acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

#### (-)-Nicotine ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: 8746 Version: GHS 3.0 en

Replaces version of: 2020-06-12

Version: (GHS 2)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **(-)-Nicotine** ≥99 %, for biochemistry

Article number 8746 CAS number 54-11-5

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	2	Acute Tox. 2	H300
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	2	Acute Tox. 2	H310
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	2	Acute Tox. 2	H330

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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date of compilation: 2017-02-23

Revision: 2022-04-20

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Signal word **Danger** 

**Pictograms** 

GHS06



### **Hazard statements**

H300+H310+H330 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

#### **Precautionary statements**

### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfort-

able for breathing

#### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### **Substances** 3.1

Name of substance (-)-Nicotine

Molecular formula  $C_{10}H_{14}N_{2}$ 

Molar mass 162.2 g/mol

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#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

#### Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

### **Following skin contact**

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant effects, Headache, Vertigo, Agitation, Cardiac arrhythmias, Nausea, Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Protect against external exposure, such as

direct light irradiation, UV-radiation/sunlight, contact with air/oxygen

#### Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

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No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nicotine	54-11-5	WES		0.5						WES

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

TWA

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### **Human health values**

#### **Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels**

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	31.3 μg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	8.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	
DNEL	4.43 μg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	0.84 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	

#### **Environmental values**

#### **Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels**

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time	
PNEC	0.4 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	2.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0.65 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0.065 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0.321 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)	

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#### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### material thickness

0.7mm

#### breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### Splash protection - Protective gloves

 type of material: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness: >0,3 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material: >30 minutes (permeation: level 2)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown). Type: A-P2 (combined filters against particles and organic gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)



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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties 9.1

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless - light brown

Odour disagreeable

-79 °C Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 248.8 °C at 101.3 kPa (ECHA)

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

Lower and upper explosion limit 0.7 vol% (LEL) - 4 vol% (UEL) Flash point 111 °C at 101.3 kPa (ECHA) 240 °C at 99.45 kPa (ECHA) Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

10 (in aqueous solution: 8 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub>, 20 °C) pH (value)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 1.17 (pH value: 12.17) (ECHA)

5.81 Pa at 20 °C Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density

 $1.01 \,^{\mathrm{g}}/_{\mathrm{cm}^3}$  at 20 °C (ECHA) Density

Relative vapour density 5.6 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

> Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

> (physical hazards): not relevant classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Reactivity if exposed to air. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong acid

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 247 °C. Direct light irradiation. UV-radiation/sunlight.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

#### **Acute toxicity**

Fatal if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled.

Acute toxicity						
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source	
oral	LD50	50 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		TOXNET	
dermal	LD50	70.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA	

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

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### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

Data are not available.

#### • If in eyes

causes slight to moderate irritation

#### If inhaled

irritant effects

#### • If on skin

irritant effects, risk of absorption via the skin

#### Other information

Other adverse effects: Diarrhoea, Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspnoea, Agitation, Vertigo, Headache, Circulatory collapse, Cardiac arrhythmias, Poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
EC50	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	37 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	72 h	

## **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

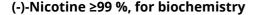
#### 12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand with nitrification: 2.786 mg/mg

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.367 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2.713 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

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## **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
carbon dioxide generation	71 %	28 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.17 (pH value: 12.17) (ECHA)
---------------------------	-------------------------------

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

### Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

## Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H6.1** Poisonous (Acute)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 1654

IMDG-Code UN 1654

ICAO-TI UN 1654

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG NICOTINE IMDG-Code NICOTINE

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 6.1
IMDG-Code 6.1
ICAO-TI 6.1

14.4 Packing group

ICAO-TI

UN RTDG II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

**14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1654
Class 6.1
Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 6.1

Fish and tree

Nicotine

Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

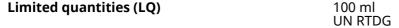
UN RTDG

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#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name NICOTINE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1654, NICOTINE, 6.1, II, MARINE POLLUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1, "Fish and tree"



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

Limited quantities (LQ) 100 mL EmS F-A, S-A

Stowage category A

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Nicotine

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1654, Nicotine, 6.1, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

## Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AICS CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances **IECSC** 

**INSQ** 

ISHA-ENCS Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TCSI TSCA **Toxic Substance Control Act** 

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H300	Fatal if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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