according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

date of compilation: 2021-04-09 article number: A432 Version: 1.0 en



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Oil of cinnamon, natural

Article number A432

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	Dublin 9	01 809 2166	https:// www.poisons.ie/

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class		Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H312
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.45	Skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

Ireland (en) Page 1 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Warning

Pictograms

GHS07



Hazard statements

H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Cinnamaldehyde, Eugenol, DL-α-Pinene, β-Caryo-

phyllene, Linalool, DL-Limonene

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Warning

Symbol(s)



H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

contains: Cinnamaldehyde, Eugenol, DL- α -Pinene, β -Caryophyllene, Linalool, DL-Limonene

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Ireland (en) Page 2 / 20



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Cinnamaldehyde	CAS No 104-55-2 EC No	50 – < 75	Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Skin Sens. 1 / H317	(1)	
	203-213-9 REACH Reg. No 01-2119935242- 45-xxxx 01-2119950687- 24-xxxx		Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412		
Eugenol	CAS No 97-53-0 EC No 202-589-1 REACH Reg. No 01-2119971802-	10 - < 25	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Skin Sens. 1 / H317	! >	
β-Caryophyllene	33-xxxx CAS No 87-44-5 EC No 201-746-1	<10	Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	<u>(!)</u>	
Linalool	CAS No 78-70-6 EC No 201-134-4 Index No 603-235-00-2 REACH Reg. No 01-2119474016- 42-xxxx	<5	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Skin Sens. 1B / H317	1	GHS-HC
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	CAS No 120-51-4 EC No 204-402-9 Index No 607-085-00-9 REACH Reg. No 01-2119976371- 33-xxxx	<1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	! ♣	GHS-HC

Ireland (en) Page 3 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
DL-Limonene	CAS No 138-86-3 EC No 205-341-0 Index No 601-029-00-7	<1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	<u>**</u>	C(a) GHS-HC
DL-α-Pinene	CAS No 80-56-8 EC No 201-291-9 REACH Reg. No 01-2119519223- 49-xxxx	<1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin Sens. 1A / H317 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410		
Coumarin	CAS No 91-64-5 EC No 202-086-7	<1	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412		

Notes

C(a): Mixture of isomers
GHS-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to 1272/2008/EC, Annex VI)

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Cinnamaldehyde	CAS No 104-55-2	-	-	1.260 ^{mg} / _{kg}	dermal
	EC No 203-213-9				
Eugenol	CAS No 97-53-0	-	-	1.930 ^{mg} / _{kg}	oral
	EC No 202-589-1				
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	CAS No 120-51-4	-	-	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	oral
	EC No 204-402-9				
	Index No 607-085-00-9				
Coumarin	CAS No 91-64-5	-	-	293 ^{mg} / _{kg}	oral
	EC No 202-086-7				
DL-α-Pinene	CAS No 80-56-8	-	-	1.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	oral
	EC No 201-291-9				

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

Ireland (en) Page 4 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432



SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Allergic reactions

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Ireland (en) Page 5 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

Ireland (en) Page 6 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Data are not available.

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Eugenol	97-53-0	DNEL	21,2 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Eugenol	97-53-0	DNEL	6 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Linalool	78-70-6	DNEL	2,8 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Linalool	78-70-6	DNEL	16,5 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Linalool	78-70-6	DNEL	2,5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Linalool	78-70-6	DNEL	5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	DNEL	5,1 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	DNEL	102 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	DNEL	2,6 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	DNEL	3,8 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	DNEL	0,542 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Eugenol	97-53-0	PNEC	1,13 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Eugenol	97-53-0	PNEC	0,113 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Eugenol	97-53-0	PNEC	0,081 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Eugenol	97-53-0	PNEC	0,008 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Eugenol	97-53-0	PNEC	0,015 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

Ireland (en) Page 7 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture								
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time		
Linalool	78-70-6	PNEC	0,2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
Linalool	78-70-6	PNEC	0,02 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		
Linalool	78-70-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
Linalool	78-70-6	PNEC	2,22 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)		
Linalool	78-70-6	PNEC	0,222 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Linalool	78-70-6	PNEC	0,327 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	PNEC	0,017 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	PNEC	0,002 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	PNEC	10,66 ^{mg} /	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	PNEC	1,07 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	PNEC	2,12 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)		
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0,606 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0,061 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)		
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	0,2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	157 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)		
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	15,7 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	PNEC	31,7 ^{µg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)		

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Ireland (en) Page 8 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

>0,3 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour clear - yellow - yellowish brown

Odour characteristic

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Ireland (en) Page 9 / 20



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432

Flash point >63 °C

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density 1,02 – 1,03 ^g/_{cm³} at 20 °C

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes acc. to GHS classes: hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics:

Refractive index 1,58 – 1,6 (20 °C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Ireland (en) Page 10 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432



There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	dermal	1.260 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Eugenol	97-53-0	oral	1.930 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Coumarin	91-64-5	oral	293 ^{mg} / _{kg}
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oral	1.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	oral	LD50	2.220 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	dermal	LD50	1.260 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
Eugenol	97-53-0	oral	LD50	1.930 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	oral	LD50	>5.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	mouse
Linalool	78-70-6	oral	LD50	2.790 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Linalool	78-70-6	dermal	LD50	5.610 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	oral	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Coumarin	91-64-5	oral	LD50	293 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	dermal	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oral	LD50	3.700 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
DL-Limonene	138-86-3	oral	LD50	5.300 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Ireland (en) Page 11 / 20



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

• If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

causes skin irritation, May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

ROTH

Ireland (en) Page 12 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	LC50	2,35 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	EC50	119,6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Eugenol	97-53-0	EC50	1,05 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h
Eugenol	97-53-0	ErC50	24 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	EC50	>0,17 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	ErC50	>0,033 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Linalool	78-70-6	LC50	27,8 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Linalool	78-70-6	EC50	59 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Linalool	78-70-6	ErC50	156,7 ^{mg} / _I	algae	96 h
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	LC50	0,29 ^{mg} / _l	striped brill	96 h
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	EC50	3,09 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	ErC50	0,475 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Coumarin	91-64-5	EC50	30,6 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia pulex	48 h
Coumarin	91-64-5	LC50	56 ^{mg} / _l	Poecilia reticulata	96 h
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	LC50	0,303 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	EC50	0,475 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
DL-Limonene	138-86-3	EC50	17 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h
DL-Limonene	138-86-3	LC50	80 ^{mg} / _l	rainbow trout (Onco- rhynchus mykiss)	96 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	EC50	0,402 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Linalool	78-70-6	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	30 min
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	LC50	11 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	EC50	>10.000 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

Ireland (en) Page 13 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

12.2 Process of degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Cinnamalde- hyde	104-55-2	biotic/abiotic	100 %	28 d		
Cinnamalde- hyde	104-55-2	carbon dioxide generation	89 %	7 d		ECHA
Eugenol	97-53-0	biotic/abiotic	82 %	28 d		
Eugenol	97-53-0	oxygen deple- tion	50 %	7 d		ECHA
β-Caryophyl- lene	87-44-5	oxygen deple- tion	10 %	28 d		ECHA
Linalool	78-70-6	oxygen deple- tion	40,9 %	5 d		ECHA
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	biotic/abiotic	94 %	28 d		
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	oxygen deple- tion	94 %	28 d		ECHA
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8	oxygen deple- tion	68 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	8	2,107 (25 °C)	
Eugenol	97-53-0		1,83 (pH value: 5,5, 30 °C)	
β-Caryophyllene	87-44-5		6,23 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
Linalool	78-70-6		2,9 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
Benzoic acid benzyl ester	120-51-4	193,4	3,97 (25 °C)	
Coumarin	91-64-5		1,39 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
DL-α-Pinene	80-56-8		4,83	
DL-Limonene	138-86-3		4,57	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

Ireland (en) Page 14 / 20



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432



Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14 1	UN number or ID number	not subject to transport regulations
14.1	ON HUILIDEL OF 1D HUILIDEL	TIOL SUDJECT TO ITALISMOTT FEGULATIONS

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) none

14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

not assigned

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

Ireland (en) Page 15 / 20



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Oil of cinnamon	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
DL-Limonene	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40
DL-α-Pinene	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

Legend

R40

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

tricks and jokes,

games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
 present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,
 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation
- 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
- (a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly

- (a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010, 'Just a sip of lamp oil or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage'; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.

 6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.

 7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission. those data available to the Commission.
- 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
 - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration, artificial snow and frost,

 - 'whoopee' cushions,
 - silly string aerosols, - imitation excrement,

 - horns for parties,decorative flakes and foams,
 - artificial cobwebs.
 - stink bombs.
 - 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

- For professional users only.

 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

None of the ingredients are listed. (Or Concentration of the substance in a mixture: <0.1 % Mass concentration)

Page 16 / 20 Ireland (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Oil of cinnamon, natural

article number: A432

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes	
	not assigned			

Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)

VOC content	25 % 257,5 ^g / _l

Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content	5 %
VOC content	51,5 ^g / _l

Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

none of the ingredients are listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Linalool	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment		A)	

Legend

A) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation 98/2013/EU on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation 111/2005/EC laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation 649/2012/EU concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

none of the ingredients are listed

Ireland (en) Page 17 / 20

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China INSQ Inventory of Chemical Substances
INVENTOR IN

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard

Ireland (en) Page 18 / 20

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Oil of cinnamon , natural

article number: A432



ATE BCF Bioconcentration factor BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CCD Chemical Oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Elam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the done centration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval log KOW n-Octanol/water NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RiD Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD Chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Eya Irrit. Irritant to the eye Eya Irrit. Irritant of Chemical Substances IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) IATA International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex V1 to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval In Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Predicted	ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD Chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EFC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of rest substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Air Transport association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval log KOW n-October Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration Reglement concernant le transport International ferrovalire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD Chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level ECSO Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, LEINCS and the NLP-last) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances ECSO: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (EC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval Los Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Rid Reglement concernant le transport International ferrovalare des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- dions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
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IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval log KOW n-Octanol/water NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	GHS		
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PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RiD Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
Skin Corr. Corrosive to skin	RID		
	Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin	

Page 19 / 20 Ireland (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: A432



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Ireland (en) Page 20 / 20