acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

### α-Ketoglutaric acid ≥99%, for biochemistry

article number: 5901 Version: GHS 4.0 en

Replaces version of: 2022-05-24

Version: (GHS 3)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **α-Ketoglutaric acid** ≥99%, for biochemistry

Article number 5901

CAS number 328-50-7

Alternative name(s) 2-oxoglutaric acid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data 
Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 **Label elements**

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Signal word **Danger** 

**Pictograms** 

GHS05



### **Hazard statements**

H318 Causes serious eye damage

### **Precautionary statements**

### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection

### **Precautionary statements - response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 **Substances**

Name of substance α-Ketoglutaric acid

Molecular formula  $C_5H_6O_5$ 

146.1 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>mol</sub> Molar mass

CAS No 328-50-7

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 **Description of first aid measures**



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

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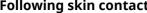


### Labelling

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### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

#### 6.2 **Environmental precautions**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

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### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

# Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid dust formation.

### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep in a cool place.

### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

### **Consideration of other advice:**

### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 – 8 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

**Notation** 

Ceilina-C

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction

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Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) **STEL** 

**TWA** 

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

### Skin protection





### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

#### type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

### material thickness

>0,11 mm

### breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

### Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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#### **Notation**

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form powder, crystalline

Colour colourless - light yellow

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 112 – 117 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 346 °C

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature >180 °C

pH (value) 1.5 (in aqueous solution: 50 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub>, 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility  $\sim 600 \, ^{\rm g}/_{\rm l}$  at 20  $^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): -2.08 (TOXNET)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density  $1.64 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$  at 20  ${}^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Bulk density ~800 kg/<sub>m³</sub>

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

classes: (physical hazards): not relevant

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Other safety characteristics:



There is no additional information.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Reducing agents, Strong alkali

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: >180 °C.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Classification acc. to GHS

### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

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### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### If swallowed

Data are not available.

### If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### If inhaled

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification

#### • If on skin

Due to its pH value (see section 9), irritation of the skin and eyes cannot be ruled out

#### Other information

none

### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.8761 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.506 mg/mg

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-2 08 (TOYNET)
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-2.08 (TOXNET)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not assigned
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	not assigned
14.4	Packing group	not assigned

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

gerous

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

### National regulations(Australia)

### **Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)**

Substance is listed.

### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) CSCL-ENCS

DSL ECSI IECSC

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
National Chemical Inventory NCI New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals **NZIoC** REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

**TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act** 

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)**

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants	

### Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

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# ROTH

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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