acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: **8403** date of compilation: 2016-04-20 Version: **5.1 en** Revision: 2024-03-04

Replaces version of: 2024-03-01

Version: (5)



1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance **2-Butanone** ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

Article number 8403

 Index No (GB CLP)
 606-002-00-3

 EC number
 201-159-0

 CAS number
 78-93-3

Alternative name(s) Methyl ethyl ketone

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

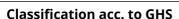
2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

United Kingdom (en) Page 1 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403





Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)		STOT SE 3	H336

Supplemental hazard information

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH066	repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07





Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

United Kingdom (en) Page 2 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance 2-Butanone

Molecular formula C₄H₈O

Molar mass 72,11 ^g/_{mol}

CAS No 78-93-3 EC No 201-159-0

Index No (GB CLP) 606-002-00-3

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

United Kingdom (en) Page 3 / 18



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

United Kingdom (en) Page 4 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

UV-radiation/sunlight, contact with air/oxygen

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

United Kingdom (en) Page 5 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
EU	butanone	78-93-3	IOELV	200	600	300	900				2000/39/ EC
GB	butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)	78-93-3	WEL	200	600	300	899				EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling-C

STEL

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Biological limit values

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Parameter	Nota tion	Identi- fier	Value	Material	Source
GB	butan-2-one	78-93-3	ethyl methyl ketone		BMGV	70 µmol/ l	urine	EH40/ 2005

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	600 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	1.161 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	55,8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	55,8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	709 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	284,7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	284,7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	22,5 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

United Kingdom (en) Page 6 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0,5 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>60 minutes (permeation: level 3)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

United Kingdom (en) Page 7 / 18



8.2 **Exposure controls**





acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour like: - Acetone

Melting point/freezing point -86 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 79 – 80 °C at 1.013 hPa

range

Flammability

flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 1,5 vol% (LEL) - 11,5 vol% (UEL)

Flash point $-8 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\text{c.c.})$ Auto-ignition temperature $475 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 7 (20 °C) (neutral) Kinematic viscosity 0,4938 $^{\rm mm^2}$ /s at 20 °C

Dynamic viscosity 0,4 mPa s at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 290 ^g/_l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 0,3 (pH value: 7, 40 °C) (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 105 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.81 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$ at 20 °C (ECHA)

Relative vapour density 2,48 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

There is no additional information.

United Kingdom (en) Page 8 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403

Other safety characteristics:

Gas group (explosion group)

Maximum Experimental Safe Gap value; 0,5 mm ≤

 $MESG \leq 0.9 \text{ m/m}$

Maximum explosion pressure 9,3 bar

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. May form explosive peroxides.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Nitric acid, Sulphuric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
dermal	LD50	6.480 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit		TOXNET
oral	LD50	2.054 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

United Kingdom (en) Page 9 / 18



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

• If inhaled

fatigue, narcosis

• If on skin

has degreasing effect on the skin, repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
LC50	2.993 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h	
EC50	308 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	1.972 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h	

United Kingdom (en) Page 10 / 18



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2,441 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,441 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	98 %	28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0,3 (pH value: 7, 40 °C) (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP3 flammable

HP 4 irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

United Kingdom (en) Page 11 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID UN 1193 IMDG-Code UN 1193 ICAO-TI UN 1193

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID ETHYL METHYL KETONE IMDG-Code ETHYL METHYL KETONE ICAO-TI Ethyl methyl ketone

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID 3
IMDG-Code 3
ICAO-TI 3

14.4 Packing group

ADRRID II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Particulars in the transport document UN1193, ETHYL METHYL KETONE, 3, II, (D/E)

Classification code F1
Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

United Kingdom (en) Page 12 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E

Hazard identification No 33

Emergency Action Code 2YE

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional

information

Classification code F1

Danger label(s) 3

3

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Hazard identification No 33

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1193, ETHYL METHYL KETONE, 3, II, -8°C c.c.

Marine pollutant Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Ethyl methyl ketone

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1193, Ethyl methyl ketone, 3, II

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

United Kingdom (en) Page 13 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000	50.000	51)

Notation

51) Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	810 ^g / _l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	810 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

Name of substance	CAS No	Wt%	Classification	CN Code	Threshold level
2-Butanone	78-93-3	100	Category 3	2914 12 00	

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

United Kingdom (en) Page 14 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
2-Butanone	this product meets the criteria for classi-		3

fication in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC 2-Butanone 40 flammable / pyrophoric

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

UN Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	HS code
2-Butanone	78-93-3	Table II	2914.12

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS

DSL

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
National Chemical Inventory

United Kingdom (en) Page 15 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403

Legend

NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % 810 ^g / _l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 810 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2000/39/EC	Commission Directive establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CN Code	Combined Nomenclature
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule

United Kingdom (en) Page 16 / 18



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation)
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

United Kingdom (en) Page 17 / 18

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

2-Butanone ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 8403



List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom (en) Page 18 / 18