acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Trichloroacetic acid ≥99 %, p.a.

article number: 8789 Version: **4.0 en**

Replaces version of: 2022-02-18

Version: (3)



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Trichloroacetic acid** ≥99 %, p.a.

Article number 8789

Index No (GB CLP) 607-004-00-7 EC number 200-927-2 CAS number 76-03-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

> for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

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ROTH

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
4.1A	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07, GHS09



Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower]

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Trichloroacetic acid

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Molecular formula} & & \text{C}_2\text{HCl}_3\text{O}_2 \\ \text{Molar mass} & & 163,4 \, ^{\text{g}}\text{/}_{\text{mol}} \\ \text{CAS No} & & 76\text{-}03\text{-}9 \\ \text{EC No} & & 200\text{-}927\text{-}2 \end{array}$

Index No (GB CLP) 607-004-00-7

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 1 %	-	-	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels **Endpoint Threshold** Protection goal, **Used** in **Exposure time** level route of exposure **DNEL** 1,41 mg/kg human, dermal acute - local effects worker (industry) 124,3 mg/m³ DNEL human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects DNEL 124,3 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) acute - systemic effects DNEL 1,41 mg/kg bw/ human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects day DNEL 1,41 mg/kg bw/ human, dermal worker (industry) acute - systemic effects day

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Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0,000014 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	marine sediment	intermittent release
PNEC	0,000017 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	marine water	intermittent release
PNEC	0,0027 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	air	intermittent release
PNEC	0,00014 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	freshwater sediment	intermittent release
PNEC	0,00017 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	freshwater	intermittent release
PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	sewage treatment plant (STP)	intermittent release
PNEC	0,0046 ^{mg} / _{cm³}	unknown	soil	intermittent release
PNEC	2,7 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
PNEC	0,17 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,017 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,143 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,014 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	20 ^{µg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

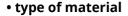
Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

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Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0.7mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). Type: B (against inorganic gases and vapours, colour code: Grey).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form crystalline
Colour colourless
Odour stinging
Melting point/freezing point 54 – 56 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

197 °C at 1.013 hPa

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point >110 °C

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) <1 (in aqueous solution: 50 9 /₁, 20 $^\circ$ C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility ~1.320 g/l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 1,33 (OECD 107)

Vapour pressure 1 hPa at 20 °C 1,2 hPa at 50 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $1,62 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$ at 20 ${}^{\rm o}{\rm C}$

Relative vapour density 5,64 (air = 1) Bulk density $^{\text{ego}}$

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Amines, Copper, Strong alkali

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

metal

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Phosgene.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	3.320 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		IUCLID

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

pulmonary oedema, Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

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96 h

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Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

2.000 mg/1

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Endpoint Value Species Source Exposure time EC50 2.000 mg/l daphnia magna 48 h LC50 >1.000 mg/l orfe (Leuciscus idus) 48 h

Pimephales promelas

12.2 Persistence and degradability

LC50

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0,09792 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0,5387 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

Not readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability

The state of the s		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	59 %	20 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1,33 (OECD 107)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity

HP 8 corrosive

HP 14 ecotoxic

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 1839
IMDG-Code	UN 1839
ICAO-TI	UN 1839

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	TRICHLOROACETIC ACID
IMDG-Code	TRICHLOROACETIC ACID

ICAO-TI Trichloroacetic acid

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8

14.4 Packing group

ADRRID	II
--------	----

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IMDG-Code II

ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name TRICHLOROACETIC ACID

Particulars in the transport document UN1839, TRICHLOROACETIC ACID, 8, II, (E), envir-

onmentally hazardous

Classification code C4

Danger label(s) 8, "Fish and tree"





Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 kg
Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) E
Hazard identification No 80
Emergency Action Code 2X

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code C4

Danger label(s) 8, "Fish and tree"





Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to water

Excepted quantities (EQ)E2Limited quantities (LQ)1 kgTransport category (TC)2

Hazard identification No 80

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International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name TRICHLOROACETIC ACID

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1839, TRICHLOROACETIC ACID, 8, II, MARINE

POLLUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8, "Fish and tree"



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 kg
EmS F-A, S-B
Stowage category A

Segregation group 1 - Acids

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Trichloroacetic acid

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1839, Trichloroacetic acid, 8, II Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)					
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes	
E1	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 1)	100	200	56)	

Notation

56) Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Deco-Paint Directive

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VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.620 ^g / _l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.620 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Trichloroacetic acid	Organohalogen compounds and substances which may form such compounds in the aquatic envir- onment		a)	
Trichloroacetic acid	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	

Legend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

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Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

not listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8	Classification code: 8	Classification code: C4	yes
15.1	Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII		yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list: Not listed.		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % 1.620 ^g / _l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 1.620 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National regulations(GB)	yes
15.1		List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list: not listed	yes
15.1		Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17: not listed	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Trichloroacetic acid ≥99 %, p.a.

article number: 8789

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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