

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: **3091**
Version: **GHS 3.0 en**
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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance **Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution**

Article number 3091

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use
Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).
Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5
D-76185 Karlsruhe
Germany

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Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149

e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de

Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Department Health, Safety and Environment

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|---------|
| NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital | Hawkesbury Road | 2145 Westmead, NSW | 131126 | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

| Section | Hazard class | Cat-egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|--|-----------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 2.6 | Flammable liquid | 2 | Flam. Liq. 2 | H225 |
| 2.16 | Substance or mixture corrosive to metals | 1 | Met. Corr. 1 | H290 |
| 3.2 | Skin corrosion/irritation | 2 | Skin Irrit. 2 | H315 |
| 3.3 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | 1 | Eye Dam. 1 | H318 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word

Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05



Hazard statements

| | |
|------|------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour |
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage |

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

| | |
|------|---|
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking |
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves |

Precautionary statements - response

| | |
|----------------|---|
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction |
| P390 | Absorb spillage to prevent material damage |

Precautionary statements - storage

| | |
|-----------|---|
| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool |
|-----------|---|

Precautionary statements - disposal

| | |
|------|--|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant |
|------|--|

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Hydrochloric acid %

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091





SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

| Name of substance | Identifier | Wt% | Classification acc. to GHS | Pictograms | Notes |
|--------------------------|---|------------|---|---|-------|
| Ethanol | CAS No 64-17-5 EC No 200-578-6 | 80 - < 100 | Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319 |   | |
| Hydrochloric acid % | CAS No 7647-01-0 EC No 231-595-7 | < 5 | Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Skin Corr. 1 / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335 |   | |

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Breathing difficulties, Vertigo, Drowsiness, Narcosis, Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia, Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!
water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Country | Name of agent | CAS No | Identifier | TWA [ppm] | TWA [mg/m ³] | STEL [ppm] | STEL [mg/m ³] | Ceiling-C [ppm] | Ceiling-C [mg/m ³] | Notation | Source |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|
| AU | ethyl alcohol (ethanol) | 64-17-5 | WES | 1,000 | 1,880 | | | | | | WES |
| AU | hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid) | 7647-01-0 | WES | | | | | 5 | 7.5 | | WES |

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components

| Name of substance | CAS No | Endpoint | Threshold level | Protection goal, route of exposure | Used in | Exposure time |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Hydrochloric acid ... % | 7647-01-0 | DNEL | 8 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | chronic - local effects |
| Hydrochloric acid ... % | 7647-01-0 | DNEL | 15 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | acute - local effects |

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection



• hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

- **material thickness**

0,7 mm

- **breakthrough times of the glove material**

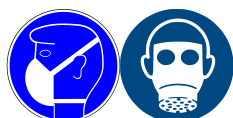
>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

- **other protection measures**

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | liquid |
| Colour | colourless |
| Odour | like: - alcohol |
| Melting point/freezing point | not determined |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | 78 °C |
| Flammability | flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | 3.4 vol% (LEL) - 27.7 vol% (UEL) (data apply to the main component) |
| Flash point | 13 °C |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 425 °C |
| Decomposition temperature | not relevant |
| pH (value) | <2 (20 °C) |
| Kinematic viscosity | not determined |
| <u>Solubility(ies)</u> | |
| Water solubility | miscible in any proportion |
| <u>Partition coefficient</u> | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): | this information is not available |
| Vapour pressure | 59 hPa at 20 °C |

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

Density and/or relative density

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Density | 0.82 g/cm ³ at 20 °C |
| Relative vapour density | Information on this property is not available. |

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Corrosive to metals category 1: corrosive to metals

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metal, Acetic anhydride, Peroxides, Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P₂O₅), Nitric acid, Strong alkali, Nitrate, Perchlorates, => Explosive properties

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

| Acute toxicity of components | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------------|----------|---------------|---------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | Endpoint | Value | Species |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | oral | LD50 | 10,470 mg/kg | rat |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | inhalation: vapour | LC50 | 124.7 mg/l/4h | rat |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

vomiting, abdominal pain, nausea, Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed, loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

• If inhaled

drowsiness, narcosis, vertigo, breathing difficulties, Inebriation

• If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation), causes skin irritation

• Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

| Name of substance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
|-------------------|---------|----------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | LC50 | 15,400 mg/l | fish | 96 h |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | EC50 | >10,000 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | 48 h |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | ErC50 | 22,000 mg/l | algae | 96 h |

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

| Name of substance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
|-------------------|---------|----------|------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | LC50 | 1,806 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | 10 d |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | ErC50 | 675 mg/l | algae | 4 d |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components

| Name of substance | CAS No | Process | Degradation rate | Time | Method | Source |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|------|--------|--------|
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | biotic/abiotic | 94 % | d | | |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | oxygen depletion | 69 % | 5 d | | ECHA |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | oxygen depletion | 84 % | 10 d | | ECHA |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | oxygen depletion | 97 % | 20 d | | ECHA |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

| Bioaccumulative potential of components | | | | |
|---|---------|-----|---------|----------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | BCF | Log KOW | BOD5/COD |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | | -0.31 | 0.6211 |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 2924

IMDG-Code UN 2924

ICAO-TI UN 2924

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

| | |
|--|---|
| IMDG-Code | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. |
| ICAO-TI | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. |
| Technical name (hazardous ingredients) | Ethanol, Hydrochloric acid % |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | |
| UN RTDG | 3 (8) |
| IMDG-Code | 3 (8) |
| ICAO-TI | 3 (8) |
| 14.4 Packing group | |
| UN RTDG | II |
| IMDG-Code | II |
| ICAO-TI | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| There is no additional information. | |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | |
| The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk. | |
| 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations | |
| Transport information National regulations Additional information (UN RTDG) | |
| UN number | 2924 |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk(s) | 8 |
| Packing group | II |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
| | |
| Special provisions (SP) | 274 UN RTDG |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 UN RTDG |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 1 L UN RTDG |
| Emergency Action Code | 3WE |

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet


acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice




Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

| | |
|---|--|
| Proper shipping name | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. |
| Particulars in the shipper's declaration | UN2924, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S., (contains: Ethanol, Hydrochloric acid %), 3 (8), II, 13°C c.c. |
| Marine pollutant | - |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
|  | |
| Special provisions (SP) | 274 |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 1 L |
| EmS | F-E, S-C |
| Stowage category | B |

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

| | |
|---|---|
| Proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. |
| Particulars in the shipper's declaration | UN2924, Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s., (contains: Ethanol, Hydrochloric acid %), 3 (8), II |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
|  | |
| Special provisions (SP) | A3 |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 0,5 L |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

UN Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

| Name of substance | CAS No | Listed in | HS code |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Hydrochloric acid % | 7647-01-0 | Table II | 2806.10 |

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

National inventories

| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| AU | AIIC | all ingredients are listed |
| CA | DSL | all ingredients are listed |
| CN | IECSC | all ingredients are listed |
| EU | ECSI | all ingredients are listed |
| EU | REACH Reg. | all ingredients are listed |
| JP | CSCL-ENCS | all ingredients are listed |
| JP | ISHA-ENCS | not all ingredients are listed |
| KR | KECI | all ingredients are listed |
| MX | INSQ | all ingredients are listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | all ingredients are listed |
| PH | PICCS | all ingredients are listed |
| TR | CICR | not all ingredients are listed |
| TW | TCSI | all ingredients are listed |
| US | TSCA | all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE) |
| VN | NCI | all ingredients are listed |

Legend

| | |
|------------|---|
| AIIC | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals |
| CICR | Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation |
| CSCL-ENCS | List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) |
| DSL | Domestic Substances List (DSL) |
| ECSI | EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) |
| IECSC | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China |
| INSQ | National Inventory of Chemical Substances |
| ISHA-ENCS | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS) |
| KECI | Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory |
| NCI | National Chemical Inventory |
| NZIoC | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
| PICCS | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) |
| REACH Reg. | REACH registered substances |
| TCSI | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory |
| TSCA | Toxic Substance Control Act |

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety-relevant |
|---------|--|---|-----------------|
| 2.3 | Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. | Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$. | yes |
| 2.3 | | Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$. | yes |

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety-relevant |
|---------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|
| 14.8 | | Emergency Action Code: 3WE | yes |
| 15.1 | | National inventories: change in the listing (table) | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|------------|---|
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| BOD | Biochemical Oxygen Demand |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| COD | Chemical oxygen demand |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| DNEL | Derived No-Effect Level |
| EC50 | Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval |
| EC No | The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) |
| ED | Endocrine disruptor |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| EmS | Emergency Schedule |
| ErC50 | ≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control |
| Eye Dam. | Seriously damaging to the eye |
| Eye Irrit. | Irritant to the eye |
| Flam. Liq. | Flammable liquid |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| HS | Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation) |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| ICAO-TI | Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| IMDG-Code | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrochloric acid in ethanol 0,5 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: 3091

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-------------|--|
| LD50 | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LEL | Lower explosion limit (LEL) |
| log KOW | n-Octanol/water |
| Met. Corr. | Substance or mixture corrosive to metals |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| Skin Corr. | Corrosive to skin |
| Skin Irrit. | Irritant to skin |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| STOT SE | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UEL | Upper explosion limit (UEL) |
| UN RTDG | UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| WES | Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants |

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.