acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119 date of compilation: 2016-05-23 Version: GHS 5.1 en Revision: 2024-03-04

Replaces version of: 2024-03-03

Version: (GHS 5)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Calcium chloride** ≥94 %, dehydrated

Article number A119

CAS number 10043-52-4

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Sect	ion	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.:	3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling

ng

Page 1 / 13 Australia (en)

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Pictograms

GHS07



Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statements - response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Calcium chloride

Molecular formula ${\rm CaCl_2}$ Molar mass ${\rm 111~^g/_{mol}}$ CAS No ${\rm 10043-52-4}$

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Australia (en) Page 2 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 **Environmental precautions**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Australia (en) Page 3 / 13



Following eye contact

eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

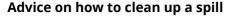
Irritation

none

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections 6.4

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid dust formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Hygroscopic solid.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

Notation

TWA

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 STEL

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Australia (en) Page 4 / 13



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels						
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
DNEL	5 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects		
DNEL	10 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects		

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





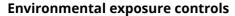
Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Australia (en) Page 5 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form acc. to product description

Colour white

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 775 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 1,935 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 8-10 (in aqueous solution: $100 \, {}^{\rm g}/_{\rm l}$, $20 \, {}^{\rm o}{\rm C}$)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 745 g/l at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density $2.15 \, {}^{g}/_{cm^3}$ at 25 °C (ECHA)

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Australia (en) Page 6 / 13



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119

Other safety characteristics:



There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Hygroscopic solid.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with water, releasing excess pressure or heat,

Violent reaction with: Strong acid,

Dangerous/dangerous reactions with: Zinc => Hydrogen

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity Exposure route Species Method **Endpoint Value Source** oral LD50 rat **ECHA** dermal LD50 >5,000 ^{mg}/_{ka} rabbit **ECHA**

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Australia (en) Page 7 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)						
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time		
LC50	4,630 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h		
ErC50	>4,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h		

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) Endpoint Value Species Source Exposure time EC50 610 mg/_I aquatic invertebrates ECHA 21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

Australia (en) Page 9 / 13



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Not subject to IMDG.

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
National Chemical Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH registered substances

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

Australia (en) Page 10 / 13



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
1.1	Index No: 017-013-00-2		yes
1.1	EC number: 233-140-8	CAS number: 10043-52-4	yes
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Warning		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
3.1	Index No: 017-013-00-2		yes
11.1		Acute toxicity: change in the listing (table)	yes
12.1		Aquatic toxicity (chronic): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.2	UN proper shipping name: not relevant	UN proper shipping name: not assigned	yes
14.3	Transport hazard class(es): not relevant	Transport hazard class(es): not assigned	yes
14.3	Class: -		yes
14.4	Packing group: not relevant not assigned to a packing group	Packing group: not assigned	yes
14.5	Environmental hazards: none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations)	Environmental hazards: non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations	yes

Australia (en) Page 11 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8	Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN): Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.		yes
14.8	Acute toxicity: oralLD502,120 ^{mg} / _{kg} ratECHA dermalLD50>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg} rabbitECHA	Transport informationNational regulationsAddi- tional information(UN RTDG): Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG	yes
15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legislation specific for the substance or mixture	Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legislation specific for the substance or mixture: There is no additional information.	yes
15.1	National inventories: Substance is listed in the following national inventories:		yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		National regulations(Australia)	yes
15.1		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS): Substance is listed.	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization

Australia (en) Page 12 / 13

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Calcium chloride ≥94 %, dehydrated

article number: A119



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 13 / 13