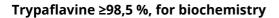
acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice





article number: **9621** Version: **GHS 6.0 en** Replaces version of: 2022-06-22 Version: (GHS 5)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance

Article number CAS number **Trypaflavine** ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry 9621

8063-24-9

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

#### e-mail (competent person):

## sicherheit@carlroth.de

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## 2.2 Label elements

date of compilation: 2016-01-27 Revision: 2024-03-02

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry



### article number: 9621

Labelling	
Signal word	Danger
Pictograms	
GHS05, GHS07	
Hazard statemen	ts
H302 H318	Harmful if swallowed Causes serious eye damage
Precautionary sta Precautionary sta	itements itements - prevention
Precautionary sta P270 P280	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Wear eye protection/face protection
	itements - response
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 P330	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Rinse mouth
Precautionary sta	tements - disposal
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant
Other hazards	
Results of PBT and	d vPvB assessment
According to the re	esults of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Molecular formula Molar mass CAS No Trypaflavine  $C_{14}H_{15}CI_2N_3 + C_{13}H_{13}CI_2N_3$ 578.4 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>mol</sub> 8063-24-9

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



### Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritant effects, Breathing difficulties, Cardiac arrhythmias

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



### Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid dust formation.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

### Consideration of other advice:

#### Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

7.2

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1 Control parameters

## **National limit values**

## **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

This information is not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

## **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection.

### **Skin protection**



### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

>0,11 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

## **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

#### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	powder, crystalline
Colour	orange - dark red
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	260 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	>130 °C
pH (value)	not applicable
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	~300 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	this information is not available
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density and/or relative density	
Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Particle characteristics	No data available.
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	none
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

9.2

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



### Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

#### article number: 9621

Other safety characteristics:

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: >130 °C.

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	1,048 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

### Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

#### article number: 9621



#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### • If swallowed

Data are not available.

#### • If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### • If inhaled

breathing difficulties, Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system

#### • If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

#### • Other information

Other adverse effects: Cardiac arrhythmias

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	1 – 10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	orfe (Leuciscus idus)		48 h

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification):  $1.577 \text{ mg/}_{mg}$ Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification):  $1.837 \text{ mg/}_{mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide:  $2.054 \text{ mg/}_{mg}$ 

#### **Biodegradation**

Not readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	30 – 70 %	d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

- **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Data are not available.
- **12.6** Endocrine disrupting properties Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SEC	SECTION 14: Transport information				
14.1	UN number				
	UN RTDG	UN 3077			
	IMDG-Code	UN 3077			
	ICAO-TI	UN 3077			
14.2	UN proper shipping name				
	UN RTDG	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.			
	IMDG-Code	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.			
	ICAO-TI	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.			
	Technical name	Trypaflavine			
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)				
	UN RTDG	9			

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

article	e number: <b>9621</b>	
	IMDG-Code	9
	ICAO-TI	9
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	5
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulation	ons
	Transport informationNational regulationsAdd	
	UN number	3077
	Class	9
	Environmental hazards	Yes Hazardous to the aquatic environment
	Packing group	III
	Danger label(s)	9 Fish and tree
	Special provisions (SP)	274, 331, 335, 375 UN RTDG
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1 UN RTDG
	Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg UN RTDG
	Emergency Action Code	2Z
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	(IMDG) - Additional information
	Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB- STANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (Trypaflavine), 9, III
	Marine pollutant	<b>YES</b> (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Trypaflavine)
	Danger label(s)	9, "Fish and tree"
	Special provisions (SP)	274, 335, 966, 967, 969

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



### Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
EmS	F-A, S-F
Stowage category	A
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICA	<b>D-IATA/DGR) - Additional information</b>
Proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3077, Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s., (Trypaflavine), 9, III
Environmental hazards	<b>Yes</b> (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	9, "Fish and tree"
Special provisions (SP)	A97, A158, A179, A197, A215
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	30 kg

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 There is no additional information.

#### **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

NCI NZIoC TCSI

National Chemical Inventory New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

article number: 9621

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2Z	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trypaflavine ≥98,5 %, for biochemistry

### article number: 9621

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.