acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850 date of compilation: 2016-07-26 Version: GHS 3.0 en Revision: 2024-03-02

Replaces version of: 2022-01-12

Version: (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **4-Nitroaniline** 98,5%, for synthesis

Article number 9850

CAS number 100-01-6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

Australia (en) Page 1 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS06, GHS08



Hazard statements

H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H373

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray P260

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfort-

able for breathing

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P330 Rinse mouth

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

2.3 Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Australia (en) Page 2 / 15



article number: 9850

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance 4-Nitroaniline

Molecular formula $C_6H_6N_2O_2$ Molar mass $138.1~{}^g/_{mol}$ CAS No 100-01-6

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

Australia (en) Page 3 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			ï	WES
AU	p-nitroaniline	100-01-6	WES	3			Н	WES

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Absorbed through the skin Ceiling-C

Inhalable fraction

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) STEL

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 TWA

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels Threshold Endpoint Used in Protection goal, **Exposure time** level route of exposure DNEL 0.201 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects 0.176 mg/kg **DNEL** human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects bw/day

Environmental values

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels					
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time		
PNEC	0.24 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release		
PNEC	0.024 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		

Australia (en) Page 5 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



End-point Threshold level Organism Environmental compartment Exposure time PNEC 1 mg/I aquatic organisms sewage treatment plant (STP) short-term (single instance)

PNEC 64.25 ^{mg}/_{kg} aquatic organisms freshwater sediment short-term (single instance) PNEC 64.25 ^{mg}/_{kg} aquatic organisms marine sediment short-term (single instance) PNEC 25.96 ^{mg}/_{kg} terrestrial organisms soil short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eve/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Australia (en) Page 6 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P3 (filters at least 99,95 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Colour yellowish brown - brown

Odour characteristic

Melting point/freezing point 158 °C at 975 hPa (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

>336 °C at 975 hPa

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Flash point 100.8 °C at 975 hPa (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature 310 °C

pH (value) 7

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility $1 \, {}^{g}/_{l}$ at 30 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 1.2 (pH value: 4.71, 30 °C) (ECHA)

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 2.038 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 1.33 hPa at 142 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.951 \,^{\text{g}}/_{\text{cm}^3}$ at 30 °C (ECHA)

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Bulk density $\sim 630 \, \mathrm{kg/m^3}$

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Australia (en) Page 7 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Alkali metals, Magnesium, Organic substances, Nitric acid, Sulphuric acid, Water

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 310 °C. Protect from moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

Acute	toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	75 ^{mg} / _{kg}	bird		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	guinea pig		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 15



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

Data are not available.

Other information

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acu	ute)			
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	87.6 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	68 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	24 h

Australia (en) Page 9 / 15



Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Aquatic toxicity (act	Aquatic toxicity (acute)			
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	87.6 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	68 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	24 h

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	24 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	24 h
EC50	68 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	24 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 1.158 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 1.651 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.912 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	>95 %	14 d

12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential**

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.2 (pH value: 4.71, 30 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	3.8 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0.001 Pa m³/ _{mol} at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	2.038 (ECHA)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H6.1 Poisonous (Acute)H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14	.1	UN	nun	nber

UN RTDG	UN 1661
IMDG-Code	UN 1661
ICAO-TI	UN 1661

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	NITROANILINES
IMDG-Code	NITROANILINES
ICAO-TI	Nitroanilines

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	6.1
IMDG-Code	6.1
ICAO-TI	6.1

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Australia (en) Page 11 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1661
Class 6.1
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 6.1

Special provisions (SP) 279

279 UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 500 g

500 g UN RTDG

Emergency Action Code 2X

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name NITROANILINES

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1661, NITROANILINES, 6.1, II

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 6.1

Special provisions (SP) 279

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

Limited quantities (LQ) 500 g

EmS F-A, S-A

Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Nitroanilines

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1661, Nitroanilines, 6.1, II

Danger label(s) 6.1

Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

1 kg

Australia (en) Page 12 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

CICR CSCL-ENCS

DSL ECSI

Chemical Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

Vorce Spiriting Chemicals Inventory **IECSC**

INSQ

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory National Chemical Inventory

NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory **TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act**

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

Australia (en) Page 13 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.		yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2X	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Australia (en) Page 14 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

4-Nitroaniline 98,5%, for synthesis

article number: 9850



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 15 / 15