acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Rosemary oil, artificial

article number: 3336 Version: GHS 2.0 en

Replaces version of: 2020-06-09

Version: (GHS 1)

date of compilation: 2020-06-05 Revision: 2021-10-14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Rosemary oil, artificial

Article number 3336

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.45	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05, GHS07, GHS08









Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P280	Wear protective gloves

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
D202 + D2E2	IF ON CVINE Wash with planty of soan and water

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: DL-α-Pinene, (+)-Camphor, Eucalyptol, D-(+)-Li-

monene, (±)-S-Ćitronellol

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Eucalyptol	CAS No 470-82-6	25 - < 50	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Sens. 1B / H317	(4)	
(+)-Camphor	CAS No 464-49-3	5 – < 10	Flam. Sol. 2 / H228 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 2 / H371		
D-(+)-Limonene	CAS No 5989-27-5	5-<10	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin Sens. 1B / H317 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		
DL-α-Pinene	CAS No 80-56-8	5 - < 10	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin Sens. 1A / H317 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		
alpha-Terpineol	CAS No 98-55-5	5 – < 10	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319	<u>(1)</u>	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	CAS No 106-22-9	1-<5	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319 Skin Sens. 1B / H317	<u>(1)</u>	
Camphene	CAS No 79-92-5	1-<5	Flam. Sol. 1 / H228 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319	(4)	
p-Cymene	CAS No 99-87-6	1-<3	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Repr. 2 / H361f Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritation, Allergic reactions

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

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Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

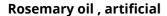
Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	DNEL	7.05 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	DNEL	2 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	DNEL	3.8 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	DNEL	0.542 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	DNEL	66.7 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	DNEL	9.5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	DNEL	17.63 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	DNEL	10 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	DNEL	161.6 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	DNEL	10 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	DNEL	10 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	DNEL	327.4 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	DNEL	2,950 μg/ cm²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
Camphene	79-92-5	DNEL	110.2 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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Camphene



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acute - systemic effects

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture Protection goal, route of exposure Name of sub-**CAS No** End-**Threshol Used in Exposure time** stance d level point 110.2 mg/ acute - systemic effects Camphene 79-92-5 DNEL human, inhalatworker (industry) m³ ory chronic - systemic effects DNEL 0.21 mg/kg human, dermal Camphene 79-92-5 worker (industry) bw/day

human, dermal

worker (industry)

1.25 mg/kg

bw/day

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

79-92-5

DNEL

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	PNEC	57 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	PNEC	5.7 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	PNEC	1.425 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	PNEC	0.142 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	PNEC	0.25 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0.606 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0.061 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	157 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	15.7 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	31.7 ^{µg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	PNEC	68 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	PNEC	6.8 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	PNEC	2.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	PNEC	1.85 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	PNEC	0.185 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time	
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	PNEC	0.329 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	PNEC	14 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms			
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	PNEC	1.4 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	PNEC	1.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	PNEC	3.85 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	PNEC	0.385 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	PNEC	0.763 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	PNEC	1.71 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	PNEC	0.171 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	PNEC	0.139 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	PNEC	0.017 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	PNEC	0.013 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	PNEC	580 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	PNEC	0.026 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	PNEC	0.003 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	PNEC	0.004 ^{mg} /	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
Camphene	79-92-5	PNEC	0.001 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms freshwater		short-term (single instance)	
Camphene	79-92-5	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
Camphene	79-92-5	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Camphene	79-92-5	PNEC	0.026 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Camphene	79-92-5	PNEC	0.003 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Camphene	79-92-5	PNEC	0.021 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,3 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





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Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour light yellow
Odour characteristic
Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

not determined

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point 35 °C

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant
pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density $0.91 \, \mathrm{g/_{cm^3}}$ at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

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Flammable liquids

Sustained combustibility yes, sustained combustion was observed

Other safety characteristics:

Refractive index 1.465 – 1.475

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oral	1,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	inhalation: dust/mist	4.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
p-Cymene	99-87-6	inhalation: vapour	3 ^{mg} / _l /4h

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ute toxicity of components of the mixture									
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species				
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	oral	LD50	2,480 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oral	LD50	3,700 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	oral	LD50	4,300 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	oral	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	oral	LD50	1,310 ^{mg} / _{kg}	mouse				
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	oral	LD50	3,450 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	dermal	LD50	2,650 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit				
p-Cymene	99-87-6	oral	LD50	4,750 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat				
p-Cymene	99-87-6	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{ka}	rabbit				

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

aspiration hazard

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• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

causes skin irritation, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

	GAGA!				
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposur time
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	LC50	57 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	ErC50	>74 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	LC50	0.303 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	EC50	0.475 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	LC50	70 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	EC50	73 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5	ErC50	68 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	LC50	0.46 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	EC50	0.307 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	ErC50	0.32 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	LC50	33.25 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	EC50	4.23 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	ErC50	1.71 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	LC50	14.66 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	EC50	17.48 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Camphene	79-92-5	LC50	0.72 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Camphene	79-92-5	EC50	0.72 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Camphene	79-92-5	ErC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
p-Cymene	99-87-6	LC50	48 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
p-Cymene	99-87-6	EC50	3.7 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
p-Cymene	99-87-6	ErC50	4.03 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	EC50	<0.67 ^{mg} / _l	fish	8 d
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	EC50	188 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	EC50	>10,000 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	30 min
Camphene	79-92-5	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

12.2 Process of degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Eucalyptol	470-82-6	carbon dioxide generation	82 %	28 d		ECHA
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oxygen deple- tion	68 %	28 d		ECHA
alpha-Terpin- eol	98-55-5	carbon dioxide generation	80 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 310	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	carbon dioxide generation	58.8 %	14 d		ECHA
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5	oxygen deple- tion	80 %	28 d		ECHA
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	biotic/abiotic	>60 %	d	modifizierter OECD Screen- ing Test	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	oxygen deple- tion	80 – 90 %	28 d		ECHA
p-Cymene	99-87-6	oxygen deple- tion	88 %	14 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

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Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Eucalyptol	470-82-6		3.4	
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8		4.83	
alpha-Terpineol	98-55-5		2.6 (30 °C)	
D-(+)-Limonene	5989-27-5		4.38 (pH value: 7.2, 37 °C)	
(+)-Camphor	464-49-3		2.3 (20 °C)	
(±)-ß-Citronellol	106-22-9	82.59	3.41 (25 °C)	
Camphene	79-92-5		4.22 (pH value: 7.2, 37 °C)	
p-Cymene	99-87-6		4.8 (pH value: ~7, 20 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN

1993

IMDG-Code UN 1993

ICAO-TI UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) Eucalyptol, (+)-Camphor

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 3

IMDG-Code 3

ICAO-TI 3

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG

IMDG-Code III

ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment):

DL-α-Pinene

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1993

Class 3

Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group III

Danger label(s)

Fish and tree



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Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ)

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ)

UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. Proper shipping name

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (contains:

Eucalyptol, (+)-Camphor, DL-α-Pinene), 3, III, 35°C c.c., MARINE POLLUTANT

Marine pollutant **Ves** (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (DL-α-Pinene)

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"





Special provisions (SP) 223, 274, 955

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

EmS F-E, S-E

Stowage category

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Flammable liquid, n.o.s. Proper shipping name

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1993, Flammable liquid, n.o.s., (contains: Euca-

lyptol, (+)-Camphor), 3, III

Environmental hazards YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

3 Danger label(s)



Special provisions (SP) А3 Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 10 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 There is no additional information.

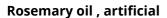
National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

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Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS) AICS CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

IECSC

INSQ ISHA-ENCS

Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Total Trivench Process of Piccol Substances (PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory **TCSI**

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.	yes
2.2		Pictograms: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: DL-α-Pinene, Eucalyptol, D-(+)-Limonene, (±)-ß- Citronellol	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: DL-α-Pinene, (+)-Camphor, Eucalyptol, D-(+)-Li- monene, (±)-S-Citronellol	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	contains: DL-α-Pinene, Eucalyptol, D-(+)-Limonene, (±)-S- Citronellol		yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye	
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye	
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid	
Flam. Sol.	Flammable solid	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity	
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin	
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin	
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation	
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

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UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H228	Flammable solid.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H331	Toxic if inhaled.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
H371	May cause damage to organs.	

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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