acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

#### Antimony(III) oxide ≥95 %, extra pure

article number: 7348 date of compilation: 2016-05-24 Version: GHS 4.0 en

Replaces version of: 2023-12-08

Version: (GHS 3)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **Antimony(III) oxide** ≥95 %, extra pure

Article number 7348

CAS number 1309-64-4

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### **Emergency telephone number** 1.4

| Name   | Street          | Postal code/city        | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------|
| NSW Poisons Information Centre<br>Childrens Hospital | Hawkesbury Road | 2145 West-<br>mead, NSW | 131126    |         |

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

| Section | Hazard class    | Cat-<br>egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard<br>statement |
|---------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 3.6     | Carcinogenicity | 2             | Carc. 2                   | H351                |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 **Label elements**

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Labelling

Signal word Warning

**Pictograms** 

GHS08



#### **Hazard statements**

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

#### **Precautionary statements**

## **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

#### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P405 Store locked up

#### **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 **Substances**

Name of substance Antimony(III) oxide

Molecular formula  $Sb_2O_3$ 

Molar mass 291.5 g/mol CAS No 1309-64-4

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following ingestion

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache, Cough, Vertigo, Nausea, Irritant effects, Vomiting, Dyspnoea

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

## Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

| Coun<br>try | Name of agent     | CAS No    | Identifi-<br>er | TWA<br>[mg/<br>m³] | STEL<br>[mg/<br>m³] | Ceil-<br>ing-C<br>[mg/<br>m³] | Nota-<br>tion | Source |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| AU          | antimony trioxide | 1309-64-4 | WES             | 0.5                |                     |                               | Sb, spec      | WES    |

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Calculated as Sb (antimony) Ceiling-C

For specific applications or uses

spec STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

**TWA** Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### **Human health values**

# **Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels**

| Endpoint | Threshold<br>level                  | Protection goal, route of exposure | Used in           | Exposure time              |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| DNEL     | 0.315 mg/m <sup>3</sup>             | human, inhalatory                  | worker (industry) | chronic - local effects    |
| DNEL     | DNEL 67 mg/kg bw/ human, dermal day |                                    | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects |

#### **Environmental values**

## **Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels**

| End-<br>point | Threshold<br>level                 | Organism              | Environmental com-<br>partment  | Exposure time                |  |
|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| PNEC          | 0.135 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> | aquatic organisms     | freshwater                      | short-term (single instance) |  |
| PNEC          | 0.013 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> | aquatic organisms     | marine water                    | short-term (single instance) |  |
| PNEC          | 3.05 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>  | aquatic organisms     | sewage treatment plant<br>(STP) | short-term (single instance) |  |
| PNEC          | 13.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> | aquatic organisms     | freshwater sediment             | short-term (single instance) |  |
| PNEC          | 2.68 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> | aquatic organisms     | marine sediment                 | short-term (single instance) |  |
| PNEC          | 44.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> | terrestrial organisms | soil                            | short-term (single instance) |  |

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**



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#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

>0,11 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form crystalline

Colour white

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 656 °C (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 1,425 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)

range

Flammability non-combustible

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ROTH

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature not determined
Decomposition temperature not relevant
pH (value) not applicable
Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility <0.0287 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub> at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density not determined

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Bulk density  $\sim 1,100 \text{ kg/}_{\text{m}^3}$ 

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: Reducing agents, Metal powder, Acids

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

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There is no additional information.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if inhaled.

| Acute toxicity            | Acute toxicity |                                       |         |        |        |  |  |
|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Exposure route            | Endpoint       | Value                                 | Species | Method | Source |  |  |
| inhalation: dust/<br>mist | LC50           | >5.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h | rat     |        | ECHA   |  |  |
| dermal                    | LD50           | >8,300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>  | rabbit  |        | ECHA   |  |  |

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

gastrointestinal complaints

#### • If in eyes

Data are not available.

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Other information

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

| Aquatic toxicity (acı | ute)  |         |        |   |
|-----------------------|-------|---------|--------|---|
| Endpoint              | Value | Species | Source | E |
|                       |       |         |        |   |

| Endpoint | Value                              | Species | Source | Exposure<br>time |
|----------|------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------------|
| LC50     | 14.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>  | fish    | ECHA   | 96 h             |
| ErC50    | >36.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> | algae   | ECHA   | 72 h             |

#### **Aquatic toxicity (chronic)**

| Endpoint | Value                             | Species               | Source | Exposure<br>time |
|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|
| LC50     | 4.77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> | aquatic invertebrates | ECHA   | 21 d             |
| EC50     | 3.82 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> | aquatic invertebrates | ECHA   | 21 d             |

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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#### If inhaled

Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system

• If on skin

Data are not available.

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

| 14.1 | UN number                  | not subject to transport regulations |
|------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name    | not assigned                         |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | not assigned                         |
| 14.4 | Packing group              | not assigned                         |

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

#### National regulations(Australia)

#### Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

| Country | Inventory  | Status                       |
|---------|------------|------------------------------|
| AU      | AIIC       | substance is listed          |
| CA      | DSL        | substance is listed          |
| CN      | IECSC      | substance is listed          |
| EU      | ECSI       | substance is listed          |
| EU      | REACH Reg. | substance is listed          |
| JP      | CSCL-ENCS  | substance is listed          |
| KR      | KECI       | substance is listed          |
| MX      | INSQ       | substance is listed          |
| NZ      | NZIoC      | substance is listed          |
| PH      | PICCS      | substance is listed          |
| TR      | CICR       | substance is listed          |
| TW      | TCSI       | substance is listed          |
| US      | TSCA       | substance is listed (ACTIVE) |
| VN      | NCI        | substance is listed          |

#### Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

CICR CSCL-ENCS

DSL ECSI

Chemical Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

Vorce Spiriting Chemicals Inventory **IECSC** 

INSQ

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory National Chemical Inventory

NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taken Chemical Substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory **TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act** 

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value)   | Actual entry (text/value)   | Safety-<br>relev-<br>ant |
|---------|---|---|--------------------------|
| 2.3     | Endocrine disrupting properties:<br>Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in<br>a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | Endocrine disrupting properties:<br>Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at<br>a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | yes                      |

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

| Abbr.     | Descriptions of used abbreviations   |
|-----------|--|
| CAS       | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)   |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value  |
| DGR       | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)   |
| DNEL      | Derived No-Effect Level  |
| EC50      | Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval |
| ED        | Endocrine disruptor  |
| EINECS    | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  |
| ELINCS    | European List of Notified Chemical Substances  |
| ErC50     | ≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control           |
| GHS       | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations  |
| IATA      | International Air Transport Association  |
| IATA/DGR  | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)   |
| ICAO      | International Civil Aviation Organization  |
| IMDG      | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  |
| LC50      | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval                                |
| LD50      | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval   |
| NLP       | No-Longer Polymer  |
| PBT       | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  |
| PNEC      | Predicted No-Effect Concentration  |
| STEL      | Short-term exposure limit  |
| TWA       | Time-weighted average  |
| UN RTDG   | UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good  |
| vPvB      | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative   |
| WES       | Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants  |

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## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text                         |
|------|------------------------------|
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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