acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

date of compilation: 2020-01-07

article number: 9731 Version: GHS 5.0 en Revision: 2024-03-02 Replaces version of: 2023-07-19

Version: (GHS 4)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting

point standard

Article number 9731 69-72-7 CAS number

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

> Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr, 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number** 

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361d

Page 1 / 13 Australia (en)



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# ROTH

# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling

Signal word Danger

# **Pictograms**

GHS05, GHS07, GHS08



#### **Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed H318 Causes serious eye damage

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child

# **Precautionary statements**

# **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection

# **Precautionary statements - response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P330 Rinse mouth

# **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

# 2.3 Other hazards

Dust explosion hazards.

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Australia (en) Page 2 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Salicylic acid

Molecular formula  $C_7H_6O_3$ 

Molar mass 138.1 g/<sub>mol</sub>

CAS No 69-72-7

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

# Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

Rinse skin with water/shower.

# Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

# **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant effects, Abdominal pain, Spasms, Nausea, Vomiting, Vertigo, Circulatory collapse, Impaired consciousness, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media



# Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

Australia (en) Page 3 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# ROTH

# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Danger of dust explosion. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

# **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



# For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

# Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

# Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

# Protect against external exposure, such as

direct light irradiation, UV-radiation/sunlight

#### Consideration of other advice:

# **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

# Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters** 8.1

# **National limit values**

# **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

## Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 STEL

TWA

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

# **Human health values**

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels					
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	5 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	5 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects	
DNEL	2.3 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

# **Environmental values**

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels				
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time	
PNEC	0.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0.02 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	162 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	

Australia (en) Page 5 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

# **Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels**

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	1.42 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.142 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.166 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

# **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

# Skin protection





# hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

# type of material

FKM (fluoro rubber), Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

# material thickness

0,4 mm 0,7mm

# breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

# other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

# **Respiratory protection**





Australia (en) Page 6 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# ROTH

# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White). Type: A-P2 (combined filters against particles and organic gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/White).

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid
Colour white

Odour odourless Melting point/freezing point  $158 - 160 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$  Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling  $256 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$  (ECHA)

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit 1.1 vol% (LEL) Flash point  $157 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (c.c.) Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 2.4 (in aqueous solution: 2 g/l, 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 2 g/l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 2.25 (25 °C) (ECHA)

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 1.545 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density  $1.44 \, {}^{9}/_{\text{cm}^3}$  at 20  ${}^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Relative vapour density 4.8 (air = 1) Bulk density  $300 - 800 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Particle characteristics No data available.

Australia (en) Page 7 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Dust can form an explosive mixture with air.

## If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Fluorine, Strong alkali, Iron compound

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct light irradiation. UV-radiation/sunlight. Keep away from heat.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

iron

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

# **Acute toxicity**

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	891 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

# **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

# Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

# Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

# **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, Spasms

#### If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### • If inhaled

Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system

# • If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

# Other information

Other adverse effects: Circulatory collapse, Vertigo, Impaired consciousness

# 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	1,370 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	870 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h

Australia (en) Page 9 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

# **Aquatic toxicity (chronic)**

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	380 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	ECHA	16 h

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand:  $1.622 \frac{mg}{mg}$ /mg Theoretical Carbon Dioxide:  $2.23 \frac{mg}{mg}$ /mg

# **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

# **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
DOC removal	>90 %	4 d

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	2.25 (25 °C) (ECHA)
---------------------------	---------------------

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	1.545 (ECHA)
--	--------------

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

# Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# ROTH

# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14 1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
14.1	OIA HAHIDEI	

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 Packing group not assigned

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

# 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

# National regulations(Australia)

#### **Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)**

Substance is listed.

# Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed

Australia (en) Page 11 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals AIIC
CICR
Chemical Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS
DSL
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI
ECSI
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI
Korea Existing Chemical Substances
KECI
Norional Chemical Inventory
NZIOC
NEW Zealand Inventory
NZIOC
PICCS
PREACH Reg.
REACH registered substances
TCSI
Taiwan Chemical Substances
Inventory
To Chemicals
PICCS
Philippine Inventory
To Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.
TCSI
Taiwan Chemical Substances
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

**TSCA** Toxic Substance Control Act

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes

# Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor

Australia (en) Page 12 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



# Salicylic acid ROTI®Calipure 158–160 °C Melting point standard

article number: 9731

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

# Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

# **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 13 / 13