acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355 date of compilation: 2020-09-18 Version: GHS 3.0 en

Replaces version of: 2021-08-03

Version: (GHS 2)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **Caesium sulphate** ≥99,99 %, p.a.

Article number 9355

CAS number 10294-54-9

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Australia (en) Page 1 / 13



Revision: 2024-03-01

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling

Signal word Warning

## **Pictograms**

GHS07, GHS08





## **Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility

H373 May cause damage to organs (kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(if swallowed)

## **Precautionary statements**

## **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P330 Rinse mouth

## **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

#### 2.3 Other hazards

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Australia (en) Page 2 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Caesium sulphate

Molecular formula Cs<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Molar mass 361.9 g/<sub>mol</sub>

CAS No 10294-54-9

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

## Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

## Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Call a doctor.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

Australia (en) Page 3 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Sulphur oxides (SOx)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



## For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

## Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

## Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Hygroscopic solid.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

## Protect against external exposure, such as

humidity

Australia (en) Page 4 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



#### Consideration of other advice:

## **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

## Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

## **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Inhalable fraction

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

TWA

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### **Human health values**

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels						
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
DNEL	0.82 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
DNEL	2.32 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		

#### **Environmental values**

#### Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels **Threshold** End-**Organism Environmental com-Exposure time** point level partment **PNEC** 1.35 mg/<sub>I</sub> aquatic organisms freshwater short-term (single instance) **PNEC** $0.14 \frac{mg}{I}$ aquatic organisms marine water

short-term (single instance) 107.8 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>I</sub> **PNEC** aquatic organisms sewage treatment plant short-term (single instance) (STP) **PNEC**  $5.3 \, \text{mg/kg}$ aquatic organisms freshwater sediment short-term (single instance) 0.53 mg/kg **PNEC** marine sediment aquatic organisms short-term (single instance) 0.265 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> **PNEC** terrestrial organisms soil short-term (single instance)

Australia (en) Page 5 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



#### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

## **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

## Skin protection





## hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

>0,11 mm

## · breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

## other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

## **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Australia (en) Page 6 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form powder

Colour colourless - light yellow

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 1,006 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature >400 °C (ECHA)

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 6-7.5 (in aqueous solution:  $100 \, ^{9}/_{l}$ ,  $20 \, ^{\circ}$ C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility  $>1,000 \, ^{9}/_{1}$  at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density  $4.25 \,^{\text{g}}/_{\text{cm}^3}$  at 25 °C

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

classes: (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension  $71.1 \text{ }^{\text{mN}}\text{/}_{\text{m}} (20 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}) \text{ (ECHA)}$ 

Australia (en) Page 7 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Hygroscopic solid.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## Classification acc. to GHS

## **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>300 – <2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

## **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Australia (en) Page 8 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	kidney	if swallowed

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## If swallowed

vomiting, gastrointestinal complaints

## • If in eyes

Data are not available.

#### If inhaled

Data are not available.

#### • If on skin

Data are not available.

## Other information

Other adverse effects: Renal impairment

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h	
EC50	91.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	134 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	72 h	

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) Endpoint Value Species Source Exposure time EC50 >15.8 mg/<sub>I</sub> aquatic invertebrates ECHA 21 d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



Data are not available.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

## Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

## Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H11** Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 Packing group not assigned

**14.5** Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 13



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



## Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

## **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory Toxic Substance Control Act

Australia (en) Page 11 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer

Australia (en) Page 12 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Caesium sulphate ≥99,99 %, p.a.

article number: 9355



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants	

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs (kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

## Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 13 / 13