acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015 date of compilation: 2021-06-28 Version: **2.0 en**

Replaces version of: 2021-10-26

Version: (1)



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Petroleum 180-230 °C , special fraction

Article number 9015

Index No (GB CLP) 649-423-00-8 EC number 919-164-8 CAS number 64742-81-0

Hydrocarbons, C_{10} - C_{13} , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Alternative name(s)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

United Kingdom (en) Page 1 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

Supplemental hazard information

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH066	repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS08



Hazard statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H372 Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or re-

peated exposure (if inhaled)

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray P273 Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

United Kingdom (en) Page 2 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

ROTH

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

"UVCB substance" (substance of unknown or variable composition).

Name of substance Petroleum 180-230 °C

CAS No 64742-81-0 EC No 919-164-8 Index No (GB CLP) 649-423-00-8

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Irritant effects

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

United Kingdom (en) Page 3 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

United Kingdom (en) Page 4 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C , special fraction

article number: 9015



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





United Kingdom (en) Page 5 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber

material thickness

0,4 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless - clear

Odour pungent

Melting point/freezing point -57 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 185 – 215 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit 0,6 vol% (LEL) - 7 vol% (UEL)

Flash point 66 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature >200 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Decomposition temperature not relevant pH (value) not determined

United Kingdom (en) Page 6 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015

Kinematic viscosity 1,74 mm²/s at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility $0,0064 \, ^{9}/_{1}$ at 20 °C (practically insoluble) (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 4,2 (ECHA)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 3,5 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 0,05 kPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.805 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$ at 15 °C (ECHA)

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

classes: (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension $25.9 \,^{\text{mN}}/_{\text{m}} (25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}) (ECHA)$

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

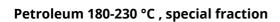
There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

United Kingdom (en) Page 7 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: 9015



Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute	tox	icity
Acute	COA	ıcıcy

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>15.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	central nervous system	if inhaled

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification

United Kingdom (en) Page 8 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

ROTH

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015

If inhaled

vertigo, cough, headache

• If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Other information

Other adverse effects: Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
ErC50	1,2 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	96 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	0,328 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	13,8 %	4 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	4,2 (ECHA)
BCF	105 (ECHA)

United Kingdom (en) Page 9 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

ROTH

Petroleum 180-230 °C , special fraction

article number: 9015

12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	3,5 (ECHA)
--	------------

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity **HP 14** ecotoxic

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number or ID number	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not assigned
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	none
14.4	Packing group	not assigned
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

United Kingdom (en) Page 10 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015



14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes	
	not assigned			

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	805 ^g / _l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	805 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

United Kingdom (en) Page 11 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
Hydrocarbons, C ₁₀ -C ₁₃ , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	this product meets the criteria for classi- fication in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		3

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

United Kingdom (en) Page 12 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C , special fraction

article number: 9015



15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8	Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information: Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.		yes
15.1	Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII		yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list: Not listed.		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % 805 ^g / _l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 805 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National regulations(GB)	yes
15.1		List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list: not listed	yes
15.1		Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17	yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17): change in the listing (table)	yes

United Kingdom (en) Page 13 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Petroleum 180-230 °C , special fraction

article number: 9015



Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) Bioconcentration factor
Bioconcentration factor
Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
Endocrine disruptor
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
European List of Notified Chemical Substances
≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
International Air Transport Association
Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
International Civil Aviation Organization
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
Lower explosion limit (LEL)
No-Longer Polymer
Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

United Kingdom (en) Page 14 / 15

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Petroleum 180-230 °C, special fraction

article number: 9015

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H372	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom (en) Page 15 / 15