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Revision: 2024-03-02

Chloroacetic acid ≥99,5 %, p.a.

article number: **9849** Version: **GHS 2.0 en** Replaces version of: 2021-02-17 Version: (GHS 1)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substanceChloroacetic acid ≥99,5 %, p.a.Article number9849CAS number79-11-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS05, GHS06



Hazard statements

H301+H311	Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P260	Do not breathe dusts or mists
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 P302+P352	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

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2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substanceChloroacetic acidMolecular formula $C_2H_3CIO_2$ Molar mass $94.49 \ ^g/_{mol}$ CAS No79-11-8

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Unconsciousness, Agitation, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Vomiting, Spasms, Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 **Precautions for safe handling**

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	monochloroacetic acid	79-11-8	WES	1.2			Н	WES

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Absorbed through the skin Ceiling-C

H STEL

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) TWA

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels						
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
DNEL	8 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects		
DNEL	0.07 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		

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Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels						
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
DNEL	4 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
DNEL	2 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects		
DNEL	5.7 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects		

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels						
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time		
PNEC	0.66 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release		
PNEC	0.7 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	0.07 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	1.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	2.57 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	0.257 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	0.006 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)		

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

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- type of material
- NBR (Nitrile rubber)
- material thickness
- >0,11 mm
- breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P3 (filters at least 99,95 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	crystalline
Colour	white
Odour	stinging
Melting point/freezing point	63 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	190 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	126 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	<1 (in aqueous solution: 800 ^g / _l , 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	>1,000 ^g / _l at 20 °C (ECHA)
Partition coefficient	



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20 °C
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ses acc. to GHS azards): not relevant
20 °C) (ECHA)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Release of an acute toxic gas: Metals, **Exothermic reaction with:** Reducing agents, strong oxidiser, Amines, Alkalis, **Danger of explosion:** Hydrogen peroxide

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	90.4 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA
inhalation: dust/ mist	LC50	>1,268 ^{mg} / _{m³} /4h	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	305 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

Dyspnoea, Irritation to respiratory tract, cough

• If on skin

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causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

• Other information

Cardiac arrhythmias, Spasms, Unconsciousness

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	369 ^{mg} /l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	74.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	0.033 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	57 ^{mg} /l	fish	ECHA	35 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.5079 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0.9315 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability				
Process	Degradation rate	Time		
DOC removal	>95 %	10 d		
oxygen depletion	69 %	28 d		

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0.49 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.



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12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H6.1 Poisonous (Acute) H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 1751
	IMDG-Code	UN 1751
	ICAO-TI	UN 1751
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID
	IMDG-Code	CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID
	ICAO-TI	Chloroacetic acid, solid
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	6.1 (8)
	IMDG-Code	6.1 (8)
	ICAO-TI	6.1 (8)

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14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instrument	S
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulation	ons
	Transport informationNational regulationsAdd	itional information(UN RTDG)
	UN number	1751
	Class	6.1
	Subsidiary risk(s)	8
	Environmental hazards	Yes Hazardous to the aquatic environment
	Packing group	II
	Danger label(s)	6.1+8 Fish and tree
	Special provisions (SP)	- UN RTDG
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4 UN RTDG
	Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g UN RTDG
	Emergency Action Code	2X
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	(IMDG) - Additional information
	Proper shipping name	CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1751, CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID, 6.1 (8), II, MARINE POLLUTANT
	Marine pollutant	Yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
	Danger label(s)	6.1+8, "Fish and tree"
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
	Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g
	EmS	F-A, S-B

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Stowage category	C
Segregation group	1 - Acids
International Civil Aviation Organization (I	CAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Chloroacetic acid, solid
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1751, Chloroacetic acid, solid, 6.1 (8), II
Environmental hazards	Yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	6.1+8
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

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LegendAIICAustralian Inventory of Industrial ChemicalsCICRChemical Inventory and Control RegulationCSCL-ENCSList of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)DSLDomestic Substances List (DSL)ECSIEC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)IECSCInventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in ChinINSQNational Inventory of Chemical SubstancesKECIKorea Existing Chemicals InventoryNCINational Chemical InventoryNZIoCNew Zealand Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)REACH Reg.REACH registered substancesTCSITaiwan Chemical Substance InventoryTSCAToxic Substance Control Act	а
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15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
1.1	Index No: 607-003-00-1		yes
1.1	EC number: 201-178-4	CAS number: 79-11-8	yes
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	Remarks: For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-state- ments: see SECTION 16.		yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Skin corrosion produces an irreversible dam- age to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.	yes
2.2		Pictograms: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
3.1	Index No: 607-003-00-1		yes
3.1	EC number: 201-178-4		yes
3.1	CAS number: 79-11-8		yes
11.1		Acute toxicity: change in the listing (table)	yes
12.1		Aquatic toxicity (chronic): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.1	UN number: 1751	UN number	yes
14.1		UN RTDG: UN 1751	yes
14.1		IMDG-Code: UN 1751	yes
14.1		ICAO-TI: UN 1751	yes
14.2	UN proper shipping name: CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID	UN proper shipping name	yes
14.2	Hazardous ingredients: Chloroacetic acid		yes
14.2		UN RTDG: CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID	yes
14.2		IMDG-Code: CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID	yes
14.2		ICAO-TI: Chloroacetic acid, solid	yes
14.3	Class: 6.1 (toxic substances)		yes
14.3		UN RTDG: 6.1 (8)	yes
14.3		IMDG-Code: 6.1 (8)	yes
14.3		ICAO-TI: 6.1 (8)	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety relev ant
14.4	Packing group: II (substance presenting medium danger)	Packing group	yes
14.4		UN RTDG: II	yes
14.4		IMDG-Code: II	yes
14.4		ICAO-TI: II	yes
14.6	Special precautions for user: Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.	Special precautions for user: There is no additional information.	yes
14.8	• Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)		yes
14.8	UN number: 1751		yes
14.8	Proper shipping name: CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID		yes
14.8	Particulars in the transport document: UN1751, CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID, 6.1 (8), II, (D/E), environmentally hazardous		yes
14.8	Class: 6.1		yes
14.8	Classification code: TC2		yes
14.8	Packing group: II		yes
14.8	Danger label(s): 6.1+8 + "fish and tree"		yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8	Environmental hazards: yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)		yes
14.8	Special provisions (SP): 802(ADN)		yes
14.8	Excepted quantities (EQ): E4		yes
14.8	Limited quantities (LQ): 500 g		yes
14.8	Transport category (TC): 2		yes
14.8	Tunnel restriction code (TRC): D/E		yes
14.8	Hazard identification No: 68		yes
14.8	Emergency Action Code: 2X		yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety relev ant
14.8	UN number: 1751		yes
14.8	Class: 6.1		yes
14.8	Subsidiary risk(s): 8		yes
14.8	Packing group: II		yes
14.8	Special provisions (SP): -		yes
14.8	Acute toxicity: oralLD5090 ^{mg} / _{kg} ratECHA dermalLD50305 ^{mg} / _{kg} ratECHA	Transport informationNational regulationsAddi- tional information(UN RTDG)	yes
14.8	Aquatic toxicity (chronic): LC5057 ^{mg} /lfishECHA35 d NOEC32 ^{mg} /laquatic invertebratesECHA21 d	UN number: 1751	yes
14.8		Class: 6.1	yes
14.8		Subsidiary risk(s): 8	yes
14.8	• Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS): Not listed.	Environmental hazards: Yes Hazardous to the aquatic environment	yes
14.8	• Regulation 850/2004/EC on persistent organic pollutants (POP): Not listed.	Packing group: II	yes
14.8	• Regulation 649/2012/EU concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC): Not listed.	Danger label(s): 6.1+8 Fish and tree	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E4 UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 500 g UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2X	yes
14.8		International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO- IATA/DGR) - Additional information	yes
14.8		Proper shipping name: Chloroacetic acid, solid	yes
14.8		Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN1751, Chloroacetic acid, solid, 6.1 (8), II	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8		Environmental hazards: yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 6.1+8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E4	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 1 kg	yes
15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legislation specific for the substance or mixture	Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legislation specific for the substance or mixture: There is no additional information.	yes
15.1	Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)		yes
15.1	• Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII: not listed		yes
15.1	• List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV): not listed		yes
15.1	Seveso Directive		yes
15.1		2012/18/EU (Seveso III): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	• Limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle re- finishing products (2004/42/EC, Deco-Paint Dir- ective)		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 %		yes
15.1	• Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/ 75/EU)		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 %		yes
15.1	Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electric- al and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II: not listed		yes
15.1	Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the estab- lishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR): not listed		yes
15.1	Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (WFD): not listed		yes
15.1	National inventories: Substance is listed in the following national in- ventories: - EINECS/ELINCS/NLP (Europe) - REACH (Europe)		yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
15.1		National regulations(Australia)	yes
15.1		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS): Substance is listed.	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restric- tions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.