according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



date of compilation: 2015-06-05

Revision: 2024-03-03

L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360 Version: 5.0 en Replaces version of: 2021-10-08 Version: (4)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance

Article number

Registration number (REACH)

L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

8360

It is not required to list the identified uses because the substance is not subject to registration according to REACH (< 1 t/a).

Index number in CLP Annex VI

EC number

CAS number

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	Dublin 9	+353 1 809 2166	https:// www.poisons.ie/

607-743-00-5

201-196-2

79-33-4

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	ion Hazard class		Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1C	Skin Corr. 1C	H314
3.3	3.3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation		Eye Dam. 1	H318

Supplemental hazard information

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH071	corrosive to the respiratory tract

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word	Danger
Pictograms	^
GHS05	
Hazard statemer	nts
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Precautionary st	atements
Precautionary st	atements - prevention
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of waterP305+P351+P338IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsingP310Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Supplemental hazard information

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

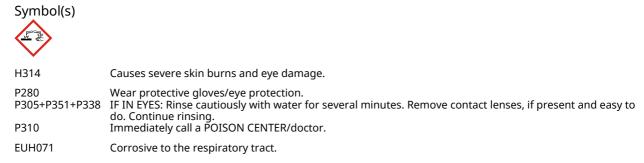
Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360



2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance	L-lactic acid
Molecular formula	$C_3H_6O_3$
Molar mass	90,08 ^g / _{mol}
CAS No	79-33-4
EC No	201-196-2
Index No	607-743-00-5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

- **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Corrosion, Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes
- **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep in a cool place. Hygroscopic solid.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

high temperatures, humidity

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
IE	dusts, non-specific		OELV	10			i	S.I. No. 619 of 2001
IE	dusts, non-specific		OELV	4			r	S.I. No. 619 of 2001

Notation

 Ceiling-C
 Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

 i
 Inhalable fraction

 r
 Respirable fraction

 STEL
 Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15minute period (unless otherwise specified)

 TWA
 Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Environm	Environmental values							
Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels							
End- point Threshold Organism level		Environmental com- partment	Exposure time					
PNEC	1,3 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)				

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

≥0,3 mm 0,7mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1	9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
	Physical state	solid	
	Form	powder, crystalline	
	Colour	whitish	
	Odour	odourless	
	Melting point/freezing point	53 °C	
	Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	227,6 °C	
	Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily	
	Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined	
	Flash point	110 °C	
	Auto-ignition temperature	>400 °C at 1.019 hPa	
	Decomposition temperature	not relevant	
	pH (value)	2,8 (in aqueous solution: 10 ^g / _l , 20 °C)	
	Kinematic viscosity	not relevant	
	Solubility(ies)		
	Water solubility	(soluble)	
	Partition coefficient		
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-0,54 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)	
	Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	0 (ECHA)	
	Vapour pressure	not determined	
	Density and/or relative density		
	Density	1,19 ^g / _{cm³} at 25 °C (ECHA)	
	Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.	
	Particle characteristics	No data available.	
	Other safety parameters		

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Oxidising propertiesnone9.2Other informationInformation with regard to physical hazard
classes:hazard c
(physical
Other safety characteristics:
Surface tensionSurface tension70,7 mN/
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)T2
Maximul

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

70,7 ^{mN}/_m (20 °C) (ECHA)

T2 Maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.2 Chemical stability

Moisture-sensitive. Hygroscopic solid.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali

10.4 Conditions to avoid Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	3.543 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA
inhalation: dust/ mist	LC50	>7,94 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

corrosive to the respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Aquatic toxicity (acute)						
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time		
EC50	130 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h		
ErC50	3,5 ^g / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h		

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	>88,2 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	ECHA	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1,066 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1,466 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability						
Process	Degradation rate	Time				
oxygen depletion	50 %	5 d				

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,54 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)	
	0,5 (pri value: 7, 25° c) (Eerin)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0 ^{Pa m³} / _{mol} (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	0 (ECHA)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

- HP 4 irritant skin irritation and eye damage
- HP8 corrosive

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number or ID number	
	ADRRID	UN 3261
	IMDG-Code	UN 3261
	ICAO-TI	UN 3261
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	ADRRID	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	ICAO-TI	Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.
	Technical name	L-Lactic acid
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADRRID	8
	IMDG-Code	8
	ICAO-TI	8
14.4	Packing group	
	ADRRID	III
	IMDG-Code	III

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

in cicic					
	ICAO-TI	III			
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations			
4.6	Special precautions for user				
	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be o	complied within the premises.			
4.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO ir	nstruments			
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.				
4.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulation	ions			
	Agreement concerning the International Carri information	age of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additiona			
	Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.			
	Particulars in the transport document	UN3261, CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S., (L-lactic acid), 8, III, (E)			
	Classification code	C4			
	Danger label(s)	8			
	Special provisions (SP)	274			
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1			
	Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg			
	Transport category (TC)	3			
	Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	E			
	Hazard identification No	80			
	Regulations concerning the International Carr information	iage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional			
	Classification code	C4			
	Danger label(s)	8			
	Special provisions (SP)	274			
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1			
	Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg			
	Transport category (TC)	3			
	Hazard identification No	80			

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information			
Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.		
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3261, CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S., (L-lactic acid), 8, III		
Marine pollutant	-		
Danger label(s)	8		
Special provisions (SP)	223, 274		
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1		
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg		
EmS	F-A, S-B		
Stowage category	A		
Segregation group	1 - Acids		
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO	-IATA/DGR) - Additional information		
Proper shipping name	Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.		
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3261, Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s., (L- lactic acid), 8, III		
Danger label(s)	8		
Special provisions (SP)	A3		
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1		
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)**

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	Νο
L-lactic acid	substances in tattoo inks and perman- ent make-up		R75	75

Legend R75

Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:
 (a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

(b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight:

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser cat-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360







according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list Not listed.

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
Νο	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the ap- plication of lower and upper-tier re- quirements	Notes	
	not assigned			

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.190 ^g / _l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

	ciia	
AIIČ		Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	ł	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL	ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL		Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI		EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECS		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSC	2	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI		Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI		National Chemical Inventory
NZIc		New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICC		Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REAC	CH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI		Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	4	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Addition- al information	yes
14.8		Classification code: C4	yes

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8		Danger label(s): 8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): 274	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 kg	yes
14.8		Transport category (TC): 3	yes
14.8		Hazard identification No: 80	yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % , 1.190 ^g / _l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 1.190 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions	
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

® ROTH

L-lactic acid ≥98 % for biochemistry

article number: 8360

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
РВТ	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	
S.I. No. 619 of 2001	Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.