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## Oxidation reagent (-Fast) for DNA synthesis

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Replaces version of: 2022-09-27

Version: (GHS 2)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance Oxidation reagent (-Fast) for DNA synthesis

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#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.6	Carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

## Supplemental hazard information

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH019	may form explosive peroxides

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

## 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling

Signal word Danger

## **Pictograms**

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







## **Hazard statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed)

## **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

## **Precautionary statements - response**

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

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P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

For professional users only

**Hazardous ingredients for labelling:** Tetrahydrofuran, Iodine, Pyridine

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

## **Description of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Tetrahydrofuran	CAS No 109-99-9	≥50	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Carc. 2 / H351 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT SE 3 / H336 EUH019		
Pyridine	CAS No 110-86-1	10 - < 25	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319	<b>(1)</b>	
Iodine	CAS No 7553-56-2	1 - 2.5	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 1 / H372	<u>(!)</u>	
Water	CAS No 7732-18-5	2.1			

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures



## **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

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#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

## **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Cough, Dyspnoea, Headache, Vertigo, Drowsiness, Dizziness, Narcosis, Following skin contact: Localised redness, oedema, pruritis and/or pain, After eye contact: Irritation,

Following ingestion: Nausea, Vomiting

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



## For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

## Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

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high temperatures, UV-radiation/sunlight, contact with air/oxygen

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

**Ventilation requirements** 

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

## **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	WES	100	295					Н	WES
AU	pyridine	110-86-1	WES	5	16						WES
AU	iodine	7553-56- 2	WES					0.1	1		WES

Notation

Ceiling-C

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Absorbed through the skin Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-STEL

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 **TWA** 

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

## Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	72.4 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	96 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	12.6 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Pyridine	110-86-1	DNEL	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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Iodine

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chronic - systemic

effects

#### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture Name of sub-**CAS No** End-**Threshol Protection Used** in **Exposure time** goal, route of exposure d level stance point acute - systemic effects 7.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> human, inhalat-Pyridine 110-86-1 **DNEL** worker (industry) ory 0.14 mg/kg Pyridine 110-86-1 DNEL human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - systemic bw/day effects Pyridine 110-86-1 DNEL 0.42 mg/kg human, dermal acute - systemic worker (industry) effects bw/day 0.07 mg/ Iodine 7553-56-2 DNEL human, inhalatworker (industry) chronic - systemic effects m³ ory

human, dermal

worker (industry)

0.01 mg/kg

bw/day

## **Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture**

7553-56-2

**DNEL** 

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	4.32 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	0.432 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	4.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	23.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	2.33 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	2.13 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Pyridine	110-86-1	PNEC	0.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Pyridine	110-86-1	PNEC	0.03 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Pyridine	110-86-1	PNEC	2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Pyridine	110-86-1	PNEC	3.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Pyridine	110-86-1	PNEC	0.32 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Pyridine	110-86-1	PNEC	0.46 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Iodine	7553-56-2	PNEC	18.13 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Iodine	7553-56-2	PNEC	60.01 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Iodine	7553-56-2	PNEC	11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

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instance)

#### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture Name of sub-**CAS No** End-**Threshol Organism Environmental Exposure time** stance point d level compartment 3.99 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> **PNEC** Iodine 7553-56-2 aquatic organfreshwater sedishort-term (single isms ment instance) 20.22 <sup>mg</sup>/ Iodine 7553-56-2 **PNEC** marine sediment aquatic organshort-term (single isms instance) kg 5.95 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> **Todine** 7553-56-2 **PNFC** terrestrial organshort-term (single soil

isms

## 8.2 Exposure controls

## Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

## **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

## Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

## Splash protection - Protective gloves

• type of material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness: 0,7mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material: >10 minutes (permeation: level 1)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

## **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

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## **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid
Colour brown

Odour disagreeable

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 65 °C

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 1.5 vol% (LEL) - 12.4 vol% (UEL)

Flash point -21 °C
Auto-ignition temperature 215 °C

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 7-8 (in aqueous solution:  $200 \, ^{9}/_{l}$ ,  $20 \, ^{\circ}$ C)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure 170 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density  $0.8 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$  at 20  ${}^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

There is no additional information.

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Miscibility



completely miscible with water

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. May form explosive peroxides.

## If heated

Risk of ignition.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Acids

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. UV-radiation/sunlight.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics, tin

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Peroxides.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## Classification acc. to GHS

## **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

## Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	oral	1,650 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Pyridine	110-86-1	oral	>800 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Pyridine	110-86-1	dermal	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Pyridine	110-86-1	inhalation: vapour	11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
Iodine	7553-56-2	oral	1,500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Iodine	7553-56-2	inhalation: dust/mist	>4.588 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

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Acute toxicity of componen	cute toxicity of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species		
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	oral	LD50	1,650 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		
Pyridine	110-86-1	oral	LD50	>800 – <1,600 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		
Pyridine	110-86-1	dermal	LD50	>1,000 - <2,00 0 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		
Iodine	7553-56-2	oral	LD50	14,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	not specified		
Iodine	7553-56-2	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	>4.588 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> / 4h	rat		
Iodine	7553-56-2	dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

## **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	thyroid gland	if swallowed

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

• If in eyes

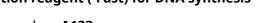
Causes serious eye irritation

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#### If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea, headache, vertigo, drowsiness, dizziness, narcosis

#### • If on skin

Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane result in irritation symptoms such as redness, blistering, dermatitis, etc, causes skin irritation

#### Other information

none

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

## Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	LC50	2,160 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	EC50	1,930 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Pyridine	110-86-1	EC50	320 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Pyridine	110-86-1	ErC50	320 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h
Iodine	7553-56-2	LC50	1.67 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Iodine	7553-56-2	ErC50	0.13 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

## Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Iodine	7553-56-2	EC50	280 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	3 h

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

## Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Tetrahydrofur- an	109-99-9	biotic/abiotic	39 %	28 d		
Tetrahydrofur- an	109-99-9	oxygen deple- tion	39 %	28 d		ECHA
Pyridine	110-86-1	DOC removal	97 %	19 d		ECHA
Pyridine	110-86-1	oxygen deple- tion	0 %	30 d		ECHA

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## Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9		0.45 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
Pyridine	110-86-1		0.64 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
Iodine	7553-56-2		2.49 (20 °C)	

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

## Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H3** Flammable liquids

**H11** Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

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## 42.2 Dianasumulativa natant

Data are not available.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1 UN number

**UN RTDG** UN

1993

**IMDG-Code** UN 1993 ICAO-TI

UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**UN RTDG** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

**IMDG-Code** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Tetrahydrofuran, Pyridine Technical name (hazardous ingredients)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**UN RTDG** 3

**IMDG-Code** 3

3 ICAO-TI

14.4 Packing group

**UN RTDG** II

**IMDG-Code** II

ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

## Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

**UN number** 1993

Class 3

**Packing group** ΙΙ 3

Danger label(s)



**Special provisions (SP)** 274

**UN RTDG** 

**Excepted quantities (EQ)** 

**UN RTDG** 

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**UN RTDG** 

Emergency Action Code 3YE

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (contains:

Tetrahydrofuran, Pyridine), 3, II, -21°C c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-E

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1993, Flammable liquid, n.o.s., (contains: Tet-

rahydrofuran, Pyridine), 3, II

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status	
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed	
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed	
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed	
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed	
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed	
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed	
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed	
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed	
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed	
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed	
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed	
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed	
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE"	

Legend

AIIC CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

INSQ KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 3YE	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

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**Abbreviations and acronyms** 

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
Carc.	Carcinogenicity	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye	
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye	
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)	
log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations		
ppm	Parts per million		
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin		
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin		
STEL	Short-term exposure limit		
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
TWA	Time-weighted average		
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)		
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good		
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative		
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants		

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H372	Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).	
H373	May cause damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).	

## **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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