acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

n-Hexane ROTIDRY® ≥99 % (≤50 ppm H₂O), dried

article number: AE05 date of compilation: 2016-01-19 Version: GHS 6.0 en Revision: 2024-03-02

Replaces version of: 2022-01-27

Version: (GHS 5)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **n-Hexane** ROTIDRY® ≥99 % (≤50 ppm H₂O), dried

Article number AE05

110-54-3 CAS number

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------|
| NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital | Hawkesbury Road | 2145 West- mead, NSW | 131126 | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

| Section | Hazard class | Cat- egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|---|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 2.6 | Flammable liquid | 2 | Flam. Liq. 2 | H225 |
| 3.2 | Skin corrosion/irritation | 2 | Skin Irrit. 2 | H315 |
| 3.7 | Reproductive toxicity | 2 | Repr. 2 | H361f |
| 3.8D | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness) | 3 | STOT SE 3 | H336 |

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| Section | Hazard class | Cat- egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|--|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 3.9 | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | 2 | STOT RE 2 | H373 |
| 3.10 | Aspiration hazard | 1 | Asp. Tox. 1 | H304 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







Hazard statements

| Highly flammable liquid and vapour |
|---|
| May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |
| Causes skin irritation |
| May cause drowsiness or dizziness |
| Suspected of damaging fertility |
| May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled) |
| |

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking |
|------|--|
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray |

Precautionary statements - response

| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician |
|-----------|--|
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water |
| D221 | Do NOT induce vomiting |

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed |
|-----------|---|
| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool |

For professional users only

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2.3 Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance n-Hexane

Molecular formula C₆H₁₄

Molar mass $86.18 \,^{\mathrm{g}}/_{\mathrm{mol}}$ CAS No 110-54-3

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Irritation, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

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Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Cou ntr y | Name of agent | CAS No | Identi- fier | TW A [pp m] | TWA [mg/ m³] | STE L [pp m] | STEL [mg/ m³] | Ceil ing- C [pp m] | Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³] | Nota- tion | Source |
|-----------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| AU | n-hexane | 110-54-3 | WES | 20 | 72 | | | | | | WES |

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Human health values

| Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Endpoint Threshold Protection goal, route of exposure Used in Exposure time | | | | | | | | |
| DNEL | 75 mg/m³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects | | | | |
| DNEL | 11 mg/kg bw/ day | human, dermal | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects | | | | |

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

≥0.4 mm

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>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour like: - Gasoline

Melting point/freezing point -95 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 68 - 69 °C at 1,013 hPa

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 1.1 vol% (LEL) - 7.5 vol% (UEL)

-22 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) Flash point

225 °C (ECHA) Auto-ignition temperature

not relevant Decomposition temperature

pH (value) not determined 0.5 mm²/_s at 20 °C

0.33 mPa s at 20 °C Dynamic viscosity

Solubility(ies)

<0.1 ^g/_l at 20 °C Water solubility

Partition coefficient

Kinematic viscosity

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 4 (pH value: 7, 20 °C) (ECHA)

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 3.34 (ECHA)

160 hPa at 20 °C Vapour pressure

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Density and/or relative density

Density $0.66 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$ at 20 ${}^{\circ}{\rm C}$

Relative vapour density 2.79 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

There is no additional information.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Chlorine, Iodine, Peroxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), => Explosive properties

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

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| Acute toxicity | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Exposure route | Endpoint | Value | Species | Method | Source | | | | |
| inhalation: vapour | LC50 | 185 ^{mg} / _l /4h | rat | | TOXNET | | | | |
| oral | LD50 | 25,000 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat | | TOXNET | | | | |
| dermal | LD50 | >2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rabbit | | ECHA | | | | |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

| Hazard category | Target organ | Exposure route |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2 | nervous system | if inhaled |

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

nausea, vomiting, aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification

• If inhaled

irritant effects, headache, vertigo, fatigue, dizziness, narcosis

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

Other information

none

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11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Aquatic toxicity (acute) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Endpoint | Value | Species | Source | Exposure time | | | | |
| LL50 | 12.51 ^{mg} / _l | fish | ECHA | 96 h | | | | |
| EL50 | 21.85 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic invertebrates | ECHA | 48 h | | | | |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.527 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 3.064 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

| Process of degradability | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------|
| Process | Degradation rate | Time |
| oxygen depletion | 83 % | 10 d |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfils the very bioaccumulative criterion.

| n-octanol/water (log KOW) | 4 (pH value: 7, 20 °C) (ECHA) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| BCF | 501.2 (ECHA) |

12.4 Mobility in soil

| The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient | 3.34 (ECHA) |
|--|-------------|
|--|-------------|

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.1 | UN number | |
|------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | UN RTDG | UN 1208 |
| | IMDG-Code | UN 1208 |
| | ICAO-TI | UN 1208 |
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | |
| | UN RTDG | HEXANES |
| | IMDG-Code | HEXANES |
| | ICAO-TI | Hexanes |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | |
| | UN RTDG | 3 |
| | IMDG-Code | 3 |
| | ICAO-TI | 3 |
| 14.4 | Packing group | |
| | UN RTDG | II |
| | IMDG-Code | II |
| | ICAO-TI | II |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | hazardous to the aquatic environment |

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14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 1208 Class 3

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group II Danger label(s)

Fish and tree

Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ)

ÜÑ RTDG

Emergency Action Code

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name **HEXANES**

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1208, HEXANES, 3, II, -22°C c.c., MARINE POL-

LUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (P) (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

3, "Fish and tree" Danger label(s)





Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2 Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category Ε

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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Hexanes

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1208, Hexanes, 3, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtureThere is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|------------|------------------------------|
| AU | AIIC | substance is listed |
| CA | DSL | substance is listed |
| CN | IECSC | substance is listed |
| EU | ECSI | substance is listed |
| EU | REACH Reg. | substance is listed |
| JP | CSCL-ENCS | substance is listed |
| JP | ISHA-ENCS | substance is listed |
| KR | KECI | substance is listed |
| MX | INSQ | substance is listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | substance is listed |
| PH | PICCS | substance is listed |
| TR | CICR | substance is listed |
| TW | TCSI | substance is listed |
| US | TSCA | substance is listed (ACTIVE) |
| VN | NCI | substance is listed |

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

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Legend

CSCL-ENCS

List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory ECSI IECSC

INSQ ISHA-ENCS

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

REACH REGISTERED R

TCSI TSCA Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|--|---|--------------------------|
| 2.3 | Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. | | yes |
| 2.3 | | Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | yes |
| 14.8 | | Emergency Action Code: 3YE | yes |
| 15.1 | | National inventories: change in the listing (table) | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-----------|--|
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| DNEL | Derived No-Effect Level |
| ED | Endocrine disruptor |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| EL50 | Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| EmS | Emergency Schedule |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |

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| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-----------|---|
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| ICAO-TI | Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| IMDG-Code | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LEL | Lower explosion limit (LEL) |
| LL50 | Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UEL | Upper explosion limit (UEL) |
| UN RTDG | UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| WES | Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants |

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|-------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled). |

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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