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Calcium carbide 0,1-1 mm, technical

article number: **6110** Version: **GHS 3.0 en** Replaces version of: 2023-01-31 Version: (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance Article number CAS number

Calcium carbide 0,1-1 mm, technical 6110 75-20-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.12	Substance and mixture which, in contact with water, emits flammable gas	1	Water-react. 1	H260
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS07



Hazard statements

H260	In contact with water releases flammable gases, which may ignite spontan- eously
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P231+P232 Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P335+P334	IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water or wrap in
	wet bandages
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3 **Other hazards**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

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3.1

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances	
Name of substance	Calcium carbide
Molecular formula	C₂Ca
Molar mass	64.1 ^g / _{mol}
CAS No	75-20-7

Impurities/additives/constituents:

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Calcium oxide	CAS No 1305-78-8	14 – 18

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! dry extinguishing powder, D-powder, dry sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Product may release hydrogen gas. Increased storage temperatures will accelerate this process. Water-reactive (in contact with water releases flammable gases). Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust. Take up carefully when dry.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid dust formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep under inert gas.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage. Do not allow contact with water.

Evaporative conditions

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

Protect against external exposure, such as

humidity, contact with air/oxygen

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m ³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

Notation

Ceiling-CCeiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occuriInhalable fractionSTELShort-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-
minute period (unless otherwise specified)TWATime-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8
hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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Relevant DNELs of components									
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time			
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	DNEL	1 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects			
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	DNEL	4 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects			

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	PNEC	0.37 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	PNEC	0.24 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	PNEC	2.27 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	PNEC	817.4 ^{mg} / ^{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

- material thickness
- >0,11 mm

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• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Colour	dark grey - dark brown
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	2,300 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	substance which, in contact with water, emits flammable gases (in accordance with GHS criter- ia)
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not applicable
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	(Hydrolysis)
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	0.37 (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	not determined

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Density and/or relative density	
Density	2.22 ^g / _{cm³} at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Bulk density	800 – 900 ^{kg} / _{m³}
Particle characteristics Particle size	0.1 – 1 mm
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	none
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.
Other safety characteristics:	There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

9.2

It's a reactive substance. Reactivity with water.

10.2 Chemical stability

Moisture-sensitive.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Material reacts vigorously with water emitting flammable gases

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

copper, silver

Release of flammable materials with Water

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic. GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

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Acute toxicity									
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source				
oral	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA				
dermal	LD50	>2,500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit		ECHA				

Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	oral	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

• Other information none

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11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
LC50	>50 ^{mg} /l	fish	ECHA	96 h	
EC50	4.62 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	46 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h	

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	LC50	50.6 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	EC50	49.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	ErC50	184.6 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	LC50	53.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	14 d
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	EC50	300.4 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.9984 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.373 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

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12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H4.3 Substances or wastes which, in contact with water emit ammable gasesH11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 1402
	IMDG-Code	UN 1402
	ICAO-TI	UN 1402
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	CALCIUM CARBIDE
	IMDG-Code	CALCIUM CARBIDE
	ICAO-TI	Calcium carbide
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	4.3
	IMDG-Code	4.3
	ICAO-TI	4.3
14.4	Packing group	

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

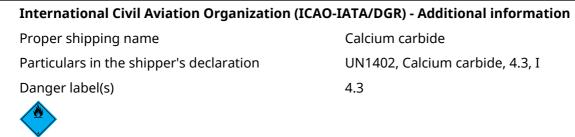


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articl	e number: 6110	
	UN RTDG	Ι
	IMDG-Code	Ι
	ICAO-TI	Ι
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instru	
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bu	lk.
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Reg	ulations
	Transport informationNational regulation	sAdditional information(UN RTDG)
	UN number	1402
	Class	4.3
	Packing group	Ι
	Danger label(s)	4.3
	Special provisions (SP)	951 UN RTDG
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E0 UN RTDG
	Limited quantities (LQ)	0 UN RTDG
	Emergency Action Code	4W
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	Code (IMDG) - Additional information
	Proper shipping name	CALCIUM CARBIDE
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1402, CALCIUM CARBIDE, 4.3, I
	Marine pollutant	-
	Danger label(s)	4.3
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	EO
	Limited quantities (LQ)	0
	EmS	<u>F-G</u> , S-N
	Stowage category	B

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Excepted quantities (EQ)

E0

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIICAustralian Inventory of Industrial ChemicalsCICRChemical Inventory and Control RegulationCSCL-ENCSList of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)DSLDomestic Substances List (DSL)ECSIEC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)IECSCInventory of Existing Chemical SubstancesINSQNational Inventory of Chemical SubstancesKECIKorea Existing Chemicals Inventory



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Legend	
	ional Chemical Inventory
	v Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Phili	ippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REA	CH registered substances
TCSI Taiw	van Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxi	ic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na tions	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 lethality during a specified time interval	

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WES	ES Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants	

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H260	In contact with water releases flammable gases, which may ignite spontaneously.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.