acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: **8360**Version: **5.0 en**date of compilation: 2015-06-05
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Version: (4)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

Article number 8360

 Index No (GB CLP)
 607-743-00-5

 EC number
 201-196-2

 CAS number
 79-33-4

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into direct

contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feed-

ingstuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1C	Skin Corr. 1C	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

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#### **Supplemental hazard information**

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH071	corrosive to the respiratory tract

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

**Pictograms** 

GHS05



#### **Hazard statements**

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

#### **Supplemental hazard information**

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance L-lactic acid Molecular formula  $C_3H_6O_3$  Molar mass  $90,08\,^g/_{mol}$  CAS No 79-33-4 EC No 201-196-2 Index No (GB CLP) 607-743-00-5

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!

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water, foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

#### **6.2** Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep in a cool place. Hygroscopic solid.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Protect against external exposure, such as

high temperatures, humidity

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters** 8.1

#### **National limit values**

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
GB	dust		WEL	10			i	EH40/2005
GB	dust		WEL	4			r	EH40/2005

#### Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

Respirable fraction

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) TWA

### **Environmental values**

#### Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels **Threshold** End-**Organism Environmental com-Exposure time** point level partment **PNEC** 1,3 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>l</sub> freshwater short-term (single instance) aquatic organisms **PNEC** 10 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>1</sub> sewage treatment plant aquatic organisms short-term (single instance) (STP)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

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#### **Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)**

#### **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

#### type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### material thickness

≥0,3 mm 0,7mm

#### breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form powder, crystalline

Colour whitish
Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 53 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 227,6 °C range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point 110 °C

Auto-ignition temperature >400 °C at 1.019 hPa

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 2,8 (in aqueous solution: 10 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub>, 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (soluble)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): -0,54 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 0 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density  $1,19^{\circ}/_{cm^3}$  at 25 °C (ECHA)

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

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Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension  $70.7 \,^{\text{mN}}/_{\text{m}} (20 \,^{\circ}\text{C}) (ECHA)$ 



### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Moisture-sensitive. Hygroscopic solid.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

#### **Acute toxicity** Source **Exposure route Endpoint** Method **Value Species** 3.543 mg/kg LD50 **ECHA** oral rat inhalation: dust/ >7,94 mg/<sub>I</sub>/4h **ECHA** LC50 rat mist **ECHA** dermal LD50 $>2.000 \, \text{mg/kg}$ rabbit

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

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#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

#### If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### If inhaled

corrosive to the respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

#### If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

#### Other information

none

### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

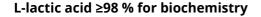
#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) **Endpoint Value Species Source Exposure** time 130 mg/<sub>I</sub> EC50 aquatic invertebrates **ECHA** 48 h 3,5 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub> ErC50 algae **ECHA** 72 h

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Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

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### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	>88,2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	ECHA	3 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1,066  $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$  Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1,466  $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ 

### **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

#### **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	50 %	5 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,54 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0 <sup>Pa m³</sup> / <sub>mol</sub> (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	0 (ECHA)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

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#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**HP 4** irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

**HP8** corrosive

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 3261
IMDG-Code	UN 3261
ICAO-TI	UN 3261

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
ICAO-TI	Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical name L-Lactic acid

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8

#### 14.4 Packing group

ADRRID	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III

## **14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

gerous goods regulátions

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

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#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the transport document UN3261, CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC,

N.O.S., (L-lactic acid), 8, III, (E)

Classification code C4

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

Transport category (TC) 3

Tunnel restriction code (TRC)

Hazard identification No 80

Emergency Action Code 2X

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

momation

Classification code C4

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

Transport category (TC) 3

Hazard identification No 80

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3261, CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC,

N.O.S., (L-lactic acid), 8, III

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

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Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category A

Segregation group 1 - Acids

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3261, Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s., (L-

lactic acid), 8, III

Danger label(s)



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

5 kg

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
	not assigned		

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.190 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

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**Water Framework Directive (WFD)** 

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

**Regulation on drug precursors** 

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

not listed

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) AIIC

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Legend

ECSI IECSC INSQ

EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA **Toxic Substance Control Act** 

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Addition- al information	yes
14.8		Classification code: C4	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): 274	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 kg	yes
14.8		Transport category (TC): 3	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8		Hazard identification No: 80	yes
15.1	Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII		yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list: Not listed.		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % , 1.190 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 1.190 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	yes
15.1		National regulations(GB)	yes
15.1		List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list: not listed	yes
15.1		Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17: not listed	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

### Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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