

FLYLEAF

Article: 9194 H&E fast staining kit For microscopy

Date of compilation: 2023-05-16

Composition/information on ingredients

Bill of materials

Name of substance	Identifier	Num ber of piece s	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Page
H&E-fast staining solution 1	Article number 8947	1	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT RE 2 / H373		5 – 20
H&E-fast staining solution 2	Article number 8950	1	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 STOT SE 1 / H370		21 - 35

Australia (en) Page 1 / 4



Article: 9194 H&E fast staining kit

2 Hazards identification

2.1 Label elements

Signal word Danger

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Pictograms

Danger.









Hazard statement(s)

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour

H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H370 Causes damage to organs

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

3 Transport information

3.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 1230

IMDG-Code UN 1230 ICAO-TI UN 1230

3.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDGMETHANOLIMDG-CodeMETHANOLICAO-TIMethanol

Australia (en) Page 2 / 4



Article: 9194 H&E fast staining kit

3.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 3 (6.1)

IMDG-Code 3 (6.1) ICAO-TI 3 (6.1)

3.4 Packing group

UN RTDG II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

3.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

3.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

3.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

3.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1230

Proper shipping name METHANOL

Class 3
Subsidiary risk(s) 6.1
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

E2 UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name METHANOL

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, METHANOL, 3 (6.1), II, 10°C c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Australia (en) Page 3 / 4



Article: 9194 H&E fast staining kit

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Methanol

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, Methanol, 3, II

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) A104, A113

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Australia (en) Page 4 / 4

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947 Version: GHS 5.0 en Revision: 2023-05-16

Replaces version of: 2021-09-15

Version: (GHS 4)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **H&E-fast staining solution 1**

Article number 8947

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr, 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Australia (en) Page 1 / 16



date of compilation: 2016-09-01

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS05, GHS08



Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H373 May cause damage to organs (kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(if swallowed)

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statements - response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Aluminium sulphate hydrate, Ethylene glycol,

Acetic acid ... %

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Australia (en) Page 2 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Ethylene glycol	CAS No 107-21-1 EC No 203-473-3	20 - < 25	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 STOT RE 2 / H373	(!)	
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	CAS No 17927-65-0 EC No 233-135-0	5 - < 10	Eye Dam. 1 / H318		
Acetic acid %	CAS No 64-19-7 EC No 200-580-7	1 - < 5	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		B(a)
Hematoxylin	CAS No 517-28-2 EC No 208-237-3	< 0.5	Eye Irrit. 2A / H319	1	

Notes

B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

Australia (en) Page 3 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Gastrointestinal complaints, Nausea, Vomiting, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Ingredients of the mixture combustible. The product itself does not burn.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

UV-radiation/sunlight

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

Australia (en) Page 5 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	ethylene glycol (eth- anediol)	107-21-1	WES		10					Н	WES
AU	ethylene glycol (eth- anediol)	107-21-1	WES	20	52	40	104			H, vap	WES
AU	acetic acid	64-19-7	WES	10	25	15	37				WES

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Absorbed through the skin Ceiling-C

STEL

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 **TWA**

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

vap As vapours

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	DNEL	35 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	DNEL	106 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Aluminium sulph- ate hydrate	17927-65-0	DNEL	13.4 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Aluminium sulph- ate hydrate	17927-65-0	DNEL	3.8 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	PNEC	199.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	PNEC	37 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	PNEC	3.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

Australia (en) Page 6 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Relevant PNECs	Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture										
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time					
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	PNEC	1.53 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)					

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

FKM: fluoro-elastomer

material thickness

0.4 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





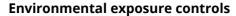
Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown). Type: ABEK (combined filters against gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green).

Australia (en) Page 7 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour red - violet

Odour faintly perceptible - like: - Acetic acid

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

100 °C

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point >65 °C

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 2.5 (20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density 1.01 – 1.03 ^g/_{cm³} at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

There is no additional information.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 16



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947

Miscibility



completely miscible with water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Strong alkali, Strong acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Direct light irradiation. UV-radiation/sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

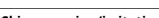
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	dermal	LD50	>3,500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	mouse
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	oral	LD50	4,700 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	17927-65-0	oral	LD50	>2,000 - <5,00 0 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	17927-65-0	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Acetic acid %	64-19-7	oral	LD50	3,310 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Hematoxylin	517-28-2	oral	LD50	≥2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Australia (en) Page 9 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	kidney	if swallowed

If swallowed

gastrointestinal complaints, nausea, vomiting

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

Other information

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 16



Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	kidney	if swallowed

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	LC50	>72,860 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	ErC50	<13,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	17927-65-0	LC50	>85.9 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	17927-65-0	EC50	>200 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Acetic acid %	64-19-7	LC50	>300.8 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Acetic acid %	64-19-7	EC50	>300.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Acetic acid %	64-19-7	ErC50	>300.8 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Hematoxylin	517-28-2	LC50	>35 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Hematoxylin	517-28-2	EC50	29.7 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	LC50	>1,500 ^{mg} / _l	fish	28 d
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	EC50	>15,000 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	17927-65-0	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	180 min

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	biotic/abiotic	83 – 96 %	14 d		
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	DOC removal	90 – 100 %	10 d		ECHA
Acetic acid %	64-19-7	biotic/abiotic	99 %	30 d		
Hematoxylin	517-28-2	DOC removal	≥10 – ≤20 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 11 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1		-1.36	
Aluminium sulphate hydrate	17927-65-0		<3	
Acetic acid %	64-19-7	3.16	-0.17 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
Hematoxylin	517-28-2		≤0.3 (pH value: ~6.9, 30 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

Australia (en) Page 12 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed

Australia (en) Page 13 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Country	Inventory	Status			
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed			
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed			
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed			
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed			

Legend

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS) AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

IECSC

INSQ

ISHA-ENCS Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval

Australia (en) Page 14 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Australia (en) Page 15 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 1

article number: 8947



Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs (kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 16 / 16

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: **8950** Version: **GHS 3.0 en**

Replaces version of: 2020-07-16

Version: (GHS 2)

date of compilation: 2020-07-16 Revision: 2021-09-15

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance **H&E-fast staining solution 2**

Article number 8950

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: laboratory chemical

laboratory and analytical use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data : Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/ city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Informa- tion Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

Emergency information service Poison Centre Munich: +49/(0)89 19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Classification acc. to GHS						
Section	Hazard class	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment			
2.6	flammable liquid	(Flam. Liq. 2)	H225			
3.8	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	(STOT SE 1)	H370			

2.2 Label elements

Australia (en) Page 1 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Labelling GHS

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS08





Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H370 Causes damage to organs (eye)

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Precautionary statements - response

P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction.

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Methanol

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)





H370 Causes damage to organs (eye).

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

contains: Methanol

2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

Australia (en) Page 2 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Composition/information on ingredients.

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	wt %	Classification acc. to 1272/2008/EC	Pictograms	Note s	Specific Conc. Limits
Methanol	CAS No 67-56-1 EC No 200-659-6 Index No 603-001-00-X REACH Reg. No 01-2119433307- 44-xxxx	> 90	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370		GHS- HC IOELV	STOT SE 1; H370: C ≥ 10 % STOT SE 2; H371: 3 % ≤ C < 10 %
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	CAS No 17372-87-1 EC No 241-409-6	< 10	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	<u>(1)</u>		

Notes

GHS-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to

1272/2008/EC, Annex VI)

IOELV: Substance with a community indicative occupational exposure limit value

Remarks

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting

Australia (en) Page 3 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Explosive properties.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 **Precautions for safe handling**

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

• Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

• Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Nota- tion	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Source
AU	methyl alcohol (methanol)	67-56-1		WES	200	262	250	328			WES

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur STEL

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) TWA

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Australia (en) Page 5 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

• relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (in- dustry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (in- dustry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (in- dustry)	chronic - local effects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (in- dustry)	acute - local effects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (in- dustry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (in- dustry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

• relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	20.8 ^{mg} / _l	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	2.08 ^{mg} / _l	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	77 ^{mg} / _{kg}	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single in- stance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	7.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _{kg}	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





Australia (en) Page 6 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

· type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0,7mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid (fluid)

Colour orange - red

Odour characteristic

Odour threshold no data available

Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value) 7 (20 °C)

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range 65 °C at 1,013 hPa

Flash point 10 – 12 °C

Evaporation rate no data available Flammability (solid, gas) not relevant (fluid)

Australia (en) Page 7 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Explosive limits

lower explosion limit (LEL)
 upper explosion limit (UEL)
 44 vol%

Explosion limits of dust clouds not relevant

Vapour pressure 128 hPa at 20 °C

Density $0.79 - 0.81 \, {}^{9}/{}_{cm^{3}}$ at 20 ${}^{\circ}\text{C}$

Vapour density 1.1 at 20 °C (air = 1)

Bulk density Not applicable

Relative density this information is not available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW) this information is not available

Auto-ignition temperature 455 °C

Decomposition temperature no data available
Viscosity not determined

Explosive properties Shall not be classified as explosive.

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Risk of ignition. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant

• Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs (eye).

• Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

data are not available

• If in eyes

data are not available

If inhaled

data are not available

• If on skin

data are not available

Other information

None

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Australia (en) Page 9 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Methanol	67-56-1	LC50	15,400 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Methanol	67-56-1	ErC50	22,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	LC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h

12.2 Process of degradability

Data are not available.

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time
Methanol	67-56-1	biotic/abiotic	99 %	30 d
Methanol	67-56-1	oxygen depletion	69 %	5 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Methanol	67-56-1		-0.77	
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1		-1.68	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number **1230**

14.2 UN proper shipping name **METHANOL**

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Hazardous ingredients



Class 3 (flammable liquids)

14.4 Packing group II (substance presenting medium danger)

14.5 Environmental hazards none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

• Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

UN number 1230

Proper shipping name METHANOL

Particulars in the transport document UN1230, METHANOL, 3 (6.1), II, (D/E)

Class 3

Classification code FT1

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Australia (en) Page 11 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 336
Emergency Action Code 2WE

• International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1230

Proper shipping name METHANOL

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, METHANOL, 3 (6.1), II, 10°C c.c.

Class 3
Subsidiary risk(s) 6.1
Marine pollutant Packing group II
Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

• International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1230

Proper shipping name Methanol

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, Methanol, 3 (6.1), II

Class 3
Subsidiary risk(s) 6.1
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) A113
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Australia (en) Page 12 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National inventories

Country	National inventories	Status	
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed	
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed	
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed	
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed	
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed	
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed	
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed	
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed	
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed	
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed	
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed	
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed	
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed	

Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC INSQ KECI Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) NZIoC PICCS

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory Toxic Substance Control Act TCSI TSCA

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
3.2		Description of the mixture: change in the listing (table)	yes

Australia (en) Page 13 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
8.1		• relevant DNELs of components of the mixture: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
BCF	bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	ceiling value
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
COD	chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")

Australia (en) Page 14 / 15

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



H&E-fast staining solution 2

article number: 8950

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	time-weighted average
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne conatminants

Key literature references and sources for data

- UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
- Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301	toxic if swallowed
H311	toxic in contact with skin
H319	causes serious eye irritation
H331	toxic if inhaled
H370	causes damage to organs (eye)

Disclaimer

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

Australia (en) Page 15 / 15