date of compilation: 2015-10-12

Revision: 2024-03-02

N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672 Version: 4.0 en Replaces version of: 2022-06-03 Version: (3)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance	N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis		
Article number	9672		
EC number	203-640-0		
CAS number	109-02-4		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory and analytical use Laboratory chemical

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS07



Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1	Substances	
	Name of substance	N-Methylmorpholine
	Molecular formula	C ₅ H ₁₁ NO
	Molar mass	101,1 ^g / _{mol}
	CAS No	109-02-4
	EC No	203-640-0

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE				
Specific Conc. Limits M-Factors ATE Exposure route				
-	-	1.442 ^{mg} / _{kg}	oral	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects). Call a doctor.

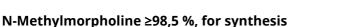
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)





article number: **9672**

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapourair mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

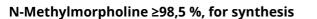
Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)





article number: 9672

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

Human health values				
Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	3,24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	0,67 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels					
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time	
PNEC	1,2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,12 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	54 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	5,4 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	10,1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)	

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis



article number: 9672

material thickness

0,4 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	clear - colourless
Odour	amine
Melting point/freezing point	-20 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	114,3 °C at 999,9 hPa (ECHA)
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	2,2 vol% (LEL) - 11,8 vol% (UEL)
Flash point	12,5 °C at 1.019 hPa (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	167 °C at 1.009 hPa (ECHA)
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	10,6 (in aqueous solution: 50 ^g / _l , 20 °C) (alkaline)
Kinematic viscosity	0,9891 ^{mm²} / _s at 20 °C
Dynamic viscosity	0,91 mPa s at 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-0,32 (25 °C) (ECHA)

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis



article number: 9672

	Vapour pressure	22,7 hPa at 20 °C		
	Density and/or relative density			
	Density	0,92 ^g / _{cm³} at 20 °C		
	Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.		
	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)		
	Other safety parameters			
	Oxidising properties	none		
9.2	Other information			
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.		
	Other safety characteristics:			
	Miscibility	completely miscible with water		
	Surface tension	72 ^{mN} / _m (20 °C) (ECHA)		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Propylene oxide (1,2-Epoxypropane)

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Light metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity						
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source	
oral	LD50	1.442 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA	
dermal	LD50	>3.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit		ECHA	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

pulmonary oedema, headache, Dyspnoea, breathing difficulties

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis



article number: 9672

Other information

none

- **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.
- **11.3** Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
ErC50	291,2 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	96 h	
LC50	<464 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h	
EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	>0,98 ^{mg} /l	rainbow trout (Onco- rhynchus mykiss)		56 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 2,056 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 2,689 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,175 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,32 (25 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	<10 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	3,024 ^{Pa m³} / _{mol} at 25 °C (ECHA)
----------------------	---

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

- **HP3** flammable
- HP 4 irritant skin irritation and eye damage
- **HP 6** acute toxicity
- HP 8 corrosive

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

	ADRRID	UN 2535
	IMDG-Code	UN 2535
	ICAO-TI	UN 2535
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	ADRRID	4-METHYLMORPHOLINE
	IMDG-Code	4-METHYLMORPHOLINE
	ICAO-TI	4-Methylmorpholine
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADRRID	3 (8)
	IMDG-Code	3 (8)
	ICAO-TI	3 (8)
14.4	Packing group	
	ADRRID	II

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

	IMDG-Code	Π	
	ICAO-TI	II	
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations	
14.6	Special precautions for user		
	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be	complied within the premises.	
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO i	nstruments	
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.		
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulat	ions	
	Agreement concerning the International Carr information	iage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additiona	
	Proper shipping name	4-METHYLMORPHOLINE	
	Particulars in the transport document	UN2535, 4-METHYLMORPHOLINE, 3 (8), II, (D/E)	
	Classification code	FC	
	Danger label(s)	3+8	
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2	
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L	
	Transport category (TC)	2	
	Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E	
	Hazard identification No	338	
	Emergency Action Code	2WE	
	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information		
	Classification code	FC	
	Danger label(s)	3+8	
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2	
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L	
	Transport category (TC)	2	
	Hazard identification No	338	

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis



article number: 9672

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information				
Proper shipping name	4-METHYLMORPHOLINE			
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2535, 4-METHYLMORPHOLINE, 3 (8), II, 12,5°C c.c.			
Marine pollutant	-			
Danger label(s)	3+8			
Special provisions (SP)	-			
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2			
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L			
EmS	F-E, S-C			
Stowage category	В			
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO	-IATA/DGR) - Additional information			
Proper shipping name	4-Methylmorpholine			
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2535, 4-Methylmorpholine, 3 (8), II			
Danger label(s)	3+8			
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2			
Limited quantities (LQ)	0,5 L			

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)					
Νο	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes	
P5c	P5c flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3) 5.000 50.000			51)	

Notation

51) Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

Deco-Paint Directive

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis

article number: 9672

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	920 ^g / _l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	920 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

angerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)					
Name of substance	Name of substance Name acc. to inventory CAS No No				
N-Methylmorpholine	this product meets the criteria for classi- fication in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		3		
N-Methylmorpholine	flammable / pyrophoric		40		

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

N-Methylmorpholine ≥98,5 %, for synthesis



article number: 9672

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

Leyenu	
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

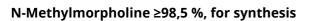
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % 920 ^g /l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 920 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



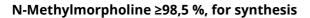


article number: 9672

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)





article number: **9672**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.