acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Aniline hydrochloride ≥99 %, extra pure

article number: 5113 date of compilation: 2021-10-01 Version: GHS 2.1 en Revision: 2024-03-11

Replaces version of: 2024-03-02

Version: (GHS 2)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **Aniline hydrochloride** ≥99 %, extra pure

Article number 5113 CAS number 142-04-1

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

2.1

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### **Emergency telephone number** 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.45	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	Germ cell mutagenicity	2	Muta. 2	H341
3.6	Carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

## 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling

Signal word Danger

### **Pictograms**

GHS05, GHS06,

GHS08







### **Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H311+H331 Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

11341 Suspected of causing genetic de

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

## **Precautionary statements**

# **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

### **Precautionary statements - response**

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfort-

able for breathing

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

## Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

## **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

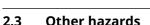
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### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Aniline hydrochloride

Molecular formula C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>CIN

Molar mass 129.6 g/<sub>mol</sub>

CAS No 142-04-1

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

# **Following inhalation**

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

## **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Call a doctor.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Allergic reactions

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

## **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

# Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

# **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

### Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

## **Ventilation requirements**

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters** 8.1

### **National limit values**

### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

### **Notation**

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

STEL

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

TWA hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

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### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

## Skin protection





### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

## type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

### material thickness

0,35 mm

## • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P3 (filters at least 99,95 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties 9.1

Physical state solid Colour white

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 196 - 201 °C at 1,013 hPa

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 245 °C at 1,013 hPa

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

194 °C (c.c.) Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) not applicable

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 1,070 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub> at 25 °C

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): -2.61 (TOXNET)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

1.22 g/cm3 Density

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

 $\sim 500 \, \text{kg}/\text{m}^3$ **Bulk density** 

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

> Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

(physical hazards): not relevant classes:

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

## **Acute toxicity**

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	840 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

# **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

## Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

## Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

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## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### If swallowed

Data are not available.

### • If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

### If inhaled

cough, Dyspnoea

### • If on skin

May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

### Other information

none

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 1.728  $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$  Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 2.222  $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$  Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2.037  $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ 

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-2.61 (TOXNET)
---------------------------	----------------

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

# Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H6.1** Poisonous (Acute)

**H11** Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 1548
IMDG-Code	UN 1548
ICAO-TI	UN 1548

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	ANILINE HYDROCHLORIDE
IMDG-Code	ANILINE HYDROCHLORIDE

ICAO-TI Aniline hydrochloride

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	6.1
IMDG-Code	6.1
ICAO-TI	6.1

### 14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III

**14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

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There is no additional information.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

# 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

**UN number** 1548 Class 6.1

**Environmental hazards** 

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**Packing group** III 6.1 Danger label(s)

Fish and tree

**Special provisions (SP)** 

**UN RTDG** 

**Excepted quantities (EQ)** E1

**UN RTDG** 

Limited quantities (LQ)

5 kg UN RTDG

**Emergency Action Code** 

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ANILINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1548, ANILINE HYDROCHLORIDE, 6.1, III, MAR-

**INE POLLUTANT** 

Marine pollutant **YES** (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1, "Fish and tree"

Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

**EmS** F-A, S-A

Stowage category Α

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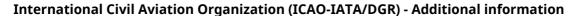




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Proper shipping name Aniline hydrochloride

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1548, Aniline hydrochloride, 6.1, III

**Environmental hazards** yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 10 kg

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

Korea Existing Chémicals Inventory

National Chemical Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Toxic Substance Control Act

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No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2X	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

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# Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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