acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

#### m-Cresol ≥99 %, for synthesis

article number: 9269 date of compilation: 2021-11-08 Version: GHS 2.2 en Revision: 2024-03-18

Replaces version of: 2024-03-04

Version: (GHS 2)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **m-Cresol** ≥99 %, for synthesis

Article number 9269

CAS number 108-39-4

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Industrial use Professional use

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal

feedingstuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### **Emergency telephone number** 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

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#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling

Signal word Danger

#### **Pictograms**

GHS05, GHS06



#### **Hazard statements**

H227 Combustible liquid

H301+H311 Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

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#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance m-Cresol Molecular formula  $C_7H_8O$  Molar mass  $108.1 \, ^g/_{mol}$  CAS No 108-39-4

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!

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water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

## Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

# **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

This information is not available.

#### **Human health values**

**DNEL** 

#### Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels Threshold **Endpoint** Protection goal, **Used in Exposure time** route of exposure level 1.47 mg/kg human, dermal DNEL worker (industry) acute - systemic effects DNEL 343 mg/m<sup>3</sup> human, inhalatory worker (industry) acute - systemic effects DNEL 0.5 mg/kg human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects

worker (industry)

chronic - systemic effects

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human, inhalatory

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#### **Environmental values**

## **Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels**

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0.076 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
PNEC	0.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.01 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	1.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.71 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.071 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.083 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

#### **Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)**

#### Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

#### Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

FKM (fluoro rubber), Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

≥0,5 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is

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recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour light yellow Odour like: - Phenol

Melting point/freezing point 11.8 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 202 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)

range

flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria **Flammability** 

Lower and upper explosion limit 1 vol% (LEL)

Flash point 86 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature 559 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) (auto-ignition temper-

ature (liquids and gases))

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 5 (in aqueous solution: 20 g/l, 20 °C)

20.19 mm<sup>2</sup>/<sub>s</sub> at 20 °C Kinematic viscosity 20.8 mPa s at 20 °C Dynamic viscosity

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 22.7 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>l</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 1.96 (ECHA) Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 1.539 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 0.147 hPa at 25 °C

Density and/or relative density

1.03 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub> at 20 °C Density

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Relative vapour density 3.74 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

There is no additional information.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Nitric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

aluminium, lead, iron, copper, bronze, brass

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information** 

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

**Acute toxicity** 

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.

			• .
Acute	'AT	VIC	ITV/
Acute		$\sim$ 10	ıty

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	242 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	2,050 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

#### • If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### • If inhaled

Data are not available.

#### • If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

#### Other information

none

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	>99.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
EC50	30 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	96 h

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#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand:  $2.515 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{mg}}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide:  $2.849 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{mg}}$ 

## **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

### **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	>90 %	28 d
oxygen depletion	90 %	28 d
DOC removal	96 %	10 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.96 (ECHA)
BCF	≥17 - ≤20 (ECHA)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0.087 <sup>Pa m³</sup> / <sub>mol</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	1.539 (ECHA)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

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Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H6.1** Poisonous (Acute)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

UN 2076
IMDG-Code UN 2076
ICAO-TI UN 2076

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDGCRESOLS, LIQUIDIMDG-CodeCRESOLS, LIQUIDICAO-TICresols, liquid

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 6.1 (8)

IMDG-Code 6.1 (8)

ICAO-TI 6.1 (8)

#### 14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

# **14.5 Environmental hazards**non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 2076
Class 6.1
Subsidiary risk(s) 8
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 6.1+8

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**Special provisions (SP)** 

**UN RTDG** 

**Excepted quantities (EQ)** 

UN RTDG

100 ml Limited quantities (LQ) **UN RTDG** 

**Emergency Action Code** 

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name CRESOLS, LIQUID

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2076, CRESOLS, LIQUID, 6.1 (8), II

Marine pollutant

Danger label(s) 6.1+8

Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

Limited quantities (LQ) 100 mL **EmS** F-A. S-B

Stowage category

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Cresols, liquid

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2076, Cresols, liquid, 6.1 (8), II

Danger label(s) 6.1+8





Excepted quantities (EQ) E4 Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status	
AU	AIIC	substance is listed	
CA	DSL	substance is listed	
CN	IECSC	substance is listed	
EU	ECSI	substance is listed	
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed	
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed	
JP	ISHA-ENCS	substance is listed	
KR	KECI	substance is listed	
MX	INSQ	substance is listed	
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed	
PH	PICCS	substance is listed	
TW	TCSI	substance is listed	
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)	
VN	NCI	substance is listed	
Legend AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL) ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances ISHA-ENCS Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)			

CSCL-ENCS
DSL
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI
ECSI
ECSI
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ
INVENTIGATION
INVEN

**TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act** 

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2X	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

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## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H227	Combustible liquid.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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