Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.14	2.14 Oxidising solid		Ox. Sol. 3	H272
3.10	3.10 Acute toxicity (oral)		Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	3.1I Acute toxicity (inhal.)		Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315

article number: 4395 Version: GHS 3.0 en

Version: (GHS 2)

Replaces version of: 2022-04-14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance

Nickel(II) nitrate hexahydrate \geq 99%, p.a.

Article number

CAS number

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sicherheit@carlroth.de

Australia (en)





date of compilation: 2017-06-09 Revision: 2024-03-02

13478-00-7

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Section	Section Hazard class 3.3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation		Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.3			Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.4R	3.4R Respiratory sensitisation 1 Resp. Sens. 1		H334	
3.4S	Skin sensitisation 1 Skin Sens. 1		H317	
3.5	3.5 Germ cell mutagenicity		Muta. 2	H341
3.6	Carcinogenicity 1A Carc. 1A		H350i	
3.7	Reproductive toxicity 1B Repr. 1B		H360D	
3.9	3.9 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		STOT RE 1	H372

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms



Hazard statements

H272 H302+H332 H315	May intensify fire; oxidiser Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation
H360D	May damage the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

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For professional users only

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Nickel(II) nitrate hexahydrate
Molecular formula	$Ni(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6 H_2O$
Molar mass	290.8 ^g / _{mol}
CAS No	13478-00-7

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In case of allergic symptoms, especially in the breathing area, seek medical advice immediately.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Dyspnoea, Irritation, Allergic reactions (such as skin rashes, hives, asthma or anaphylactic shock), Cough, Vomiting, Nausea, Risk of serious damage to eyes

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidising property. Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory). Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Keep away from combustible material.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage. Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

Protect against external exposure, such as

humidity, hygroscopic solid

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

Human health values

Relevant DN	Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint Threshold Protection goal, Us level route of exposure			Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL 50 μg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry)		worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
DNEL	. 104 mg/m ³ human, inhalatory worker (industry)		acute - systemic effects		
DNEL	50 μg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - local		chronic - local effects		
DNEL			acute - local effects		
DNEL			chronic - local effects		

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Environm	nvironmental values							
Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels							
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time				
PNEC	7.1 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	8.6 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	0.33 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	109 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	109 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	29.9 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)				

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

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Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	crystalline
Colour	green
Odour	like: Nitric acid
Melting point/freezing point	56.7 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	136.7 °C (ECHA)
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	0 vol% (LEL) - 0 vol% (UEL)
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	>137 °C
pH (value)	5 (in aqueous solution: 50 ^g / _l , 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	~940 ^g / _l at 20 °C
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not relevant (inorganic)
Vapour pressure	<0.003 Pa at 25 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	2.05 ^g / _{cm³} at 0 °C (ECHA)
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Bulk density	~800 ^{kg} / _{m³}



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Particle characteristics	No data available.
Other safety parameters Oxidising properties	oxidiser
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.
Other safety characteristics:	There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

9.2

It's a reactive substance. Oxidising property.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Acid, Combustible materials, Reducing agents

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompositon takes place from temperatures above: >137 °C. Protect from moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity

•					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	361.9 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer by inhalation.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

May produce an allergic reaction, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes skin irritation, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

• Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

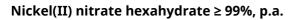
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	15.3 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	406 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	24 h
ErC50	≤1,120 ^{µg} / _I	algae	ECHA	72 h

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
ErC50	8,363 ^{µg} / _l	fish	ECHA	40 d
LC50	≤144 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d
EC50	≤108 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d
EbC50	6.2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	30 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

BCF	45 (ECHA)
-----	-----------

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H5.1 Oxidizing

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

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13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 2725
	IMDG-Code	UN 2725
	ICAO-TI	UN 2725
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	NICKEL NITRATE
	IMDG-Code	NICKEL NITRATE
	ICAO-TI	Nickel nitrate
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	5.1
	IMDG-Code	5.1
	ICAO-TI	5.1
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instrument	S
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulation	ons
	Transport informationNational regulationsAdd	itional information(UN RTDG)
	UN number	2725
	Class	5.1
	Environmental hazards	Yes Hazardous to the aquatic environment
	Packing group	III
	Danger label(s)	5.1 Fish and tree



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Special provisions (SP)	- UN RTDG
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1 UN RTDG
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg UN RTDG
Emergency Action Code	1Z
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	e (IMDG) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	NICKEL NITRATE
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2725, NICKEL NITRATE, 5.1, III, MARINE POL- LUTANT
Marine pollutant	Yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	5.1, "Fish and tree"
Special provisions (SP)	-
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
EmS	F-A, S-Q
Stowage category	A
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAC	D-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Nickel nitrate
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2725, Nickel nitrate, 5.1, III
Environmental hazards	YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	5.1
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	10 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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	Ν	atio	nal	inver	ntories
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Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 1Z	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EbC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Code	Text
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.