acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Bouin's fixative, ready-to-use, for histology

article number: 6482 date of compilation: 2018-11-27 Version: GHS 3.0 en Revision: 2023-03-01

Replaces version of: 2022-06-09

Version: (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Bouin's fixative**, ready-to-use, for histology

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1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not

use for private purposes (household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr, 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Uses advised against:

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

Emergency telephone number 1.4

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------|
| NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital | Hawkesbury Road | 2145 West- mead, NSW | 131126 | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

| Section | Hazard class | Cat- egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 2.6 | Flammable liquid | 4 | Flam. Liq. 4 | H227 |
| 3.10 | Acute toxicity (oral) | 4 | Acute Tox. 4 | H302 |
| 3.1D | Acute toxicity (dermal) | | Acute Tox. 4 | H312 |
| 3.2 | .2 Skin corrosion/irritation | | Skin Corr. 1C | H314 |
| 3.3 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | 1 | Eye Dam. 1 | H318 |

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| Section | Hazard class | | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|--|----|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 3.45 | Skin sensitisation | | Skin Sens. 1 | H317 |
| 3.5 | Germ cell mutagenicity | | Muta. 2 | H341 |
| 3.6 | Carcinogenicity | 1B | Carc. 1B | H350 |
| 3.8 | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | | STOT SE 2 | H371 |
| 3.8R | 1 3 3 , 3 , | | STOT SE 3 | H335 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07, GHS08







Hazard statements

| H227 | Combustible liquid |
|-----------|--|
| H302+H312 | Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects |
| H350 | May cause cancer |
| H371 | May cause damage to organs (eye) |

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

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Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed P403+P233

For professional users only

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Formaldehyde ... %, Methanol, Picric acid, Acetic

acid ... %

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 **Mixtures**

Description of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | Identifier | Wt% | Classification acc. to GHS | Pictograms | Notes |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Formaldehyde % | CAS No 50-00-0 | 10 - < 15 | Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1C / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Muta. 2 / H341 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT SE 3 / H335 | | B D IARC: 1 RoC "Known" |
| Acetic acid % | CAS No 64-19-7 | 5 – < 10 | Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 | | B(a) |
| Methanol | CAS No 67-56-1 | 1-<5 | Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370 | | |
| Picric acid | CAS No 88-89-1 | 1-<5 | Expl. 1.1 / H201 Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 | | |

Notes

B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution

Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different classification and labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In Part 3 entries with Note B have a general designation of the following type: 'nitric acid ... %'. In this case the supplier must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the percentage concentration is calculated on a weight/weight basis.

D: Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form. It is in this form that they are listed in Part 3. However, such substances are some-times placed on the market in a non-stabilised form. In this case, the supplier must state on the label the name of the

substance followed by the words 'non-stabilised'.

IARC: 1: IARC group 1: carcinogenic to humans (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

ROC NTP-ROC: Known To Be A Human Carcinogen

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16



SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Gastric perforation, Vomiting, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness, Allergic reactions, Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea, Headache, Vertigo, Dizziness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Ingredients of the mixture combustible. The product itself does not burn.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised. Danger of explosion.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

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Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

high temperatures, direct light irradiation, UV-radiation/sunlight

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters 8.1

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Cou ntr y | Name of agent | CAS No | Identi- fier | TW A [pp m] | TWA [mg/ m³] | STE L [pp m] | STEL [mg/ m³] | Ceil ing- C [pp m] | Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³] | Nota- tion | Source |
|-----------------|--|---------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| AU | formaldehyde | 50-00-0 | WES | 1 | 1.2 | 2 | 2.5 | | | | WES |
| AU | acetic acid | 64-19-7 | WES | 10 | 25 | 15 | 37 | | | | WES |
| AU | methyl alcohol (methanol) | 67-56-1 | WES | 200 | 262 | 250 | 328 | | | Н | WES |
| AU | picric acid (2,4,6- trinitrophenol) | 88-89-1 | WES | | 0.1 | | | | | | WES |

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Ceiling-C

Absorbed through the skin Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) STEL

TWA

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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effects

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture Name of sub-**CAS No** End-**Threshol Used** in **Exposure time Protection** goal, route of stance point d level exposure human, inhalat-Formaldehyde ... % 50-00-0 **DNEL** 9 mg/m³ worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects chronic - local ef-Formaldehyde ... % 50-00-0 DNEL 0.375 mg/ human, inhalatworker (industry) fects ory 0.75 mg/ human, inhalatacute - local ef-Formaldehyde ... % 50-00-0 DNEL worker (industry) m³ ory fects Formaldehyde ... % 50-00-0 DNEL 240 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects bw/day Formaldehyde ... % chronic - local ef-50-00-0 DNEL 37 μg/cm² human, dermal worker (industry) fects Methanol human, inhalat-67-56-1 DNEL 130 mg/m³ worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects ory human, inhalat-Methanol 67-56-1 DNEL 130 mg/m³ worker (industry) acute - systemic effects ory human, inhalatchronic - local ef-Methanol 67-56-1 DNEL 130 mg/m³ worker (industry) ory fects Methanol 67-56-1 DNEL 130 mg/m³ human, inhalatacute - local efworker (industry) fects ory Methanol 67-56-1 DNEL 20 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic bw/day effects DNEL Methanol 67-56-1 20 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) acute - systemic

bw/day

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | End- point | Threshol d level | Organism | Environmental compartment | Exposure time |
|------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | PNEC | 0.44 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | freshwater | short-term (single instance) |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | PNEC | 0.44 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | marine water | short-term (single instance) |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | PNEC | 0.19 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | sewage treatment plant (STP) | short-term (single instance) |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | PNEC | 2.3 ^{mg} / _{kg} | aquatic organ- isms | freshwater sedi- ment | short-term (single instance) |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | PNEC | 2.3 ^{mg} / _{kg} | aquatic organ- isms | marine sediment | short-term (single instance) |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | PNEC | 0.2 ^{mg} / _{kg} | terrestrial organ- isms | soil | short-term (single instance) |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | PNEC | 20.8 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | freshwater | short-term (single instance) |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | PNEC | 2.08 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | marine water | short-term (single instance) |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | PNEC | 100 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | sewage treatment plant (STP) | short-term (single instance) |

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| Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | End- point | Threshol d level | Organism | Environmental compartment | Exposure time |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | PNEC | 77 ^{mg} / _{kg} | aquatic organ- isms | freshwater sedi- ment | short-term (single instance) |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | PNEC | 7.7 ^{mg} / _{kg} | aquatic organ- isms | marine sediment | short-term (single instance) |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | PNEC | 100 ^{mg} / _{kg} | terrestrial organ- isms | soil | short-term (single instance) |

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

>0,4 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





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Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties 9.1

Physical state liquid Colour yellow

Odour like formaldehyde not determined Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

>35 °C

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined Flash point not determined Auto-ignition temperature not determined Decomposition temperature not relevant 1 - 2 (20 °C) pH (value)

not determined Kinematic viscosity

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density \sim 1 $^{\rm g}/_{\rm cm^3}$ at 20 $^{\rm o}$ C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

> Information with regard to physical hazard There is no additional information.

classes:

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Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water



10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in case of drying up,

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Permanganates, for example potassium permanganate, Peroxides, Nitric acid, Strong alkali, Hydrogen peroxide

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from heat. Direct light irradiation. UV-radiation/sunlight. Do not dry up the product.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | ATE |
|-------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | oral | 100 ^{mg} / _{kg} |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | dermal | 300 ^{mg} / _{kg} |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | inhalation: vapour | 3 ^{mg} / _l /4h |
| Picric acid | 88-89-1 | oral | 200 ^{mg} / _{kg} |
| Picric acid | 88-89-1 | dermal | 300 ^{mg} / _{kg} |
| | | | |

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Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | ATE |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Picric acid | 88-89-1 | inhalation: dust/mist | 0.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h |

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | Endpoint | Value | Species |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | oral | LD50 | 3,310 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat |
| Picric acid | 88-89-1 | oral | LD50 | 200 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | inhalation: va- pour | LC50 | 131 ^{mg} / _l /4h | rat |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | oral | LD50 | 5,628 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | oral | LDLo | 143 ^{mg} / _{kg} | human |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | dermal | LD50 | 15,800 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rabbit |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause damage to organs (eye). May cause respiratory irritation.

| Hazard category | Target organ | Exposure route |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 2 | eye | if exposed |

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

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• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

| Aquat | ic tox | icity (| acute |) of | compoi | nents of | the mix | kture |
|-------|--------|---------|-------|------|--------|----------|---------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | |

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
|------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | LC50 | 6.7 ^{mg} / _l | fish | 96 h |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | EC50 | 5.8 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic invertebrates | 48 h |
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | ErC50 | 4.89 ^{mg} / _l | algae | 72 h |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | LC50 | >300.8 ^{mg} / _l | fish | 96 h |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | EC50 | >300.8 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic invertebrates | 48 h |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | ErC50 | >300.8 ^{mg} / _l | algae | 72 h |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | LC50 | 15,400 ^{mg} / _l | fish | 96 h |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | ErC50 | 22,000 ^{mg} / _l | algae | 96 h |

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
|------------------------|---------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | EC50 | 19 ^{mg} / _l | microorganisms | 3 h |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Process | Degrada- tion rate | Time | Method | Source |
|-------------------|---------|----------------|-----------------------|------|--------|--------|
| Formaldehyde % | 50-00-0 | DOC removal | 99 % | 28 d | | ECHA |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | biotic/abiotic | 99 % | 30 d | | |

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| Degradability of components of the mixture | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|--------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | Process | Degrada- tion rate | Time | Method | Source |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | biotic/abiotic | 99 % | 30 d | | |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | oxygen deple- tion | 69 % | 5 d | | ECHA |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

| Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture | | | | | |
|--|---------|------|----------------------------|----------|--|
| Name of substance | CAS No | BCF | Log KOW | BOD5/COD | |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | 3.16 | -0.17 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) | | |
| Picric acid | 88-89-1 | | 1.33 | | |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | | -0.77 | | |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H8 Corrosives

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN

3265

IMDG-Code UN 3265

ICAO-TI UN 3265

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) Formaldehyde ... %, Acetic acid ... %

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 8

IMDG-Code 8

ICAO-TI 8

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG

IMDG-Code III

ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulátions

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 3265

Class 8
Packing group III
Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

UN RTDG

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Limited quantities (LQ) 5 I

UN RTDG

Emergency Action Code 2X

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. Proper shipping name

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3265, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC,

N.O.S., (contains: Formaldehyde ... %, Acetic acid ... %), 8, III

Marine pollutant

8 Danger label(s)

Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 5 L Limited quantities (LQ)

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category Α

1 - Acids Segregation group

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration

UN3265, Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s., (contains: Formaldehyde ... %, Acetic acid ... %), 8,

III

8 Danger label(s)



Special provisions (SP) **A3** Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|------------|--|
| AU | AIIC | all ingredients are listed |
| CA | DSL | all ingredients are listed |
| CN | IECSC | all ingredients are listed |
| EU | ECSI | all ingredients are listed |
| EU | REACH Reg. | all ingredients are listed |
| JP | CSCL-ENCS | all ingredients are listed |
| JP | ISHA-ENCS | not all ingredients are listed |
| KR | KECI | all ingredients are listed |
| MX | INSQ | all ingredients are listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | all ingredients are listed |
| PH | PICCS | all ingredients are listed |
| TR | CICR | not all ingredients are listed |
| TW | TCSI | all ingredients are listed |
| US | TSCA | all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE" |

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China INSQ Inventory of Chemical Substances
INVENTOR I

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|--|---|--------------------------|
| 2.1 | | Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 2.1 | The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. | The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. | yes |

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| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|---|--|--------------------------|
| 2.2 | | Hazard statements: change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 2.2 | | Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 2.2 | Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Formaldehyde %, Acetic acid %, Picric acid | Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Formaldehyde %, Methanol, Picric acid, Acet- ic acid % | yes |
| 2.3 | | Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | yes |
| 14.1 | UN number: not subject to transport regulations | UN number | yes |
| 14.1 | | UN RTDG: UN 3265 | yes |
| 14.1 | | IMDG-Code: UN 3265 | yes |
| 14.1 | | ICAO-TI: UN 3265 | yes |
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name: not assigned | UN proper shipping name | yes |
| 14.2 | | UN RTDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. | yes |
| 14.2 | | IMDG-Code: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. | yes |
| 14.2 | | ICAO-TI: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. | yes |
| 14.2 | | Technical name (hazardous ingredients): Formaldehyde %, Acetic acid % | yes |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es): not assigned | Transport hazard class(es) | yes |
| 14.3 | | UN RTDG: 8 | yes |
| 14.3 | | IMDG-Code: 8 | yes |
| 14.3 | | ICAO-TI: 8 | yes |
| 14.4 | Packing group: not assigned | Packing group | yes |
| 14.4 | | UN RTDG: III | yes |
| 14.4 | | IMDG-Code: III | yes |
| 14.4 | | ICAO-TI: III | yes |
| 14.8 | Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG): Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG | Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG) | yes |

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| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|---|---|--------------------------|
| 14.8 | | UN number: 3265 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Class: 8 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Packing group: III | yes |
| 14.8 | | Danger label(s): 8 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Danger label(s): change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 14.8 | | Special provisions (SP): 223, 274 UN RTDG | yes |
| 14.8 | | Excepted quantities (EQ): E1 UN RTDG | yes |
| 14.8 | | Limited quantities (LQ): 5 L UN RTDG | yes |
| 14.8 | | Emergency Action Code: 2X | yes |
| 14.8 | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information: Not subject to IMDG. | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information | yes |
| 14.8 | | Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. | yes |
| 14.8 | | Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3265, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S., (contains: Formaldehyde %, Acetic acid %), 8, III | yes |
| 14.8 | | Marine pollutant: | yes |
| 14.8 | | Danger label(s): 8 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Danger label(s): change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 14.8 | | Special provisions (SP): 223, 274 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Excepted quantities (EQ): E1 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Limited quantities (LQ): 5 L | yes |
| 14.8 | | EmS: F-A, S-B | yes |
| 14.8 | | Stowage category: A | yes |
| 14.8 | | Segregation group: 1 - Acids | yes |

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| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|---|---|--------------------------|
| 14.8 | International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information: Not subject to ICAO-IATA. | International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information | yes |
| 14.8 | | Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. | yes |
| 14.8 | | Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3265, Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s., (contains: Formaldehyde %, Acetic acid %), 8, III | yes |
| 14.8 | | Danger label(s): 8 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Danger label(s): change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 14.8 | | Special provisions (SP): A3 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Excepted quantities (EQ): E1 | yes |
| 14.8 | | Limited quantities (LQ): 1 L | yes |
| 15.1 | | National inventories: change in the listing (table) | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|------------|--|
| Acute Tox. | Acute toxicity |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| BOD | Biochemical Oxygen Demand |
| Carc. | Carcinogenicity |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| COD | Chemical oxygen demand |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| DNEL | Derived No-Effect Level |
| EC50 | Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| EmS | Emergency Schedule |
| ErC50 | ≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control |
| Expl. | Explosive material |

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| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-------------|---|
| Eye Dam. | Seriously damaging to the eye |
| Eye Irrit. | Irritant to the eye |
| Flam. Liq. | Flammable liquid |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| ICAO-TI | Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| IMDG-Code | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| log KOW | n-Octanol/water |
| Muta. | Germ cell mutagenicity |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| NTP-RoC | National Toxicology Program: Report on Carcinogens |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| PNEC | Predicted No-Effect Concentration |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| Skin Corr. | Corrosive to skin |
| Skin Irrit. | Irritant to skin |
| Skin Sens. | Skin sensitisation |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| STOT SE | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UN RTDG | UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good |
| Unst. Expl. | Unstable explosive material |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| WES | Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants |

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|------|--|
| H201 | Explosive; mass explosion hazard. |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H227 | Combustible liquid. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs (eye). |
| H371 | May cause damage to organs (eye). |

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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