

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate ≥99,8 %, p.a.

article number: **4232**
Version: **GHS 1.0 en**

date of compilation: 2021-07-27

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance **Ammonium monovanadate ≥99,8 %, p.a.**
Article number 4232
CAS number 7803-55-6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical
Laboratory and analytical use
Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5
D-76185 Karlsruhe
Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0

Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149

e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de

Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: :Department Health, Safety and Environment

e-mail (competent person): **sicherheit@carlroth.de**

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 Westmead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.11	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361fd
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word

Danger

Pictograms

GHS06, GHS08



Hazard statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child (if exposed)
H372	Causes damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled)

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label)
P330 Rinse mouth

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Ammonium monovanadate
Molecular formula	NH_4VO_3
Molar mass	117 g/mol
CAS No	7803-55-6

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: **4232**

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Circulatory collapse, Gastrointestinal complaints, Cough, Diarrhoea, Nausea, Vomiting, Spasms, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings
water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Ammonia (NH₃), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: **4232**

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Data are not available.

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	0.64 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	0.18 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
DNEL	0.92 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels				
End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
PNEC	6.93 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
PNEC	7.6 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	2.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	450 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	240 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	79 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	7.2 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232



• hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

• material thickness

>0,11 mm

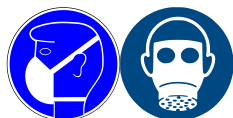
• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P3 (filters at least 99,95 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	powder
Colour	colourless - light yellow
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	200 °C (slow decomposition)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232

Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	200 °C (ECHA)
pH (value)	6 (in aqueous solution: 7.8 g/l, 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
<u>Solubility(ies)</u>	
Water solubility	7.81 g/l at 20 °C (ECHA)
<u>Partition coefficient</u>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not relevant (inorganic)
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density	2.3 g/cm ³ at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Bulk density	1,000 kg/m ³
Particle characteristics	No data available.
<u>Other safety parameters</u>	
Oxidising properties	none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics:	There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Acids,
Release of an acute toxic gas: Caustic solutions
=> Ammonia (NH₃)

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decomposition takes place from temperatures above: 200 °C.

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate ≥99,8 %, p.a.

article number: **4232**

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	218.1 mg/kg	rat		ECHA
inhalation: dust/ mist	LC50	2.61 mg/l/4h	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2,500 mg/kg	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child (if exposed). Suspected of damaging fertility (if exposed).

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	respiratory tract	if inhaled

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232

- **If swallowed**

diarrhoea, vomiting, nausea, gastrointestinal complaints

- **If in eyes**

Causes serious eye irritation

- **If inhaled**

Data are not available.

- **If on skin**

Data are not available.

- **Other information**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	9,005 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	fish	ECHA	24 h
ErC50	2,907 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	algae	ECHA	72 h
EC50	989.4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	algae	ECHA	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	44,000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	fish	ECHA	24 h
EC50	>100 mg/l	microorganisms	ECHA	3 h

Biodegradation

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.2 Process of degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: **4232**

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H6.1 Poisonous (Acute)
H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 2859
IMDG-Code	UN 2859
ICAO-TI	UN 2859

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	AMMONIUM METAVANADATE
IMDG-Code	AMMONIUM METAVANADATE
ICAO-TI	Ammonium metavanadate

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	6.1
IMDG-Code	6.1
ICAO-TI	6.1

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	II
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Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232

IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment
14.6 Special precautions for user	There is no additional information.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport information National regulations Additional information (UN RTDG)

UN number	2859
Class	6.1
Environmental hazards	Yes Hazardous to the aquatic environment
Packing group	II
Danger label(s)	6.1 Fish and tree



Special provisions (SP)	- UN RTDG
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4 UN RTDG
Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name	AMMONIUM METAVANADATE
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2859, AMMONIUM METAVANADATE, 6.1, II, MARINE POLLUTANT
Marine pollutant	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	6.1, "Fish and tree"



Special provisions (SP)	-
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g
EmS	F-A, S-A
Stowage category	A
Segregation group	2 - Ammonium compounds

Safety data sheet


acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: 4232

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name	Ammonium metavanadate
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2859, Ammonium metavanadate, 6.1, II
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	6.1
	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: **4232**

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Ammonium monovanadate $\geq 99,8$ %, p.a.

article number: **4232**

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child (if exposed).
H372	Causes damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.