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date of compilation: 2018-10-25

Revision: 2024-03-02

## Silver nitrate ≥99,9 %, p.a., Ultra Quality

article number: **6874** Version: **GHS 5.0 en** Replaces version of: 2022-06-13 Version: (GHS 4)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance

Article number CAS number Silver nitrate ≥99,9 %, p.a., Ultra Quality 6874

7761-88-8

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

## e-mail (competent person):

## sicherheit@carlroth.de

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.14	Oxidising solid	2	Ox. Sol. 2	H272
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

**Pictograms** 

GHS03, GHS05



## **Hazard statements**

H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

## **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P260	Do not breathe dusts or mists
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

## 2.3 Other hazards

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Silver nitrate
Molecular formula	$AgNO_3$
Molar mass	169.9 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
CAS No	7761-88-8



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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures



## **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation

# **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** none

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidising property. Non-combustible.

## Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



## For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle and open container with care. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

## Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits. Keep away from combustible material.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

## Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage. Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

## National limit values

## **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

#### Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 STEL

TWA hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

## Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels					
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	0.016 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

## **Environmental values**

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels							
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time				
PNEC	0.04 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	0.86 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	0.025 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	438.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	438.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	1.41 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)				

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

## **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

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#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

>0,11 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

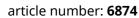
## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	crystalline
Colour	colourless
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	210 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	440 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined

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Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	>440 °C
pH (value)	4 – 6 (in aqueous solution: 100 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> , 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	2,160 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C
Water solubility	2,100 / 4(20 C
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not relevant (inorganic)
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density and/or relative density	
<u></u>	
Density	4.35 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Bulk density	~2,300 <sup>kg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub>
Particle characteristics	No data available.
Other sefet is successfully	
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	oxidiser
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	
Corrosive to metals	category 1: corrosive to metals
Other safety characteristics:	There is no additional information.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

It's a reactive substance. Oxidising property. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** Acetylene, Aldehydes, Alcohols, Ammonia (NH3), Ammonium hydroxide, Azides, Combustible materials, Carbide, Ethanol, Halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrazine, Magnesium, Nitriles, Nitro compound, Reducing agents

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# **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: >440 °C.

- **10.5 Incompatible materials** combustible materials, different metals, aluminium, Steel
- **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## **11.1** Information on toxicological effects

## **Classification acc. to GHS**

## Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity	,	

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

## **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## • If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

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## • If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

## • If inhaled

Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system, cough, breathing difficulties

## • If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

## • Other information

none

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	1.2 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h
Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure

aquatic invertebrates

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

EC50

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

0.8 <sup>µg</sup>/I

BCF	70 (ECHA)	
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## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

time

7 d

ECHA

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### **Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)**

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H5.1 Oxidizing

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1 UN number

	UN RTDG	UN 1493
	IMDG-Code	UN 1493
	ICAO-TI	UN 1493
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	SILVER NITRATE
	IMDG-Code	SILVER NITRATE
	ICAO-TI	Silver nitrate
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	5.1
	IMDG-Code	5.1
	ICAO-TI	5.1
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment

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# **14.6** Special precautions for userThere is no additional information.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)				
UN number	1493			
Class	5.1			
Environmental hazards	Yes Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
Packing group	II			
Danger label(s)	5.1 Fish and tree			
Special provisions (SP)				
	UN RTDG			
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2 UN RTDG			
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg UN RTDG			
Emergency Action Code	1Y			
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information				
Proper shipping name	SILVER NITRATE			
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1493, SILVER NITRATE, 5.1, II, MARINE POL- LUTANT			
Marine pollutant	<b>Yes</b> (hazardous to the aquatic environment)			
Danger label(s)	5.1, "Fish and tree"			
Special provisions (SP)	-			
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2			
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg			
EmS	F-A, S-Q			
Stowage category	A			
Segregation group	7 - Heavy metals and their salts			

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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information		
Proper shipping name	Silver nitrate	
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1493, Silver nitrate, 5.1, II	
Environmental hazards	<b>Yes</b> (hazardous to the aquatic environment)	
Danger label(s)	5.1	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2	
Limited quantities (LQ)	2,5 kg	

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 There is no additional information.

## National regulations(Australia)

## Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

## **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

## National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) Domestic Substances List (DSL)

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Legend	
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 1Y	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

## Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants	

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

## Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.