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ROTIPHORESE®Gel 40 (19:1), ready-to-use, gas-stabilised

date of compilation: 2020-01-27 article number: 3030 Version: GHS 3.0 en Revision: 2022-07-18

Replaces version of: 2022-03-24

Version: (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance ROTIPHORESE®Gel 40 (19:1), ready-to-use, gas-

stabilised

Article number 3030

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name Street		Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.4S	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.5	Germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
3.6	Carcinogenicity	1B	Carc. 1B	H350
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08





Hazard statements

H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility (if swallowed)
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P280 Wear protective gloves

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Acrylamide, N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide

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2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Acrylamide	CAS No 79-06-1	30 - 40	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1B / H350 Repr. 2 / H361f STOT RE 1 / H372	!	
N,N'-Methylene bisac- rylamide	CAS No 110-26-9	1 – 2.5	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1B / H350 Repr. 2 / H361fd STOT RE 1 / H372		

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Call a doctor.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting, Nausea, Vomiting, Irritation, Allergic reactions

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Ingredients of the mixture combustible. The product itself does not burn.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Avoid exposure. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed. Do not dry up the product. Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a cool place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

high temperatures, UV-radiation/sunlight

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

	ou tr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
А	·U	acrylamide	79-06-1	WES		0.03						WES

Notation

TWA

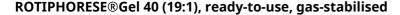
Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture **CAS No** Name of sub-End-**Threshol Protection Used** in **Exposure time** goal, route of stance point d level exposure acute - systemic Acrylamide 79-06-1 DNEL 120 mg/m³ human, inhalatworker (industry) effects orv Acrylamide 79-06-1 DNEL 120 mg/m³ human, inhalatworker (industry) acute - local effects ory DNFI 3 mg/kg human, dermal acute - systemic Acrylamide 79-06-1 worker (industry) bw/day effects N,N'-Methylene 110-26-9 DNEL 3 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) acute - systemic bisacrylamide bw/day effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture Name of sub-**CAS No** End-**Threshol Organism Environmental Exposure time** stance point d level compartment $0.032 \frac{mg}{I}$ Acrylamide 79-06-1 **PNEC** aquatic organfreshwater short-term (single isms instance) 2 µg/1 short-term (single 79-06-1 **PNEC** aquatic organ-Acrylamide marine water isms instance) $0.2 \, \text{mg/}_{\text{I}}$ Acrylamide 79-06-1 **PNEC** aquatic organsewage treatment short-term (single instance) isms plant (STP)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

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>0,3 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A-P2 (combined filters against particles and organic gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour clear - colourless
Odour characteristic
Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling ~100 °C

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not determined
Auto-ignition temperature not determined
Decomposition temperature not relevant
pH (value) 5 - 7 (20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

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Density and/or relative density

Density 1.03 g/_{cm³} at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Unstabilized product can polymerize spontaneously.

If heated

Danger of polymerisation.

If exposed to light

Danger of polymerisation.

10.2 Chemical stability

Reactivity if exposed to light. Reactivity if heated.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Peroxides, Reducing agents, Acids, Caustic solutions

10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight. Keep away from heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

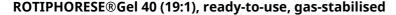
There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Acrylamide	79-06-1	oral	354 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Acrylamide	79-06-1	dermal	1,141 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Acrylamide	79-06-1	inhalation: dust/mist	1.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9	oral	100 ^{mg} / _{kg}
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9	dermal	1,141 ^{mg} / _{kg}
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9	inhalation: dust/mist	3.025 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Acrylamide	79-06-1	oral	LD50	354 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Acrylamide	79-06-1	dermal	LD50	1,141 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9	oral	LD50	390 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9	dermal	LD50	1,141 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	12.1 ^{mg} / _l /1h	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

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Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility (if swallowed).

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	peripheral nervous system	if swallowed

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

causes skin irritation, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia, Disorientation, Impaired memory function

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Acrylamide	79-06-1	EC50	98 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
N,N'-Methylene bisac- rylamide	110-26-9	LC50	835 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
N,N'-Methylene bisac- rylamide	110-26-9	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

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12.2 Process of degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Acrylamide	79-06-1	biotic/abiotic	100 %	28 d	geschlossene Flasche	
Acrylamide	79-06-1	oxygen deple- tion	7.4 %	5 d		ECHA
N,N'-Methyl- ene bisacryl- amide	110-26-9	oxygen deple- tion	2.1 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Acrylamide	79-06-1		-0.9 (pH value: ~7, 20 °C)	
N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	110-26-9		-0.08 (24 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H6.1 Poisonous (Acute)

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

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13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 3426

IMDG-Code UN 3426 ICAO-TI UN 3426

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDGACRYLAMIDE SOLUTIONIMDG-CodeACRYLAMIDE SOLUTIONICAO-TIAcrylamide solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 6.1
IMDG-Code 6.1
ICAO-TI 6.1

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 3426
Class 6.1
Packing group III
Danger label(s) 6.1



Special provisions (SP) 223

UN RTDG

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Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ACRYLAMIDE SOLUTION

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3426, ACRYLAMIDE SOLUTION, 6.1, III

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 6.1



Special provisions (SP) 223
Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

EmS F-A, S-A

Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Acrylamide solution

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3426, Acrylamide solution, 6.1, III

Danger label(s) 6.1



Special provisions (SP) A3
Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 2 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

INSQ KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

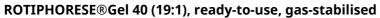
Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Acrylamide prop-2-enamide, N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Acrylamide, N,N'-Methylene bisacrylamide	yes

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Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
Muta.	Germ cell mutagenicity
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility (if swallowed).
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child (if swallowed).
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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