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### Benzophenone ROTI®CALIPURE 47-49 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9709 Version: GHS 6.0 en Replaces version of: 2022-09-12 Version: (GHS 5)

date of compilation: 2017-02-01 Revision: 2024-03-02

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance	<b>Benzophenone</b> ROTI®CALIPURE 47-49 °C Melt- ing point standard		
Article number	9709		
CAS number	119-61-9		
Alternative name(s)	Diphenyl ketone		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			

### 1.2

Relevant identified uses:	Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use
Uses advised against:	Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding- stuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

### e-mail (competent person):

### sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.6	Carcinogenicity	1B	Carc. 1B	H350
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

**The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects** Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling

Signal word Danger

#### **Pictograms**

GHS08



### **Hazard statements**

H350	May cause cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs (liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated ex-
1070	posure (if swallowed)

### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

#### **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

### 2.3 Other hazards

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

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3.1

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substances	
Name of substance	Benzophenone
Molecular formula	C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O
Molar mass	182.2 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
CAS No	119-61-9

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following ingestion**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant effects, Liver and kidney damage

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet



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### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

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### Consideration of other advice:

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

### Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
Inhalable fraction
STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### Human health values

Relevant DNE	Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels					
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
DNEL	0.7 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
DNEL	0.1 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		

### **Environmental values**

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels						
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time			
PNEC	0.02 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	0.002 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	3.16 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	1.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	0.11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	0.31 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)			

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### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### • material thickness

0,5 mm

### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.



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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
	Physical state	solid	
	Form	crystalline	
	Colour	white	
	Odour	characteristic	
	Melting point/freezing point	47 – 49 °C	
	Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	304 – 306 °C	
	Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily	
	Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined	
	Flash point	150 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)	
	Auto-ignition temperature	not determined	
	Decomposition temperature	not relevant	
	pH (value)	not applicable	
	Kinematic viscosity	not relevant	
	Solubility(ies)		
	Water solubility	0.14 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 25 °C	
	Partition coefficient		
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	3.18	
	Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	2.634 (ECHA)	
	Vapour pressure	<0.01 hPa at 25 °C	
	Density and/or relative density		
	Density	1.1 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C	
	Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.	
	Bulk density	~700 <sup>kg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub>	
	Particle characteristics	No data available.	
	Other safety parameters		
	Oxidising properties	none	
9.2	Other information		



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Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics:

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **11.1** Information on toxicological effects

### **Classification acc. to GHS**

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
dermal	LD50	3,535 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA
oral	LD50	>10,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		TOXNET

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

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### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	liver	if swallowed
2	kidney	if swallowed

### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### If swallowed

Liver and kidney damage

• If in eyes

causes slight to moderate irritation

### • If inhaled

Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system

### • If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

#### • Other information

none

### **11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	14.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	ECHA	96 h
EC50	6.784 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	3.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	72 h



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Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	6.65 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	7 d
EC50	1.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.634 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 3.14 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

### **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	66 - 84 %	28 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	3.18
BCF	3.4 – 9.2 (ECHA)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0.197 <sup>Pa m³</sup> / <sub>mol</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	2.634 (ECHA)

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

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#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### **Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)**

#### **Properties of waste which render it hazardous**

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

- 14.1 UN number
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- 14.4 Packing group
- 14.5 Environmental hazards
- **14.6** Special precautions for user There is no additional information.
- **14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

### Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information** Not subject to IMDG.

**International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information** Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

### National regulations(Australia)

### Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.



not assigned

not subject to transport regulations

not assigned

not assigned

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations



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### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

Legena	
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

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### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

### Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).



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### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs (liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.