	31 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,195 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,019 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,026 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

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other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless - clear

Odour odourless
Melting point/freezing point -93 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 96,8 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 66 g/m³ (LEL) - 415 g/m³ (UEL) /

1,8 vol% (LEL) - 10 vol% (UEL)

Flash point 8,5 °C at 95,6 kPa (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature 411 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 3 (in aqueous solution: $34 \, {}^{9}/_{1}$, $20 \, {}^{\circ}$ C)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 34 ^g/_l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 1,28 (TOXNET)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 0,94 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 23 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.92 \, {}^{9}/_{\text{cm}^3}$ at 20 °C (ECHA)

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Relative vapour density 3,46 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics:

Maximum explosion pressure 9,9 bar

Surface tension $71.5^{\text{ mN}}/_{\text{m}}$ (20 °C) (ECHA)

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

Maximum permissible surface temperature on

the equipment: 300°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

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Acute toxicity						
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source	
oral	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA	
inhalation: vapour	LC50	>22 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat		ECHA	
dermal	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

• If inhaled

headache, Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

Data are not available.

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

11.3 Information on other hazards

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There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	29 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	24 h
EC50	34,87 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	24 h
ErC50	>85,8 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	29 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	24 h
EC50	5.000 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	ECHA	30 min

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1,918 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,198 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	37 %	2 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1,28 (TOXNET)
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12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	0,94 (ECHA)
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP3 flammable

HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number or ID number

IMDG-Code

ICAO-TI

14.1	ON Humber of 1D humber	
	ADRRID	UN 2403
	IMDG-Code	UN 2403
	ICAO-TI	UN 2403
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	ADRRID	ISOPROPENYL ACETATE
	IMDG-Code	ISOPROPENYL ACETATE
	ICAO-TI	Isopropenyl acetate
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADRRID	3
	IMDG-Code	3
	ICAO-TI	3
14.4	Packing group	
	ADRRID	II

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II

II

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name ISOPROPENYL ACETATE

Particulars in the transport document UN2403, ISOPROPENYL ACETATE, 3, II, (D/E)

Classification code F1
Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 33

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code F1

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Hazard identification No 33

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ISOPROPENYL ACETATE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2403, ISOPROPENYL ACETATE, 3, II, 8,5°C c.c.

Marine pollutant Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

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Excepted quantities (EQ) F2 Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Isopropenyl acetate

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2403, Isopropenyl acetate, 3, II

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2 Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Acetic acid isopropenyl ester	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Acetic acid isopropenyl ester	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

Legend

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

tricks and jokes,

- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.

 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume,
- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and

- present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
 Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation
- (CEN).
 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
- (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';

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Legend

R40 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,

- artificial snow and frost,
- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
 decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.
- 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.
- 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity plication of lower a quiren		Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000	50.000	51)

Notation

Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	920 ⁹ / _I

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	920 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

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Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
National Chemical Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH registered substances

CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC INSQ KECI

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory TCSI TSCA

Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Addition- al information	yes
14.8		Classification code: F1	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 3	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E2	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 1 L	yes
14.8		Transport category (TC): 2	yes
14.8		Hazard identification No: 33	yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % , 920 ⁹ / _I	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 920 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	

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Acetic acid isopropenyl ester ≥98 %, for synthesis

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ECSO Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECSO corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-Ist) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) ED Endocrine disruptor EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EMS Emergency Schedule ErCSO = ECSO: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbCSO) or growth rate (ErCSO) relative to the control GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LCSO Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) Voc Volatile Organic Compounds	0 la la u	Descriptions of read abbreviations	
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EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances Ems Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-II Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
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ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EmS Emergency Schedule ErC50	EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ErC50	ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	EmS	Emergency Schedule	
IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	ErC50		
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ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	IATA	International Air Transport Association	
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IMDG-Code LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
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NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	LD50		
PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)	
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) SVHC Substance of Very High Concern UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL) VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern	
	UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)	
VPVP Vory Parcistant and vory Pigascumulative	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
very reconstent and very bloaccumulative	vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



Acetic acid isopropenyl ester ≥98 %, for synthesis

article number: 3012

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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