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### Hydrogen peroxide 35% pure, stabilized

article number: **9683** Version: **GHS 7.0 en** Replaces version of: 2021-09-09 Version: (GHS 6)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance

Article number CAS number Hydrogen peroxide 35% pure, stabilized

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[7722-84-1]

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household).

### **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

### sicherheit@carlroth.de

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.13	Oxidising liquid	2	Ox. Liq. 2	H272
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)		Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)		Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.2	3.2 Skin corrosion/irritation		Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation		Eye Dam. 1	H318

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling

**Signal word** Danger

# **Pictograms**

GHS07



### **Hazard statements**

H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser
H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves

### **Precautionary statements - response**

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

### **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Hydrogen peroxide solution ... %

#### 2.3 **Other hazards**

## **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

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# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture) Molar mass

34.02 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>mol</sub>

### 3.2 Mixtures

## Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	CAS No 7722-84-1	35	Ox. Liq. 1 / H271 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335		B(a)

### Notes

B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

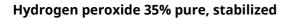
### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Cough, Dyspnoea, Pulmonary irritation, Following skin contact: Irritation, After eye contact: Conjunctivitis (pink eye), Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness, Following ingestion: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Vertigo, Spasms, Unconsciousness

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, foam, dry extinguishing powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidising property. The product itself does not burn.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **Precautions for safe handling** 7.1

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in original container. Protect from sunlight. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage. Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

### Consideration of other advice:

### Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Do not keep the container sealed. Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	hydrogen peroxide	7722-84- 1	WES	1	1.4						WES

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Ceiling-C

STEL TWA

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture								
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	DNEL	1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	DNEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects		
Relevant PNECs	of compone	ents of th	ne mixture					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	0.0138 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	water	intermittent re- lease		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	0.013 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	0.013 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	4.66 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	0.047 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	0.047 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	PNEC	0.002 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)		

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

### **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection.

**Skin protection** 



### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply

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only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### • material thickness

≥0,3 mm

### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: B-P2 (combined filters for acidic gases and particles, colour code: Grey/White). Type: ABEK (combined filters against gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	faintly perceptible
Melting point/freezing point	-33 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	108 °C
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	<3.5 (20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	0.9823 <sup>mm²</sup> / <sub>s</sub> at 20 °C
Dynamic viscosity	1.11 mPa s at 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	miscible in any proportion



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Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-1.57 (20 °C)
Vapour pressure	17 hPa at 20 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	1.13 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	oxidiser
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.
Other safety characteristics:	
Miscibility	completely miscible with water

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Oxidising property.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** Acetone, Aldehydes, Alkalis, Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Alkali metals, Alcohols, Amines, Ammonia (NH3), Aniline, Lead, Lead oxide, Alkaline earth metal, Acetic acid, Acetic anhydride, Ether, Hydrazine, Metals, Metal powder, Sodium, Organic substances, Permanganates, Phosphorus, Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P2O5), Reducing agents, Nitric acid, Sulphuric acid, Heavy metals, => Explosive properties

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

### **10.5** Incompatible materials

lead, iron, copper, bronze, brass, silver, zinc, chromium

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### Classification acc. to GHS

### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture							
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE				
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	oral	500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>				
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	inhalation: vapour	11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>/</sub> /4h				

### Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	oral	LD50	693.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	oral	LD50	1,026 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

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## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### • If swallowed

diarrhoea, vomiting, abdominal pain, nausea

### • If in eyes

conjunctivitis (pink eye), Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

### • If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

### • If on skin

causes skin irritation

### Other information

Other adverse effects: Headache, Spasms, Vertigo, Unconsciousness

### **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	LC50	16.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	ErC50	1.38 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	EC50	466 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	30 min

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

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### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

### Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H5.1 Oxidizing

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number

	UN RTDG	UN 2014
	IMDG-Code	UN 2014
	ICAO-TI	UN 2014
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
	IMDG-Code	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
	ICAO-TI	Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	5.1 (8)
	IMDG-Code	5.1 (8)
	ICAO-TI	5.1 (8)
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	П
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II

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14.5 Environmental hazards

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)					
UN number	2014				
Class	5.1				
Subsidiary risk(s)	8				
Packing group	II				
Danger label(s)	5.1+8				
51					
Special provisions (SP)	- UN RTDG				
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2 UN RTDG				
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L UN RTDG				
Emergency Action Code	2P				
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information				
Proper shipping name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION				
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2014, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLU- TION, stabilized, 5.1 (8), II				
Marine pollutant	-				
Danger label(s)	5.1+8				
Special provisions (SP)	-				
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2				
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L				
EmS	F-H, S-Q				
Stowage category	D				
Segregation group	16 - Peroxides				

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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information			
Proper shipping name	Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution			
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2014, Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution, stabilized, 5.1 (8), II			
Danger label(s)	5.1+8			
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2			
Limited quantities (LQ)	0,5 L			

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 There is no additional information.

### National regulations(Australia)

### Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE"

#### Legend

AIIC
CICR
CSCL-ENCS
DSL
ECSI
IECSC
INSQ

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

Domestic Substances List (DSL)

EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances

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Legend	
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-
			relev- ant
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - disposal	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - disposal: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2P	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN2014, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, 5.1 (8), II	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN2014, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, stabilized, 5.1 (8), II	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN2014, Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution, 5.1 (8), II	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN2014, Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution, stabilized, 5.1 (8), II	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
Ox. Liq.	Oxidising liquid
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

### Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.