according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### **Azelaic acid ≥80 %**

article number: **5487**Version: **3.0 on**Revision: 03.03.2021

Version: **2.0 en**Replaces version of: 17.05.2021

Revision: 02.03.2024

Version: (1)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance Azelaic acid ≥80 %

Article number 5487

Registration number (REACH)

It is not required to list the identified uses be-

cause the substance is not subject to registration

according to REACH (< 1 t/a).

EC number 204-669-1 CAS number 123-99-9

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe

Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Warning

Malta (en) Page 1 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

### **Pictograms**

GHS07



### **Hazard statements**

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

### **Precautionary statements**

### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

### **Precautionary statements - response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Warning

Symbol(s)



### 2.3 Other hazards

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Azelaic acid Molecular formula  ${\rm C_9H_{16}O_4}$  Molar mass  $188,2~^{\rm g}/_{\rm mol}$  CAS No 123-99-9

EC No 204-669-1

Malta (en) Page 2 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### **Azelaic acid ≥80 %**

article number: 5487

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Malta (en) Page 3 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### **Azelaic acid ≥80 %**

article number: 5487

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



### For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid dust formation.

### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

### Consideration of other advice:

### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

Malta (en) Page 4 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

**National limit values** 

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

#### **Human health values**

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	17,63 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	10 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

### Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

### type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is

Malta (en) Page 5 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### **Azelaic acid ≥80 %**

article number: 5487

recommended.

### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid Colour white

Odour odourless

106,5 °C (ECHA) Melting point/freezing point 357,1 °C (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

**Flammability** this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined Flash point 180 °C (ECHA) Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) ~ 3,5 (in aqueous solution: 1  $^{9}$ /<sub>1</sub>, 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility  $2,4 \, ^{9}/_{1}$  at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

1,57 (25 °C) (ECHA) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):

0 mmHg at 25 °C Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density

~ 1,225 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>cm³</sub> at 25 °C Density

Relative vapour density 6,5 (air = 1)

Malta (en) Page 6 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension  $41,6^{\text{ mN}}/_{\text{m}}$  (23 °C) (ECHA)

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA
inhalation: vapour	LC50	>0,162 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Malta (en) Page 7 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

Data are not available.

### • If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

### • If inhaled

Data are not available.

### • If on skin

Data are not available.

#### Other information

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Malta (en) Page 8 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

### **Aquatic toxicity (acute)**

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	>16 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	>20 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	>10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	24 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1,87 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,104 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

### **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

### **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	>80 %	17 d
oxygen depletion	105 %	30 d
DOC removal	>79 - <89 %	19 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1,57 (25 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	234 – 249 (ECHA)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Malta (en) Page 9 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**HP 4** irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number or ID number	not subject to transport regulations

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** not assigned

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)** none

**14.4 Packing group** not assigned

**14.5** Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Malta (en) Page 10 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

### Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Azelaic acid	substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up		R75	75

#### Legend

**R75** 

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:
(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category

1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight; (b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant

category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by

egory 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight; (c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser cat-

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:

substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:
(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator;
(ii) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;
(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (\*1), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
(f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g
(Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:
(i) "Rinse-off products";
(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes":

(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";

(iii) "Not to be used in eye products"

(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in

the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column; (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of

monly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:

(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall. for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as graph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as

graph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

mixture is marked with the following information:
(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending extent was interesting to the ingredient of the ingre be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredients" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
(d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13:

(e) the statement. Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13; (f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13; (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.

Page 11 / 15 Malta (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### Azelaic acid ≥80 %

article number: 5487

#### Legend

The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point

(a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this para-

graph. 8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively. ively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes		
	not assigned				

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 g/l

### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

### Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

### **Regulation on drug precursors**

not listed

### Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Page 12 / 15 Malta (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### **Azelaic acid ≥80 %**

article number: 5487

### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
National Chemical Inventory **IECSC** 

NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

Malta (en) Page 13 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Azelaic acid ≥80 %** 

article number: 5487

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8	Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information:  Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.		yes
15.1	VOC content: 0 % 0 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	VOC content: 0 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 0 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	

Malta (en) Page 14 / 15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### **Azelaic acid ≥80 %**

article number: 5487

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Malta (en) Page 15 / 15