acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

date of compilation: 2021-05-05

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Estragon oil, pure

article number: 6602 Version: GHS 2.0 en

Replaces version of: 2021-05-05

Version: (GHS 1)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Estragon oil, pure

Article number 6602

CAS number 90131-45-6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

2.1

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.45	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.5	Germ cell mutagenicity	2	Muta. 2	H341
3.6	Carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



Hazard statements

H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H351	Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

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Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

"UVCB substance" (substance of unknown or variable composition).

Name of substance Estragon oil

CAS No 90131-45-6

Impurities/additives/constituents:

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Methylchavicol	CAS No 140-67-0	75 – 90
cis-β-Ocimene	CAS No 3338-55-4	5 – 10
L-(-)-Limonene	CAS No 5989-54-8	1 – 5
Myrcene	CAS No 123-35-3	<1
DL-α-Pinene	CAS No 80-56-8	<1
β-Caryophyllene	CAS No 87-44-5	<1

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

In case of skin reactions, consult a physician. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

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Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Vomiting, Irritation, Allergic reactions

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

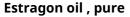
Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

Relevant DNELs of components

	-					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	DNEL	33.3 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	DNEL	222 μg/ cm²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	DNEL	3.8 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	DNEL	0.542 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	PNEC	5.4 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	PNEC	0.54 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	PNEC	0.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	PNEC	1.322 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	PNEC	0.132 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	PNEC	0.262 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0.606 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0.061 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	157 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	15.7 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	31.7 ^{µg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

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8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

≥0,3 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour yellowish brown
Odour characteristic
Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 203 °C

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point 70 °C

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant
pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density 0.95 g/_{cm³}

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard There is no additional information.

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Refractive index 1.51

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Methylchavicol	140-67-0	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
Methylchavicol	140-67-0	oral	LD50	>300 – <2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oral	LD50	3,700 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	oral	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	mouse
Myrcene	123-35-3	oral	LD50	>3,380 ^{mg} / _{kg}	mouse
Myrcene	123-35-3	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

• If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

causes skin irritation, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components								
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time			
Methylchavicol	140-67-0	EC50	17.58 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h			
Methylchavicol	140-67-0	ErC50	2.81 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h			
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	LC50	0.303 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h			
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	EC50	0.475 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h			

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	EC50	>0.17 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	ErC50	>0.033 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Myrcene	123-35-3	EC50	1.47 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Myrcene	123-35-3	EC50	0.31 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Myrcene	123-35-3	ErC50	0.342 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Methylchavicol	140-67-0	oxygen deple- tion	46 %	10 d		ECHA
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	oxygen deple- tion	85 %	28 d		ECHA
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oxygen deple- tion	68 %	28 d		ECHA
β-Caryophyl- lene	87-44-5	oxygen deple- tion	10 %	28 d		ECHA
Myrcene	123-35-3	oxygen deple- tion	76 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Methylchavicol	140-67-0		3.4 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
cis-β-Ocimene	3338-55-4		5.4 (25 °C)	
L-(-)-Limonene	5989-54-8	864.8	4.38 (pH value: 7.2, 37 °C)	
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8		4.83	
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5		6.23 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
Myrcene	123-35-3		4.82 (pH value: ~6.5, 30 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

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12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN	num	ber
17.1	OIA	HUMILI	vcı

UN RTDG	UN 3082
IMDG-Code	UN 3082
ICAO-TI	UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LI-
	QUID, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LI-

QUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid,

n.o.s.

Technical name Estragon oil

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	9
IMDG-Code	9
ICAO-TI	9

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14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 3082
Class 9
Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group III
Danger label(s) 9

Fish and tree



Special provisions (SP) 274, 331, 335, 375

UN RTDĞ

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

ŪN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

5 L UN RTDG

Emergency Action Code 3Z

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LI-

QUID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB-

STANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S., (Estragon oil), 9, III

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Estragon oil)

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 969

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

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EmS F-A, S-F

Stowage category Α

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid,

UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, Particulars in the shipper's declaration

liquid, n.o.s., (Estragon oil), 9, III

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

9, "Fish and tree" Danger label(s)

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A197, A215

E1 Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

National Chemical Inventory

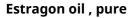
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: DL-α-Pinene, Methylchavicol, L-Limonene, β-Ca- ryophyllene		yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.2	Technical name: Eugenol methyl ether, Cis-β-Ocimene	Technical name: Estragon oil	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 3Z	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB- STANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S., (contains: Eugenol methyl ether, cis-β-Ocimene), 9, III	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB- STANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S., (Estragon oil), 9, III	yes
14.8	Marine pollutant: yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (cis-β-Ocimene)	Marine pollutant: yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Es- tragon oil)	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (contains: Eugenol methyl ether, cis-β-Ocimene), 9, III	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (Estragon oil), 9, III	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

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acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Estragon oil , pure

article number: 6602

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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