acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

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Replaces version of: 2020-01-15

Version: (GHS 3)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

Article number 9320

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

# Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Australia (en) Page 1 / 17



Revision: 2021-05-21

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

# 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling

Signal word Danger

# **Pictograms**

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







# **Hazard statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes skin irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

# **Precautionary statements**

# **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

# **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

### Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

**Hazardous ingredients for labelling:** Hydrocarbons, C<sub>6</sub>, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, n-

Péntane

# 2.3 Other hazards

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

Australia (en) Page 2 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **Description of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hex- ane	CAS No 64742-49-0	≥50	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		
n-Pentane	CAS No 109-66-0	25 – 50	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 EUH066		C(a)

#### Notes

C(a): Mixture of isomers

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures



# **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

# Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

# **Following ingestion**

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Irritation, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

Australia (en) Page 3 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media



# Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

# **Hazardous combustion products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



# For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

### **6.2** Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

# Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

# Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

# **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

# Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

# Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

**National limit values** 

Australia (en) Page 5 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	pentane	109-66-0	WES	600	1,770	750	2,210				WES
AU	n-hexane	110-54-3	WES	20	72						WES

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

**TWA** 

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

# Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n- hexane	64742-49-0	DNEL	5,306 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n- hexane	64742-49-0	12-49-0 DNEL 13,964 mg kg bw/day		human, dermal worker (industry)		chronic - systemic effects
n-Pentane	109-66-0	DNEL	3,000 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-Pentane	109-66-0	DNEL	432 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

# Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

	•					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	880 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	water	intermittent re- lease
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	230 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	230 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	3,600 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	1.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	1.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	0.55 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

Australia (en) Page 6 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320







Use safety goggle with side protection.

# Skin protection





# hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber

#### material thickness

>0,4 mm

# breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

# **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Page 7 / 17 Australia (en)



#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

# Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

# **Eye/face protection**





acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour like: - Gasoline

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 40 – 60 °C

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 1 vol% - 8 vol%

Flash point -35 °C
Auto-ignition temperature 245 °C

Decomposition temperature not relevant pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density  $0.65 \, \mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{cm}^3}$  at 15 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

classes:

Information with regard to physical hazard There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# Classification acc. to GHS

# **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

# Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
n-Pentane	109-66-0	oral	LD50	>5,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
n-Pentane	109-66-0	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>25.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

# **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

causes slight to moderate irritation

None of the ingredients are listed.

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
n-Pentane	109-66-0	LL50	27.55 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
n-Pentane	109-66-0	EL50	48.11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
n-Pentane	109-66-0	LC50	4.26 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	rainbow trout (Onco- rhynchus mykiss)	96 h
n-Pentane	109-66-0	EC50	2.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	48 h

Australia (en) Page 10 / 17



# **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

# Carcinogenicity

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

vomiting, aspiration hazard

# • If in eyes

#### If inhaled

headache, vertigo, drowsiness, dizziness, narcosis

#### • If on skin

has degreasing effect on the skin, causes skin irritation

# Other information

none

# 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (	acute) of	compoi	nents of	the mix	kture

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# 12.2 Process of degradability

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	oxygen deple- tion	83 %	10 d		ECHA
n-Pentane	109-66-0	oxygen deple- tion	87 %	28 d		ECHA

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

# Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	501.2	3.6 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
n-Pentane	109-66-0	171	3.45 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods 13.1



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

# Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Australia (en) Page 11 / 17



# **Biodegradation**

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

# Degradability of components of the mixture

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

# Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H3** Flammable liquids

**H11** Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 3295

IMDG-Code UN 3295 ICAO-TI UN 3295

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**UN RTDG** HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 3
IMDG-Code 3
ICAO-TI 3

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

**14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic Hydrocarbons, C<sub>6</sub>, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

environment):

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

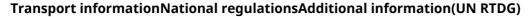
#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Australia (en) Page 12 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



UN number 3295 Class 3

Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3
Fish and tree

Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

E2 UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

**UN RTDG** 

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II, -

35°C c.c., MARINE POLLUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Hydrocarbons,

C<sub>6</sub>, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane)

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"





Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3295, Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s., 3, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) A3
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Australia (en) Page 13 / 17



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

# National regulations(Australia)

# Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

# **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Yorga Existing Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

**TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act** 

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

Australia (en) Page 14 / 17

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book")

("Purple book").

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Narcotic effects.	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.	yes
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, n- Pentane	Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, n- Pentane	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	contains: Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, n- Pentane		yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations		
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard		
BCF	Bioconcentration factor		
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand		
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)		
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value		

Australia (en) Page 15 / 17

# Safety data sheet Safety data sheet acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations		
COD	Chemical oxygen demand		
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)		
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level		
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval		
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances		
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms		
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances		
EmS	Emergency Schedule		
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid		
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations		
IATA	International Air Transport Association		
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization		
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air		
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code		
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code		
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval		
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval		
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality		
log KOW	n-Octanol/water		
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")		
NLP	No-Longer Polymer		
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic		
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration		
ppm	Parts per million		
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin		
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin		
STEL	Short-term exposure limit		
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
TWA	Time-weighted average		
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good		
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative		
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne conatminants		

Page 16 / 17 Australia (en)

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Petroleum benzine 40-60, extra pure

article number: 9320



# Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 17 / 17