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date of compilation: 2019-06-05

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## Calcium iodate ≥97,5 %, pure, anhydrous

article number: **3218** Version: **GHS 3.0 en** Replaces version of: 2022-07-26 Version: (GHS 2)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

# 1.1 Product identifier

CAS number

Identification of the substance Article number **Calcium iodate** ≥97,5 %, pure, anhydrous 3218

5210

7789-80-2

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory and analytical use Laboratory chemical

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

## e-mail (competent person):

## sicherheit@carlroth.de

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class		Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.14	2.14 Oxidising solid		Ox. Sol. 2	H272
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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## 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS03, GHS07



# **Hazard statements**

H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

## **Precautionary statements**

## **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

#### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

# Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

## 2.3 Other hazards

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Calcium iodate
Molecular formula	Ca(IO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
Molar mass	389.9 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
CAS No	7789-80-2

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures



## **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

## **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidising property. Non-combustible.

## Hazardous combustion products

Hydrogen iodide (HI)

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



## For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid dust formation.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits. Keep away from combustible material.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage. Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

# **National limit values**

# **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

#### Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur i Inhalable fraction STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related minute period (unless otherwise specified)

 

 STEL
 Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15minute period (unless otherwise specified)

 TWA
 Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

# Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels					
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	1.881 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	1.067 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

## **Environmental values**

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels					
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time		
PNEC	1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	0.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	14.76 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	210 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	210 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	80.53 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)		

## 8.2 Exposure controls

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

# Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

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#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

>0,11 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	powder
Colour	white
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	535 °C at 975 hPa (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined

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Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not applicable
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	~210 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-5.28 (25 °C) (ECHA)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	1.784 (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	0 hPa at 25 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	4.79 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Particle characteristics	No data available.
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	oxidiser
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.
Other safety characteristics:	There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

It's a reactive substance. Oxidising property.

# **10.2** Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

# **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Reducing agents, Combustible materials

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

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# **10.5 Incompatible materials** There is no additional information.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Classification acc. to GHS**

# Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity	Acute toxicity						
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source		
oral	LD50	358.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	mouse		ECHA		

# Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

## **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## • If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

## • If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

## If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

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## • If on skin

causes skin irritation

## Other information

none

# 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	380.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	10 d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-5.28 (25 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	3.162 (ECHA)

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0 <sup>Pa m³</sup> / <sub>mol</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	1.784 (ECHA)

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

# Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 1479	
IMDG-Code	UN 1479	
ICAO-TI	UN 1479	
14.2 UN proper shipping name		
UN RTDG	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	
IMDG-Code	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	
ICAO-TI	Oxidizing solid, n.o.s.	
Technical name	Calcium iodate	
Transport hazard class(es)		
UN RTDG	5.1	
IMDG-Code	5.1	
ICAO-TI	5.1	
Packing group		
UN RTDG	II	
IMDG-Code	II	
ICAO-TI	II	
	IMDG-Code ICAO-TI UN proper shipping name UN RTDG IMDG-Code ICAO-TI Technical name Transport hazard class(es) UN RTDG IMDG-Code ICAO-TI Packing group UN RTDG	

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14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations	
14.6	Special precautions for user		
	There is no additional information.		
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instrume	nts	
	he cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.		
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulations		
	Transport informationNational regulationsA	dditional information(UN RTDG)	
	UN number	1479	
	Class	5.1	
	Packing group	II	
	Danger label(s)	5.1	
	5.1		
	Special provisions (SP)	274 UN RTDG	
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2 UN RTDG	
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg UN RTDG	
	Emergency Action Code	1Y	
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Coo	de (IMDG) - Additional information	
	Proper shipping name	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1479, OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S., (Calcium iod- ate), 5.1, II	
	Marine pollutant	-	
	Danger label(s)	5.1	
	Special provisions (SP)	274, 900	
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2	
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg	
	EmS	F-A, S-Q	
	Stowage category	В	

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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information			
Proper shipping name	Oxidizing solid, n.o.s.		
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1479, Oxidizing solid, n.o.s., (Calcium iodate), 5.1, II		
Danger label(s)	5.1		
Special provisions (SP)	A3		
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2		
Limited quantities (LQ)	2,5 kg		

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 There is no additional information.

# National regulations(Australia)

# Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

## **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

# National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China IECSC

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

KECI

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Legend	
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.		yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 1Y	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

## Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

## Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.