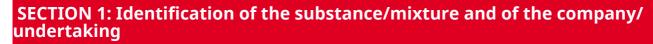
acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162 date of compilation: 2020-04-07 Version: GHS 3.0 en Revision: 2024-03-03

Replaces version of: 2022-05-20

Version: (GHS 2)



Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Aprotinin** ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

Article number A162

9087-70-1 CAS number

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------|
| NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital | Hawkesbury Road | 2145 West- mead, NSW | 131126 | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Label elements 2.2

Labelling

not required

Page 1 / 10 Australia (en)



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

Name of substance Aprotinin

Molecular formula $C_{284}H_{432}N_{84}O_{79}S_7$

6,512 g/mol Molar mass

CAS No 9087-70-1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures



General notes

No special measures are necessary.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.2

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed 4.3

none

Australia (en) Page 2 / 10



2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Sulphur oxides (SOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Control of dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

Australia (en) Page 3 / 10

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

No special measures are necessary.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep in a cool place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Coun try | Name of agent | CAS No | Identifi- er | TWA [mg/ m³] | STEL [mg/ m³] | Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³] | Nota- tion | Source |
|-------------|----------------|--------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| AU | nuisance dusts | | WES | 10 | | | i | WES |

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Ceiling-C

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified) TWA

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 10

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form powder, crystalline
Colour white - light beige

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature not determined
Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 5 – 7 (in aqueous solution: 10 ^g/_l, 20 °C)

Australia (en) Page 5 / 10



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (soluble)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density not determined

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS

classes: (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Australia (en) Page 6 / 10



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

Data are not available.

Other information

Health effects are not known. This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Australia (en) Page 7 / 10

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 1.474 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 1.784 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.919 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.1 | UN number | not subject to transport regulations |
|------|----------------------------|---|
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | not assigned |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | not assigned |
| 14.4 | Packing group | not assigned |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations |

Australia (en) Page 8 / 10

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



There is no additional information.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments 14.7

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|-----------|---------------------|
| CN | IECSC | substance is listed |
| EU | ECSI | substance is listed |
| KR | KECI | substance is listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | substance is listed |
| TW | TCSI | substance is listed |

Legend

ECSI IECSC

EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals KFCI NZIoC TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 10



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Aprotinin ≥3,0 PEU/mg, for biochemistry

article number: A162



SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 2.3 | | Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-----------|---|
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| ED | Endocrine disruptor |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UN RTDG | UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| WES | Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants |

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 10