Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25 Version: GHS 3.0 en Replaces version of: 2022-06-13 Version: (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance

Article number

CAS number

1.3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory and analytical use Do not use for private purposes (household).

Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for bio-

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

chemistry

2044-56-6

Laboratory chemical

CN25

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.7	Flammable solid	2	Flam. Sol. 2	H228
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318



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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms



Hazard statements

H228	Flammable solid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary statements - disposal

Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

2.3 Other hazards

P501

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry



article number: CN25

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Molecular formula Molar mass CAS No

Lithium dodecyl sulphate C₁₂H₂₅LiO₄S 272.3 ^g/_{mol} 2044-56-6

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Cough, Irritant effects, Following skin contact: Pruritis, Localised redness, Irritation, After eye contact: Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness, Following ingestion: Abdominal pain, Vomiting, Causes slight to moderate irritation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry



article number: CN25

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Sulphur oxides (SOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid dust formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m ³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

Notation

 Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
Inhalable fraction
STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels								
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time				
DNEL	7.6 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				
DNEL	433.3 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				

Environmental values

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels							
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time				
PNEC	0.088 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	0.009 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	1.35 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)				
PNEC	3.098 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)				



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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry



article number: CN25

Relevant	Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels								
End- point				Exposure time					
PNEC	0.31 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)					
PNEC	0.577 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)					

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	powder
Colour	white
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	100 – 123 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	199 °C at 1,031 hPa (ECHA)
Flammability	flammable solid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	366 °C (ECHA)
Decomposition temperature	165 °C (ECHA)
pH (value)	6 – 8 (in aqueous solution: 27.2 ^g / _l , 25 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	350 ^g / _l at 20 °C (ECHA)
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-1.36 (20 °C) (ECHA)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	2.5 – 2.65 (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	0.065 hPa at 20 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Particle characteristics	No data available.
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	none
Other information	

9.2



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article number: CN25

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension

There is no additional information.

25.2 ^{mN}/_m (21 °C) (ECHA)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 165 °C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	1,200 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25



Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, abdominal pain

• If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

• Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	29 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h
ErC50	>120 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h
EC50	53 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

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article number: CN25

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	135 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	ECHA	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.086 ^{mg}/_{mg} Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.939 ^{mg}/_{mg}

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
carbon dioxide generation	95 %	28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-1.36 (20 °C) (ECHA)
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12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	2.5 – 2.65 (ECHA)
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H4.1 Flammable solids

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 1325
	IMDG-Code	UN 1325
	ICAO-TI	UN 1325
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	IMDG-Code	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	ICAO-TI	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.
	Technical name	Lithium dodecyl sulphate
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	4.1
	IMDG-Code	4.1
	ICAO-TI	4.1
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instrumen	nts
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry

article number: CN25

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)		
UN number	1325	
Class	4.1	
Packing group	III	
Danger label(s)	4.1	
Special provisions (SP)	223, 274 UN RTDG	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1 UN RTDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg UN RTDG	
Emergency Action Code	1Z	
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	(IMDG) - Additional information	
Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1325, FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S., (Lithium dodecyl sulphate), 4.1, III	
Marine pollutant	-	
Danger label(s)	4.1	
Special provisions (SP)	223, 274	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg	
EmS	F-A, S-G	
Stowage category	В	
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAC)-IATA/DGR) - Additional information	
Proper shipping name	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.	
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1325, Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s., (Lithi- um dodecyl sulphate), 4.1, III	
Danger label(s)	4.1	
Special provisions (SP)	A3	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1	
Limited quantities (LQ)	10 kg	

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry



article number: CN25

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

National inventories

Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry



article number: CN25

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 1Z	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	

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Lithium dodecyl sulphate (LDS) ≥99 %, for biochemistry



article number: CN25

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H228	Flammable solid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.