

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Diethylamine ROTIPURAN® ≥99,5 %, p.a., ACS

article number: **3495**
Version: **GHS 3.0 en**
Replaces version of: 2022-03-07
Version: (GHS 2)

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance **Diethylamine ROTIPURAN® ≥99,5 %, p.a., ACS**
Article number 3495
CAS number 109-89-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical
Laboratory and analytical use
Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5
D-76185 Karlsruhe
Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0
Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149
e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de
Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Department Health, Safety and Environment

e-mail (competent person): **sicherheit@carlroth.de**

1.4 Emergency telephone number

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|---------|
| NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital | Hawkesbury Road | 2145 Westmead, NSW | 131126 | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

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| Section | Hazard class | Cat-egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|---|-----------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 2.6 | Flammable liquid | 2 | Flam. Liq. 2 | H225 |
| 3.1O | Acute toxicity (oral) | 4 | Acute Tox. 4 | H302 |
| 3.1D | Acute toxicity (dermal) | 3 | Acute Tox. 3 | H311 |
| 3.1I | Acute toxicity (inhal.) | 4 | Acute Tox. 4 | H332 |
| 3.2 | Skin corrosion/irritation | 1 | Skin Corr. 1 | H314 |
| 3.3 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | 1 | Eye Dam. 1 | H318 |
| 3.8R | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation) | 3 | STOT SE 3 | H335 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word

Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05,
GHS06



Hazard statements

| | |
|-----------|---|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour |
| H302+H332 | Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

| | |
|------|---|
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking |
| P260 | Do not breathe dusts or mists |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing |

Precautionary statements - response

| | |
|----------------|---|
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction |

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Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Name of substance | Diethylamine |
| Molecular formula | C ₄ H ₁₁ N |
| Molar mass | 73.14 g/mol |
| CAS No | 109-89-7 |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes hold-
ing eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is
conscious). Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and
the stomach (strong corrosive effects). Call a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritation,
Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!
water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

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Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Country | Name of agent | CAS No | Identifier | TWA [ppm] | TWA [mg/m ³] | STEL [ppm] | STEL [mg/m ³] | Ceiling-C [ppm] | Ceiling-C [mg/m ³] | Notation | Source |
|---------|---------------|----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|
| AU | diethylamine | 109-89-7 | WES | 10 | 30 | 25 | 75 | | | | WES |

Notation

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) |
| TWA | Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) |

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection



• hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

FKM (fluoro rubber)

• material thickness

0,7mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>120 minutes (permeation: level 4)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

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Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|--|
| Physical state | liquid |
| Colour | colourless |
| Odour | like ammonia |
| Melting point/freezing point | -50 °C (ECHA) |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | 55.3 – 56.1 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) |
| Flammability | flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | 50 g/m ³ (LEL) - 305 g/m ³ (UEL) / 1.7 vol% (LEL) - 10.1 vol% (UEL) |
| Flash point | -26 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 312 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases)) |
| Decomposition temperature | not relevant |
| pH (value) | 13 (in aqueous solution: 100 g/l, 20 °C) |
| Kinematic viscosity | not determined |
| Dynamic viscosity | 0.319 mPa s at 25 °C |
| <u>Solubility(ies)</u> | |
| Water solubility | ~815 g/l at 20 °C |
| <u>Partition coefficient</u> | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): | 0.58 |
| Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) | 1.92 (ECHA) |
| Vapour pressure | 316 hPa at 25 °C |
| <u>Density and/or relative density</u> | |
| Density | 0.7 g/cm ³ at 20 °C |
| Relative vapour density | 2.53 (air = 1) |

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Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes: There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Nitrites, Strong acid, Alcohols, Aldehydes, Phenol, Mercury (Hg)

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

| Acute toxicity | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|------------|---------|--------|--------|
| Exposure route | Endpoint | Value | Species | Method | Source |
| inhalation: vapour | LC50 | 12 mg/l/4h | rat | | |
| oral | LD50 | 540 mg/kg | rat | | ECHA |
| dermal | LD50 | 582 mg/kg | rabbit | | ECHA |

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

• Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

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| Aquatic toxicity (acute) | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------|---------------|
| Endpoint | Value | Species | Source | Exposure time |
| LC50 | 26.7 mg/l | fish | ECHA | 96 h |
| EC50 | 58 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | ECHA | 48 h |
| ErC50 | 50.9 mg/l | algae | ECHA | 72 h |

| Aquatic toxicity (chronic) | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------|---------------|
| Endpoint | Value | Species | Source | Exposure time |
| LC50 | 5.7 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | ECHA | 21 d |
| EC50 | 6.01 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | ECHA | 21 d |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 2.625 mg/mg
Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 3.5 mg/mg
Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2.407 mg/mg

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

| Process of degradability | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------|
| Process | Degradation rate | Time |
| biotic/abiotic | >70 % | 28 d |
| oxygen depletion | ≥68 – ≤70 % | 28 d |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

| | |
|---------------------------|------|
| n-octanol/water (log KOW) | 0.58 |
|---------------------------|------|

12.4 Mobility in soil

| | |
|--|---|
| Henry's law constant | 2.97 Pa m ³ /mol at 25 °C (ECHA) |
| The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient | 1.92 (ECHA) |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids
H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| UN RTDG | UN 1154 |
| IMDG-Code | UN 1154 |
| ICAO-TI | UN 1154 |

14.2 UN proper shipping name

| | |
|----------------|--------------|
| UN RTDG | DIETHYLAMINE |
| IMDG-Code | DIETHYLAMINE |
| ICAO-TI | Diethylamine |

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| UN RTDG | 3 (8) |
| IMDG-Code | 3 (8) |
| ICAO-TI | 3 (8) |

14.4 Packing group

| | |
|----------------|----|
| UN RTDG | II |
| IMDG-Code | II |
| ICAO-TI | II |

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14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user
There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport information National regulations Additional information (UN RTDG)

UN number 1154

Class 3

Subsidiary risk(s) 8

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3+8



Special provisions (SP) -
UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
UN RTDG

Emergency Action Code 2WE

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name DIETHYLAMINE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1154, DIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II, -26°C c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 3+8



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-C

Stowage category E

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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Proper shipping name | Diethylamine |
| Particulars in the shipper's declaration | UN1154, Diethylamine, 3 (8), II |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
|  | |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 0,5 L |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|------------|------------------------------|
| AU | AIIC | substance is listed |
| CA | DSL | substance is listed |
| CN | IECSC | substance is listed |
| EU | ECSI | substance is listed |
| EU | REACH Reg. | substance is listed |
| JP | CSCL-ENCS | substance is listed |
| KR | KECI | substance is listed |
| MX | INSQ | substance is listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | substance is listed |
| PH | PICCS | substance is listed |
| TR | CICR | substance is listed |
| TW | TCSI | substance is listed |
| US | TSCA | substance is listed (ACTIVE) |
| VN | NCI | substance is listed |

Legend

| | |
|-----------|---|
| AIIC | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals |
| CICR | Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation |
| CSCL-ENCS | List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) |
| DSL | Domestic Substances List (DSL) |
| ECSI | EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) |
| IECSC | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China |

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Legend

| | |
|------------|---|
| INSQ | National Inventory of Chemical Substances |
| KECI | Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory |
| NCI | National Chemical Inventory |
| NZIoC | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
| PICCS | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) |
| REACH Reg. | REACH registered substances |
| TCSI | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory |
| TSCA | Toxic Substance Control Act |

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety-relevant |
|---------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|
| 2.3 | | Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | yes |
| 14.8 | | Emergency Action Code: 2WE | yes |
| 15.1 | | National inventories: change in the listing (table) | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-----------|--|
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| EC50 | Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval |
| ED | Endocrine disruptor |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| EmS | Emergency Schedule |
| ErC50 | ≅ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| ICAO-TI | Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| IMDG-Code | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |

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| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|---------|---|
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LEL | Lower explosion limit (LEL) |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UEL | Upper explosion limit (UEL) |
| UN RTDG | UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| WES | Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants |

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.