acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: **9846**Version: **4.0 en**date of compilation: 2016-06-21
Revision: 2024-03-02

Replaces version of: 2022-04-11

Version: (3)



1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance Aniline $\geq 99.5 \%$, p.a.

Article number 9846

 Index No (GB CLP)
 612-008-00-7

 EC number
 200-539-3

 CAS number
 62-53-3

Alternative name(s) Aminobenzene

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data
Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

United Kingdom (en) Page 1 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a. article number: 9846



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.45	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	Germ cell mutagenicity	2	Muta. 2	H341
3.6	Carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
4.1A	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS05, GHS06, GHS08, GHS09









Hazard statements

H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P273 Avoid release to the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

United Kingdom (en) Page 2 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

For professional users only

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Aniline

Molecular formula C_6H_7N Molar mass $93,13~^g/_{mol}$ CAS No 62-53-3EC No 200-539-3Index No (GB CLP) 612-008-00-7

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
STOT RE 1; H372: C ≥ 1 % STOT RE 2; H373: 0,2 % ≤ C < 1 %	-	100 ^{mg} / _{kg} 300 ^{mg} / _{kg} 3 ^{mg} / _l /4h	oral dermal inhalation: vapour

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

United Kingdom (en) Page 3 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Nausea, Vomiting, Allergic reactions, Irritant effects, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness, Headache, Dyspnoea, Spasms, Cardiac arrhythmias, Blood pressure drop, Methaemoglobinaemia, Cyanosis (blue coloured blood)

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Give sodium sulfate as laxative (1 tablespoon in 1 glass of water).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

United Kingdom (en) Page 4 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Avoid exposure. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Protect against external exposure, such as

direct light irradiation, UV-radiation/sunlight

Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

United Kingdom (en) Page 5 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
EU	aniline	62-53-3	IOELV	2	7,74	5	19,35			skin, H	2019/ 1831/EU
GB	aniline	62-53-3	WEL	1	4						EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Absorbed through the skin Ceiling-C

skin A skin notation assigned to the occupational exposure limit value indicates the possibility of significant uptake

through the skin

STEL

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) TWA

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels					
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	7,7 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	15,4 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	
DNEL	2 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	4 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0,001 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,153 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,015 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,033 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

United Kingdom (en) Page 6 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0,5 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A-P2 (combined filters against particles and organic gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

United Kingdom (en) Page 7 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a. article number: 9846



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties 9.1

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless - light brown

Odour disagreeable Melting point/freezing point -6,2 °C (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 184,4 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit 48 g/m³ (LEL) - 425 g/m³ (UEL) /

1,2 vol% (LEL) - 11 vol% (UEL)

Flash point 76 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA) 630 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA) Auto-ignition temperature

not relevant Decomposition temperature

pH (value) 8,8 (in aqueous solution: $36 \, ^{\text{g}}/_{\text{l}}$, $20 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

4,265 mm²/_s at 20 °C Kinematic viscosity

4,35 mPa s at 20 °C Dynamic viscosity

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 35 g/1 at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 0,91 (pH value: 7,5, 25 °C) (ECHA)

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 2,114 (ECHA)

0,4 hPa at 20 °C Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density

1,02 ^g/_{cm³} at 20 °C Density

Relative vapour density 3,22 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

> Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

> (physical hazards): not relevant classes:

United Kingdom (en) Page 8 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846

Other safety characteristics:



There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: Acids, Acetic anhydride, **Violent reaction with:** Oxygen, Nitric acid, Perchlorates, Oxidisers, Nitrate, => Explosive properties

10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight. Direct light irradiation. Keep away from heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	442 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

United Kingdom (en) Page 9 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

Other adverse effects: Headache, Spasms, Cardiac arrhythmias, Blood pressure drop, Methaemoglo-binaemia, Cyanosis (blue coloured blood)

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	10,6 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	0,16 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	175 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	0,044 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

United Kingdom (en) Page 10 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 2,405 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 3,092 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,835 mg/mg

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process	of dea	radak	sility
110003	oi acq	ı auak	<i>,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	70 %	15 d
DOC removal	100 %	5 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0,91 (pH value: 7,5, 25 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	2,6 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0,205 ^{Pa m³} / _{mol} at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	2,114 (ECHA)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

United Kingdom (en) Page 11 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a. article number: 9846



13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 4 irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity

HP 6 acute toxicity
HP 7 carcinogenic
HP 11 mutagenic
HP 13 sensitising
HP 14 ecotoxic

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID UN 1547
IMDG-Code UN 1547
ICAO-TI UN 1547

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID ANILINE IMDG-Code ANILINE ICAO-TI Aniline

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID 6.1
IMDG-Code 6.1
ICAO-TI 6.1

14.4 Packing group

ADRRID II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

United Kingdom (en) Page 12 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a. article number: 9846



Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name **ANILINE**

Particulars in the transport document UN1547, ANILINE, 6.1, II, (D/E), environmentally

hazardous

Classification code

6.1, "Fish and tree" Danger label(s)

Environmental hazards YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 279, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) F4

100 ml Limited quantities (LQ)

2 Transport category (TC) D/E Tunnel restriction code (TRC) Hazard identification No 60

Emergency Action Code 3X

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code T1

Danger label(s) 6.1, "Fish and tree"

Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to water

Special provisions (SP) 279, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

Limited quantities (LQ) 100 ml

2 **Transport category (TC)**

Hazard identification No 60

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name **ANILINE**

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1547, ANILINE, 6.1, II, MARINE POLLUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (P) (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1, "Fish and tree"

279 Special provisions (SP)

United Kingdom (en) Page 13 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

Limited quantities (LQ) 100 mL EmS F-A, S-A

Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Aniline

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1547, Aniline, 6.1, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1

Special provisions (SP) A113
Excepted quantities (EQ) E4
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories		(tonnes) for the ap- and upper-tier re- ments	Notes
H2	acute toxic (cat. 2 + cat. 3, inhal.)	50	200	41)

Notation

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.020 ^g / _l

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.020 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

United Kingdom (en) Page 14 / 19



^{41) -} Category 2, all exposure routes

⁻ category 3, inhalation exposure route

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

ist of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Aniline	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine-		a)	

related functions in or via the aquatic environment

Legend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
Aniline	this product meets the criteria for classi- fication in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		3

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

United Kingdom (en) Page 15 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a. article number: 9846



National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.
REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes

United Kingdom (en) Page 16 / 19

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8	Classification code: 6.1	Classification code: T1	yes
15.1	Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII		yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list: Not listed.		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % 1.020 ^g / _l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 1.020 ^g / _l	yes
15.1		National regulations(GB)	yes
15.1		List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list: not listed	yes
15.1		Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17	yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2019/1831/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval

United Kingdom (en) Page 17 / 19

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Page 18 / 19 United Kingdom (en)

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Aniline ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: 9846



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom (en) Page 19 / 19