according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



Revision: 02.03.2024

Caproic acid \geq 98%, for synthesis

article number: **8799** Version: **2.0 en** Replaces version of: 12.08.2021 Version: (1)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance

Article number

Registration number (REACH)

EC number

CAS number

Alternative name(s)

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It is not required to list the identified uses because the substance is not subject to registration according to REACH (< 1 t/a).

205-550-7

142-62-1

Hexanoic acid

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1C	Skin Corr. 1C	H314

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS05



Hazard statements

H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)



H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

P280Wear protective gloves/eye protection.P303+P361+P353IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.P305+P351+P388IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.P310Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

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3.1

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances	
Name of substance	Caproic acid
Molecular formula	$C_6H_{12}O_2$
Molar mass	116,2 ^g / _{mol}
CAS No	142-62-1
EC No	205-550-7

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

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Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.



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Consideration of other advice:

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	17,63 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	10 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels					
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time	
PNEC	0,358 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,036 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	1,88 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,188 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,166 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)	

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection



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hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

0,4 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: ABEK (combined filters against gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	light yellow
Odour	disagreeable
Melting point/freezing point	-4 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	202 – 205 °C
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	116 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	380 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	4 (in aqueous solution: 12 ^g / _l , 20 °C)

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	Kinematic viscosity	3,441 ^{mm²} / _s at 20 °C
	Dynamic viscosity	3,2 mPa s at 20 °C
	Solubility(ies)	
	Water solubility	10 ^g / _l at 25 °C
	Partition coefficient	
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	1,92
	Vapour pressure	<0,1 hPa at 25 °C
	Density and/or relative density	
	Density	0,93 ^g / _{cm³} at 20 °C (ECHA)
	Relative vapour density	4,01 (air = 1)
	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
	Other safety parameters	
	Oxidising properties	none
9.2	Other information	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T2 Maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: strong oxidiser, Amines, Bases, Reducing agents, Sulphuric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

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- **10.5** Incompatible materials There is no additional information.
- **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity	Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source	
oral	LD50	>5.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA	
dermal	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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• If inhaled

corrosive to the respiratory tract

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

• Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
LC50	88 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h	
EC50	72 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	56,4 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h	

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	46,8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d
LC50	52,2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2,204 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,273 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	84 %	28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

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n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1,92
BCF	234 – 249 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 8 corrosive

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SEC	TION 14: Transport informatio	n	
14.1	UN number or ID number		
	ADR	UN 2829	
	IMDG-Code	UN 2829	
	ICAO-TI	UN 2829	
14.2	UN proper shipping name		
	ADR	CAPROIC ACID	

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	IMDG-Code	CAPROIC ACID
	ICAO-TI	Caproic acid
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADR	8
	IMDG-Code	8
	ICAO-TI	8
14.4	Packing group	
	ADR	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name	CAPROIC ACID	
Particulars in the transport document	UN2829, CAPROIC ACID, 8, III, (E)	
Classification code	C3	
Danger label(s)	8	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L	
Transport category (TC)	3	
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	E	
Hazard identification No	80	
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code ((IMDG) - Additional information	
Proper shipping name	CAPROIC ACID	
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2829, CAPROIC ACID, 8, III	
Marine pollutant	-	
Danger label(s)	8	

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	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
	Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
	EmS	F-A, S-B
	Stowage category	A
	Segregation group	1 - Acids
	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-	IATA/DGR) - Additional information
	Proper shipping name	Caproic acid
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2829, Caproic acid, 8, III
	Danger label(s)	8
	\bullet	
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
_		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	Νο
Caproic acid	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Caproic acid	substances in tattoo inks and perman- ent make-up		R75	75

Legend

R3

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

a can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
 present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
 Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation

(CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and pack-aging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following require-

aging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the manage, and an indelibly marked as ments are met: (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';

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R75	1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any sucl
	stances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question
	are present in the following circumstances:
	(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen categ 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration
	equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
	(b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxi
	category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 %
	weight;
	(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by
	weight;
	(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive cal
	egory 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, th
	substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:
	(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator; (ii) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;
	(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (*1), the substance is present in t
	mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than $0,00005$ % by weight;
	(f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g
	(Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the
	mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight: (i) "Rinse-off products";
	(i) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
	(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";
	(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for
	preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is preser the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that col
	(h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a con-
	tration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.
	2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the
	ture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures com-
	monly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the a making a mark or design on his or her body.
	3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the stricted
	concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appel
	13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) or
	paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance. 4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:
	(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
	(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).
	5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a
	stance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or su
	that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of plication of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, p
	graph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated
	taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.
	6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the li
	of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, o
	such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entity of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of this entity of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of this entity of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of this entity of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of this entity of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 or as the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 or as the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 or as the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 or as the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 or as the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case may be paragraph 4 or as the date referred to in paragraph 4 or as the case ma
	that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from
	date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.
	 Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 202.
	mixture is marked with the following information: (a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
	(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
	(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient
	names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, t
	IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients
	be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" mea any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purpose
	purities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning
	this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ing
	ent does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
	(d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
	(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentri tion limit specified in Appendix 13;
	(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) be
	the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;
	(g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC)
	1272/2008. The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible
	The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible. The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on
	market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.
	Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for p
	(a) hall be included in the intervention of the function of the function of the stability of the function of t
	(a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.
	 (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use. Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this package.

8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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Legend

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
Νο	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the ap- plication of lower and upper-tier re- quirements	Notes
	not assigned		

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	930 ^g /l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
15.1	VOC content: 100 % 930 ^g /l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 930 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restric- tions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.